TO-DAY'S ADS. ARE IMPORTANT—and unlike some important things, they are interesting.

The Courier-Journal.

TO-DAY'S ADS. DEAL WITH TO-day's possibilities, difficulties, quests, offers, opportunities.

Return to Office of Secretary of U. S. Senate

VOL. CVIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,213. LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 30, 1907.—12 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Kentucky—Fair, warmer Saturday; possibly rain in north portion at night or Sunday; fair in south.

Indiana—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Saturday; rain at night or Sunday; colder Sunday in north and central portions; fresh south winds, shifting to nortwest by Sunday.

Tennessee—Fair, warmer Saturday; Sunday fair.

THE LATEST.

In a letter addressed to Conrad J. Mattern, vice president of the Ohio Republican League, Senator Joseph Benson Foraker formally announces his candidacy for the Presidency of the United States, and makes clear his intention of contesting with Secretary Taft for the control of the Ohio delegation. Mr. Foraker declares that events have proven the justness of his opinion on the railroad rate question, and says that the tariff should not be revised at present.

Charles C. McChord, recently defeated for Railroad Commissioner, has been employed by Gov. Beckham at a salary of $5,000 to conduct the rate cases against all railroads operating in Kentucky, which were instituted by the Railroad Commission during Mr. McChord's membership of that body. Mr. McChord tendered his resignaiton as a member of the commission, and Gov. Beckham will appoint a member to serve during the ten days of the term remaining.

The two Government experts took the stand yesterday in the trial of Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, charged with having shot and killed former Senator Arthur M. Brown. They were Edward M. Brush, of Baltimore, and Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, of New York. They both gave positive testimony to the effect that Mrs. Bradley was sane when she shot Senator Brown. It is expected that the case will go to the jury Monday afternoon.

The special grand jury at London, Ky., returned an indictment against Robert Boyd, Jr., charging him with the willful murder of James Sparks. Circuit Judge Falkner declined to sit in the case, and on a writ of habeas corpus, tried before Circuit Judge M. J. Moss, Boyd was admitted to bail in the sum of $10,000, which he promptly gave, and was released. No date was set for the trial.

The Tobacco Trust and the Regie will ship to Paducah and Mayfield cash for the purchase of tobacco, and it will be stored in safety deposit vaults, the banks refusing to handle the money, on the ground that it would hurt confidence for them to pay cash for Trust tobacco and certificates for association crops.

Gov. Beckham yesterday pardoned Hillary Rice, convicted in Owensboro on a charge of bigamy, before Rice had started for the penitentiary. The Court of Appeals recently affirmed his conviction. He married under the belief that he had been divorced from his first wife.

Senator Culberson, of Texas, who will be chosen Democratic floor leader in the Senate, is picked by many Democrats as the man to head the Campaign Committee, and it is believed that Mr. Bryan will act favorably on the suggestion should he be nominated.

While Secretary Cortelyou is still withholding any definite information as to the amount of Treasury certificates allotted, it was stated yesterday that it would not materially exceed $25,000,000. Subscriptions to the Panama bonds will close to-day at noon.

Dispatches to the mercantile agencies indicate a normal movement of seasonable merchandise, as the temperature has fallen in some sections and holiday goods are beginning to move, but there is still much idleness at manufacturing plants.

Gen. Leon Jastremski, a Confederate veteran, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Louisiana, and formerly Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the United States, died yesterday at Baton Rouge.

Sam Crossland and Art Brand engaged in a fierce war of words during the trial of a case at Mayfield and a personal encounter was narrowly averted. Both men were sent to jail for several hours.

A fire which started from the overturning of a lamp in a barber shop destroyed three-fourths of the town of Granite, a small mining station in Colorado.

The Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia has decided that a man could not be held by the police as a suspicious character and that there must be a specific charge against him.

Several Japanese newspapers are calling for a reduction of Japan's armament on the ground that it is more expensive than the country can afford.

Representative DeArmond, of Missouri, has withdrawn from the race for minority leader in the House, leaving John Sharp Williams a clear field.

A definite plan has been formulated in New York for the rehabilitation of the Knickerbocker Trust Company and the early resumption of business.

Five factory employes were killed at Waterbury, Conn., when a freight train crashed into a trolley car.

RETAIN M'CHORD IN RATE CASES

...esent State Against ...ll Railroads.

De... Railroad Commis...er Employed

At Fee of $5,000 During Whole Legislation.

RESIGNS FROM THE BOARD.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The Hon. Chas. C. McChord, of Springfield, for the past fifteen years a member of the State Railroad Commission from the Second railroad district, and for several years chairman of the commission, has tendered his resignation to Gov. J. C. W. Beckham for the remainder of his term, which ends December 10, and upon the urgent request of the other members of the commission and the shippers of Kentucky, as well as the lawyers connected with the cases, the Governor has employed Mr. McChord in a legal capacity to continue with the work growing out of the injunction sought by the various railroads in the State.

Since the rate cases first came up more than a year ago, at which time the Louisville and Nashville, the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific, the Illinois Central, the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis and the Southern railway sought to enjoin the State of Kentucky and the Railroad Commission from carrying into effect certain rates, Mr. McChord has had full charge of the matter for the commission, but his defeat at the recent election would have taken the matter entirely out of his hands unless he was engaged as an attorney to continue the investigation.

* * *

McChord Needed.

Realizing that this was one of the most important matters with which the commission had had to deal in years, and that all of the past work of Chairman McChord would go for naught unless he was retained, the other members of the commission and Col. Bennett H. Young, one of the attorneys for the commission, made written requests to the Governor that he employ Mr. McChord in a legal capacity.

According to the terms of the contract drawn up between Mr. McChord and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, which was approved by the Attorney General, Gov. Beckham and the commission, Mr. McChord is to receive $5,000 and all necessary traveling expenses until all of the investigations are completed, even to fighting the cases in the United States Court of Appeals and the Supreme Court of the United States, if they are carried to those courts.

* * *

Newman Tipped For Place.

The vacancy caused by the resignation of Chairman McChord, while it only has a little more than ten days to run, will be filled by appointment of the Governor, and it was said today that Gov. Beckham would appoint John E. Newman, at present rate clerk to the commission, to the vacancy.

Following are copies of the letters sent to the Governor by McD. Ferguson and A. T. Siler, the remaining members of the commission, and Col. Young, requesting the employment of Mr. McChord. These are a sample of many letters received by the Governor from shippers throughout the State urging the retention of Mr. McChord in a legal capacity:

* * *

Letter To Governor.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 12, 1907.—To the Hon. J. C. W. Beckham, Governor of Kentucky.—Dear Governor: Commissioner Siler and I regretted not being able to see you in person when in Frankfort last Friday. We understood why it was not possible for you to see us during the day. However, our Mr. John E. Newman, who had a conference with you at our request, advised us of your willingness to co-operate with us in the matter of employing Mr. C. C. McChord as attorney in the rate cases and arranged the matter as we desired.

As you know, Mr. McChord has been a member of the commission for more than fifteen years; he has always taken the greatest interest in the work; we have been associated with him for four years and we knew a great deal about his work before we came upon the board. We do not believe there is a Railroad Commissioner in the United States who knows more about the work than he does; his reputation is not confined alone to Kentucky; forty-three States and the Interstate Commerce Commissions testified to his ability when they unanimously elected him president of the National Association at Washington a few weeks ago.

During the past four years when the commission has had under investigation the rates upon all the railroads in Kentucky, he being chairman of the board, and on account of his long experience, we knowing his willingness, delegated to him the principal part of the work growing out of this investigation. There is scarcely anything pertaining to the rate situation in Kentucky and to the railroads with which he is not familiar. After the commission was enjoined we again requested Mr. McChord to take active charge of the preparation of our defense in the injunction cases.

* * *

Attorneys Rely On Him.

The attorneys have been relying upon him, and he has for months been at work in the analysis of the vast and complicated expert testimony offered by the railroads in support of their contentions. The commission has not yet introduced its proof; in fact, the examination of the witnesses of the railroads has not by any means been completed. Mr. McChord has had charge of all of this and we feel that if he goes out of the case now it will be disastrous to the commission and to the Commonwealth, to say nothing of the loss to the shippers should we lose these cases. The fact is, we feel that we will have to begin all over anew if he leaves the case and we do not know where anyone could be found competent to take his place.

In these injunction cases the ascertainment of the true value of the railroads is one of the most important questions; the question of earnings and operating expenses is also involved, as well as many other complicated questions. We, therefore, most urgently request that you cooperate with us and that Mr. McChord be employed to assist in all these cases. We have heard the matter discussed by a great many shippers and the public generally and we know that this employment would meet with the approval of the entire public regardless of politics.

We will be glad to add our approval to Mr. McChord's written contract of employment, and will be glad to confer with you personally in order that the matter may be finally closed. Yours very truly.

M'D. FERGUSON,
Railroad Commissioner, First Kentucky District.
I concur. A. T. SILER.

* * *

Col. Bennett Young's Letter.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 12, 1907.—The Hon. J. C. W. Beckham, Frankfort, Ky.—Dear Sir: I do not see how it is possible to conduct the cases of the various railroads versus the Kentucky Railroad Commission without the assistance and help of the Hon. C. C. McChord. His technical knowledge, his experience, his full comprehension of all the issues involved in these cases render it, in my opinion, nec-

(Concluded On 3d Page, 2d Column.)

INDICTMENT CHARGES WILLFUL MURDER

TRUE BILL RETURNED AGAINST ROBERT BOYD, JR.

SHOT AND KILLED JAS. SPARKS AT LONDON.

GIVES $10,000 BAIL AT ONCE.

London, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The special grand jury impaneled by Judge H. C. Faulkner to investigate the killing of James Sparks by Master Commissioner Robert Boyd, Jr., returned an indictment against Mr. Boyd, charging him with willful murder.

Circuit Judge Faulkner, being related to Mr. Boyd, declined to hear the defendant's motion for bail and announced that he would decline to have any further official connection with the case. Mr. Boyd's attorneys, Judge James D. Black, of Barbourville; George P. Johnson and King Perkins, of Williamsburg, and Judge W. L. Brown and George G. Brock and Mr. Boyd's law partner, H. C. Clay, took out a writ of habeas corpus before Circuit Judge M. J. Moss, of the Twenty-sixth judicial district, who happened to be in London attending Federal Court. The case was set for hearing to-day and the most of the day has been taken up in hearing the evidence.

The hearing was concluded late this afternoon and Judge Moss decided the defendant was entitled to bail and set the amount of his bond at $10,000, which was promptly filled, with J. B. White and George P. Johnson, of Williamsburg, and C. C. McClure, of this city, as sureties. E. H. Johnson, law partner of Mr. Sparks, has been employed by the dead man's relatives to prosecute Boyd, and will be assisted by other counsel to be employed. The best legal talent of Eastern Kentucky will be arrayed on the opposite side of the case. No date has been set for the trial, since the regular Judge has declined to act and a special Judge will have to be appointed.

GOVERNOR PARDONS CONVICTED BIGAMIST

MAN MARRIED BELIEVING HIMSELF DIVORCED FROM FIRST WIFE.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Hillary Rice, of Owensboro, who was recently convicted in the Daviess county Circuit Court for bigamy, and which case attracted much attention among the legal fraternity throughout the State because of the uniqueness of the defense, was one of the men who had reason to be thankful on yesterday, having been granted a pardon by Gov. Beckham before being sent to the penitentiary.

Rice, according to the evidence, had married after he had, as he believed, been granted a divorce from a former wife. This belief, however, proved to be unfounded, and he was tried and sentenced to five years in prison. The case was appealed, and in the decision by the Court of Appeals recently handed down it was held that the ignorance on the part of Rice was not sufficient excuse to warrant the crime, and the judgment of the Daviess Circuit Court was upheld. Following this decision the friends of Rice circulated a petition for a pardon, and as the case was one which merited clemency, Gov. Beckham extended it.

It was shown that Rice had even paid a lawyer to secure a divorce for him, and had been led to believe that he had been successful.

TRUST IN FIELD TO BUY TOBACCO

WILL PAY FROM $8 TO $10 FOR BEST GRADES—EQUITY HOLDINGS SOLD.

Uniontown, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Managers of the Imperial tobacco factories here announce that they are now ready to buy tobacco at prices ranging from $8 to $10.

This year's crop of the American Society of Equity, already sold, cannot be delivered until December 9. About 90 per cent. of the tobacco in Union county is pooled and will be delivered to the Imperial company here. Last year the crop was hauled in wagons to Corydon, Henderson county, and it is more good news to Union county farmers when they learn that last year's crop at Corydon has been sold.

MAKE YOUTSEY THE SCAPEGOAT

Indicated Line of Action By the Defense.

Location of Murderer Admitted In Court.

Will Show Shot Was Fired From Powers' Office.

NEW LINE TAKEN BY LAWYERS.

Georgetown, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—From contending at the first trial that the shot which struck down William Goebel upon the State Capitol grounds in January, 1900, was not fired from behind the windows of the office of the Secretary of State and going at great length to disprove such a charge, and conceding at the two succeeding trials of the noted case that it might possibly have come from that point, the attorneys for Caleb Powers to-day in the Scott Circuit Court openly admitted before going into the taking of testimony that it did come from that office, and also the testimony of the Commonwealth as to where he fell and the position of the wounds on his body.

Speaking for Powers, W. C. Owens said regarding this matter: "Before the testimony begins there is a statement I feel it is not improper for me to make in view of the history of the case. I think we should, in view of the circumstances, say that it will be part of our defense to show that the shot which killed Mr. Goebel was fired from the office of the Secretary of State, and we will make no point about where the Senator was when he was shot or where the bullet lodged."

* * *

Denial At First Trial.

On the first trial of this case Prof. J. J. Rucker, of Georgetown, a civil engineer, was a witness brought to demonstrate that the plats and drawings of the Commonwealth's Attorney were in error in showing that the bullet came from the window of the private office of Caleb Powers, passed through the body of Goebel in its flight, and lodged in a hackberry tree on the western side of the main approaches to the Capitol building.

Following the making of the statement by Mr. Owens, six witnesses went upon the stand during two sessions of court and gave testimony as to the firing of the shot, the position of the wounds and their character, the location of the assassin and incidents connected with the coming to Frankfort of the "mountain army" of January 25, preceding the assassination and the character of that armed body of men. The witnesses were Drs. E. E. Hume and Jas. R. Ely, of Frankfort, and Thos. R. Welch, of Nicholasville, and D. Meade Woodson, B. F. Marshall and R. H. Berryman, of Frankfort.

* * *

Ask Only About Youtsey.

The physicians were not cross-examined by the attorneys for Powers, and a significant fact in connection with the cross-examination of Woodson, the man who furnished all plats and drawings and measurements of the Capitol grounds at Frankfort which have been used in all the trials, was that he was examined only as to the route and distance traveled by the convict, Henry E. Youtsey, through the basement and around the Executive building just immediately following the shooting. This examination and the admissions as to the point from which the shot came indicate that the defense is to be that Youtsey alone is responsible for the crime.

Numerous objections, mostly overruled by the court, marked the examination of two of the witnesses upon the stand to-day. Powers' attorneys made a strong effort to shut out from the jury all evidence as to the action of the military under Taylor in the days which followed the shooting of Goebel and preceding his death on February 3 following, which ruling out would carry with it much other testimony of the Commonwealth touching occurrences of the three days intervening. Such testimony has been presented at the former trials of the accused and exceptions reserved and appeal taken to the Court of Appeals upon the ruling of the trial Judge, but the higher court has not indicated that its admission was error.

* * *

Motive For Crime.

Because of this and because it tended to show the motive in the assassination, Judge Morris was inclined to admit the testimony. He allowed questions to be asked and answers given, but reserved final decision upon the important point. The question was raised before the court while former State Senator Thomas R. Welch was on the stand. The defense objected to the Commonwealth showing by this witness that members of the General Assembly were excluded from the State Capitol on the day following the shooting. The ground of the objection was that all statements and acts should be limited to the time of the commission of the crime, that being the consummation of the alleged conspiracy. The lawyers for the Commonwealth took the position that the purpose of the conspirators was not accomplished until Goebel had died of his wounds and before he was seated as Governor of Kentucky and inducted into office, and that preventing the General Assembly from meeting in its regular and accustomed place and passing upon the gubernatorial contest was a part of the conspiracy.

* * *

Rulings In Case.

Judge Morris indicated to the attorneys in the case that he was inclined to the opinion that he should follow the rulings of the lower court, made at the last trial of the case, as reviewed and approved by the Appellate Court of the State, and that where an exception was reserved and the question presented on appeal, and the exception and objection not sustained, the ruling of the lower court is the law of this case.

The evidence to be offered to-morrow by the Commonwealth will be as to incidents directly connected with the shooting of Goebel, such testimony as that of Col. Jack Chinn and Col. E. T. Lillard, who were with him when he was shot, and the surrounding of the Capitol grounds with State troops.

Judge Morris announced to-day that he would adjourn at noon to-morrow to permit the officers of the court to rest after the arduous labors in securing a jury. An order will be made to-morrow bringing Jim Howard from the State penitentiary on Monday morning next and keeping him in attendance upon court until he has testified for the defense.

* * *

The First Witness.

D. Meade Woodson, of Frankfort, the engineer and surveyor who made the plat and drawings and measurements on the State Capitol grounds at the instance of Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin before the first trial of this case, and who cut the block containing the bullet from the base of the

(Concluded On 2d Page, 2d Column.)

THREW UP HANDS AND COLLAPSED

SECRET SERVICE AGENT HAD BEEN POISONED.

CHIEF WITNESS AGAINST ALLEGED REVOLUTIONISTS.

PROBABLY WILL RECOVER.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 29.—Trinidad Vasquez, a secret service officer in the employ of the Mexican Government and chief witness for the Government in the cases of Magon, Villareal and Rivera, alleged revolutionists, was poisoned to-day. Vasquez was said to have been in daily fear of being killed since his arrival here Monday.

It is believed Vasquez will recover. He was chatting with Thomas Furlong, a detective, who trailed the alleged revolutionists across the country, when he suddenly threw up his hands and dropped in front of the Central police station.

It was thought he was having an attack of epilepsy, but the police surgeon, when he was carried into the receiving hospital, found that he was poisoned. They have not as yet had time to determine the nature of the poison, but they found symptoms of strychnine. It is supposed if he was willfully poisoned it was given him in his food this noon. Detective Furlong has been accustomed to keep the secret service officers continually in his sight, as he feared an attempt on his life.

Affirming that the letters introduced by the Government in the hearing for extradition were forgeries attorneys for Villareal, Magon and Rivera to-day secured a continuance until Monday, promising to bring witnesses from Arizona to contradict the evidence already introduced.

OLD WOUND FATAL

NEGRO BOY SHOT FOR SKATING ON SIDEWALK.

Bullet Fired By Woman Causes Death Eight Months Afterward.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—June Cook, a negro boy who was shot about eight months ago by Mrs. Eva Gilbert for skating on the street in front of her home, died last night from his wound. Mrs. Gilbert, whose husband, George Gilbert, is a railroad engineer, lives at Jefferson and Sixth streets.

Last March, while the roller-skating fad was at its height, Mrs. Gilbert was much annoyed by negro boys skating on the granitoid sidewalks in front of her house. June Cook, who was about thirteen years old, had been a persistent offender and had been warned several times by Mrs. Gilbert not to skate there. On the day of the shooting Mrs. Gilbert took a 22-caliber Flobert rifle and went to the sidewalk to frighten Cook and his companions away. Cook was impudent to her and, approaching her threateningly, she hastily fired the rifle to frighten him. The shot, however, went through the boy's spine near the hips, paralyzing the lower part of his body and resulting in his death last night. A Coroner's jury today gave a verdict, stating that the boy died from a bullet wound inflicted by Mrs. Gilbert.

* * *

Fire In Cafe.

The fire in the Criterion cafe of Kearns & Brandt, on Limestone, near Short street, last night caused a loss of about $1,000 on the building, which is owned by the heirs of Tuck Jones, and of about $300 to Kearns & Brandt by damage to stock and fixtures. All loss was covered by insurance in the Royal and Sun Insurance Companies.

FRANKFORT WOMAN LIVES OVER CENTURY.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Adeline Glore, one of the oldest residents of the State, died at the home of her niece, Mrs. Matthew Chism, today at the age of 105 years. Miss Glore had rarely ever been sick a day during her whole life of more than a century, and was regarded as a remarkable woman.

Seven Blocks Destroyed.

Cody, Wyo., Nov. 29.—Seven business blocks in the center of the city were destroyed last night by fire, presumably of incendiary origin. The fire started in the ruins of the city meat market, which was partially burned a week ago, and spread to adjoining buildings. Telephone service was interrupted by destruction of wires.

GLAD IT IS OVER AT LAST

Mrs. Bradley Smiles As She Leaves Court Room.

Final Evidence Heard In Long-Drawn Trial.

Jury Expected To Get Case Monday Afternoon.

ARGUMENT TO BEGIN TO-DAY.

Washington, Nov. 29.—"Oh, I am glad it is all over at last." These words were uttered to-day by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley, charged with the murder of former Senator Arthur M. Brown, of Utah, as she with a smile was led from the court room to the prison van which was to take her back to jail. The presentation of evidence had just been concluded and court adjourned until to-morrow morning, when arguments will begin. Justice Stafford announced that an agreement had been reached among counsel for four hours of argument on each side. These will be completed Monday afternoon, and Justice Stafford said he would then deliver the charge and give the case to the jury.

* * *

Experts On Stand.

The testimony of the two Government insanity experts, Dr. Edward H. Brush, of Baltimore, and Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, of New York, was the feature of to-day's proceedings, both of these alienists declaring that there was nothing in the record of the case to indicate that Mrs. Bradley was insane. Counsel for the defense attempted to impeach the testimony of these experts by showing that they had been called for the Government and that as a matter of course they were testifying in the interest of the Government. Each of them repudiated this charge and declared that they would have testified to the insanity of Mrs. Bradley as readily as they testified to her sanity had they found her to be insane. They were questioned at length and both cited the acts of the defendant, testified to by witnesses, as showing her to be sane.

* * *

"The Priest" Testifies.

Rev. David H. Utter, patsor of the Unitarian church of Denver, Col., who in former testimony has been referred to as "the priest," was placed on the stand. He was Mrs. Bradley's pastor in Salt Lake City, and testified to a conversation he had with her in 1905, she saying in effect, according to his testimony, that Senator Brown would marry her when a gun was placed before him, but the pastor added he did not understand that she proposed shooting him. He rather thought someone else would undertake to force him to marry her.

Mrs. Bradley was recalled and stated that she had no recollection of such a conversation. The pastor occupied a seat at her side during most of the day and appeared to sympathize with her in her predicament.

Mrs. Henrietta Marshall, matron of the District jail, was not permitted to tetsify regarding Mrs. Bradley's physical condition when she reached the jail.

GEN. JASTREMSKI DEAD

ONE OF THE MAKERS OF GULF STATES HISTORY.

Confederate Veteran and Candidate For Democratic Nomination For Governor.

Baton Rouge, La., Nov. 29.—Gen. Leon Jastremski, Confederate veteran, journalist, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, and former Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the United States, died here to-day of paralysis. He was one of the most prominent makers of Gulf States history. He was sixty-four years old and a native of France.

When once formerly a candidate for Governor he was defeated on a platform embodying the reforms upon which all the candidates for Governor are making their fights in the present campaign. Mr. Jastremski was appointed United States Consul to Callao, Peru, by President Cleveland in 1892. He rose from private to Captain in the Louisiana troops in the Confederate army and was prominent in State militia work.

Both the Senate and House adjourned at 10 o'clock this morning until 8 o'clock next Monday night out of respect to Gen. Jastremski's memory. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

DEFENSE SCORES AGAIN IN J. R. WALSH CASE.

Judge Anderson Rules Against Government Attorneys After a Lengthy Argument.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Another effort to get before the jury the personal accounts of John R. Walsh, the former president of the Chicago National Bank, who is on trial charged with misapplying funds, failed in the United States District Court to-day. After an argument lasting several hours Judge Anderson again ruled against the contentions of the Government attorneys, declaring that to allow B. B. McKay, Walsh's private bookkeeper, to testify about the defendant's personal checks would put Walsh in the position of testifying against himself.

Because of the lengthy argument little progress was made in the trial today. Besides McKay, A. W. Harris was on the stand. Harris testified as to the method of arriving at bond values, the Government seeking to show that the issues against Walsh's railroad were far in excess of ordinary prudence.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE DECORATED BY KING.

London, Nov. 29.—Florence Nightingale, the English philanthropist, has been decorated with the Order of Merit by King Edward. She is the first woman to receive this distinction, which up to the present time has been bestowed only upon nineteen men, each of marked eminence. The Order of Merit was founded by King Edward in 1902 for the recognition of specially distinguished services in all walks of life.

NOBEL PRIZE AWARDED TO PROF. MICHELSON.

American, Who Discovered New Method of Determining Velocity of Light, Honored.

Washington, Nov. 29.—The State Department has been advised by American Minister Graves, at Stockholm, that Prof. A. A. Michelson, of Chicago, is to be awarded the Nobel prize for physicists. Dr. Michelson is the discoverer of a new method of determining the velocity of light.

Prof. Michelson was born in Germany, but came to this country at an early age and was appointed a midshipman at the Naval Academy. He graduated in 1873, but resigned his commission in 1881, and is at present professor of physics at Chicago University.

COMPANY WITH $50 CAPITAL STOCK

WILL BUILD TELEPHONE LINE IN ALLEN COUNTY—FEE FIVE CENTS.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The largest amount received by Secretary of State McChesney during his term of office as organization tax for articles of incorporation was $40,000, paid by the Southern Pacific Company, and the other extreme was reached today, when he received a check for five cents as organization tax for the incorporation of the Bay's Fork Telephone Company, which was incorporated in Allen county at $50.

The shares of the company are divided into four, at $12.50 each, the incorporators being A. Welch, Daniel H. Read, J. A. Read and R. A. Read. The company was organized to construct and maintain a telephone line from Bay's Fork creek, north of Scottsville, to the latter place, and the highest indebtedness or liability which the company shall incur at any time shall be fifty ($50) dollars, and the private property of the stockholders, not subject by the provisions of the law under which the corporation is organized, shall be subject for the payment of any liabilities incurred by the company.

The officers elected at the first meeting of the company are: A. Welch, president; D. H. Read, secretary-treasurer and director; J. A. Read and R. A. Read, directors. The articles say the officials shall consist of a president and three directors, which shall be elected annually by the stockholders, who shall have one vote each.

TRUST STORES CASH IN STRONG BOXES

BANKS REFUSE TO PAY OUT MONEY FOR TOBACCO BOUGHT BY AMERICAN.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—American Tobacco Company buyers and Italian regie buyers will deposit their money in safety deposit vaults in Paducah and Mayfield, and pay cash for their tobacco.

This move followed the refusal of Paducah and Mayfield bands to handle their cash for them. The reason given by the banks is that farmers will be suspicious if the banks pay out cash for the trust tobacco and pay with cashier's checks for association and independent tobacco. The companies will put $150,000 in this county in the next few weeks. At Murray, Calloway county, the banks are handling the cash for the trust.

PREVENTS DELIVERY OF TOBACCO SOLD

EQUITY PLANTERS HAUL FARMER'S CROP BACK TO HIS BARN.

Williamstown, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—William Osborne, a farmer of this county, prized eight hogsheads of tobacco and this morning hauled them to the depot at Dry Ridge preparatory to shipping them to Cincinnati. Members of the Society of Equity heard of the move and promptly hauled the hogsheads back to Mr. Osborne's barn and a committee went to his house and gave him warning. He is a member of the society.

HUNTING FOR JURORS FOR THE PETTIBONE TRIAL.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 29.—Sheriff Shad Hodgin and deputies to-day began scouring Ada county to fill the special venire ordered by Judge Wood in the Pettibone case. Attorneys for the State and defense put in the day getting information on the jurors who were passed for cause by the prosecution at Wednesday's session. John F. Nugent, one of the attorneys for the defense, is seriously ill and may not be able to take part in the trial.

FORAKER OUT FOR PRESIDENT

Formally Announces His Candidacy In Letter.

Reiterates Stand On Railroad Rate Question.

Will Fight Taft For Control of Ohio Delegation.

OPPOSED TO TARIFF REVISION.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Senator J. B. Foraker made it clearly known to-day that he will contest for the Ohio delegation to the Republican National Convention with Mr. Taft. This decision is contained in a letter to Conrad J. Mattern, vice president of the Ohio Republican League, who forwarded Mr. Foraker a copy of the resolution adopted by the Advisory and Executive Committee of the league indorsing Mr. Foraker for the senatorship and for the presidential nomination. In Senator Foraker's letter made public to-day he defends his course in relation to the passage of the Railroad Rate Bill and insists that the necessity of railroads of the country to spend millions of dollars annually in increasing their facilities makes this a bad time to hamper the roads in any unnecessary way by legislation.

Senator Foraker says he is gratified by the indorsement of the committee at this time because it is a flat rebuke to the suggestion that the office of United States Senator is to be stripped of all the real honor attached to it by making its incumbent a mere agent to register the decrees of somebody else. Mr. Foraker's letter follows:

* * *

The Senator's Letter.

To the Hon. Conrad J. Mattern, vice president Ohio Republican League, Dayton, O.—Dear Sir: I write to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 23d inst., with copy enclosed as stated of the resolutions adopted by the Advisory and Executive Committee of the Ohio Republic League of Clubs at a joint meeting held at the Nell House, in Columbus, November 20, denouncing the proposition that I should be "eliminated" from public life and relegated to private citizenship because in the discharge of my duties as a Senator I have been unable in three instances to agree with President Roosevelt and pledging me their support as a candidate for re-election to be my own successor and also declaring that I am their choice as a candidate for the presidency.

I am informed that there were ninety-eight members of the committee, out of a total membership of 105, present in person or by proxy, and that the resolutions were adopted by a unanimous vote and with much enthusiasm.

The names and addresses of those present, as published in the newspapers, show that all sections and counties of the State were represented, and that among these representatives are many who have for years been well known to the whole State as prominent leaders of the Republican party.

I would not be insensible to such a mark of confidence and esteem if I could be, and I could not be if I would.

* * *

Will Run For President.

But I do not want to even appear to be a candidate for two offices at the same time, and therefore forego the double honor proposed, and with heartfelt appreciation accept the support for the presidential candidacy which the committees have so generously tendered.

Nevertheless I want to say that far beyond anything personal to myself I am gratified by the action taken because it is a flat rebuke to the suggestion that the office of United States Senator is to be stripped of all the real honor attached to it by making its incumbent a mere agent to register the decrees of somebody else instead of the representative of a State charged with the constitutional duty of legislating according to his best judgment for the welfare of a great nation, accountable to his constituency for his acts and votes, but to nobody else.

I regard it of far greater importance to uphold and protect the dignity and usefulness of the senatorial office than that any particular man should be chosen to fill it.

As our fathers created it, the place is one of the most important in the Government, and any man might well feel highly honored to hold it, but if it is to be degraded into a mere agency, no self-respecting man can desire to hold it.

* * *

Stands On His Record.

I not only stand for the broad principles involved, but also stand ready to submit to my constituents for their judgment, not only my action in the three instances when I was unable to agree with the President, but my entire record. I may have made mistakes, but no speech or vote or other act will be found that was not in accordance with a conscientious judgment, formed by the aid of the best light at the time obtainable.

My action on the question of joint statehood and in the Brownsville matter your committees have approved, as I believe the great majority of Republicans do everywhere.

There are doubtless yet many who criticise my vote on the rate bill, but if the assurances with which my mail is filled, coming as they do from every section of the country, are not misleading, the number of these critics is rapidly diminishing.

In the debates on that measure I took pains to point out that if the Government took upon itself the duty and responsibility of making rates it would, of necessity, have to determine not only how much a railroad should be allowed to make, but also how much it should be allowed to spend—how much for operation, for extensions, for equipment and

EXCLUSIVE
PATRICIAN
AGENTS

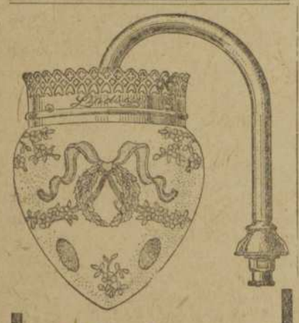
Patrician

Means freedom from those defects and faults in shoe-making that have tried men's souls and women's good nature.

The utmost care and attention have been given to overcome every little fault in shoe construction.

Cost $3.50 and $4

John L. Lewis Co.
(Incorporated)



Lindsay Lights

98c

The recognized standard of inverted gas lights. Fit any fixture complete and ready for use. Sell everywhere at $1.25; our special price for a few days more only 98c.

BOMAR-SUMMERS HARDWARE CO.
(Incorporated)
333 W. JEFFERSON.

for every other item of necessary expenditure—all of which it is impossible for a government to do successfully and satisfactorily, and that the result would inevitably be that just at the time when a rapidly increasing business for the road was making it necessary for them to raise hundreds of millions annually for increasing their tracks, cars and general facilities, we would impair the confidence of investors in their stocks and bonds, and thereby not only make it impossible for the roads to sell the additional securities necessary for such purposes, but lead many of the holders of them, both at home and abroad, to dispose of what were already outstanding, and that in consequence the market would be so largely oversupplied that their values would shrink, dragging down all kinds of securities with them until panic and disaster would take the place of confidence and prosperity.

* * *

"I Told You So."

To say "I told you so" is always ungracious, but it is, I trust, permissible to point out that from the day the rate bill passed the trend has been in the direction predicted, and while other things have contributed that measure has a full share of responsibility for the unhappy financial and industrial condition with which we have overtaken.

While there should be efficient supervision and regulation of interstate commerce and the carriers and corporations of every kind engaged therein, it will become more and more manifest as time passes and results are developed that this supervision must be safe and conservative—consistent with the Constitution and with sound common sense.

The moral standing of the business men of this country has always been high. It was never so high as it is now. There is consequently less occasion than ever before to restrict commercial freedom by statutory demands of management and surveillance that are apparently framed on the theory that all men are criminals. Such legislation hampers enterprise, retards business activity and discredits the whole nation.

* * *

No Unauthorized Interference.

Broad principles should govern in all legislation and the enforcement of the laws should be left to the appropriate tribunals without unauthorized interference from any source, and above all things there should be no toleration of the idea that our legislation has become in part a misfit and obsolete, that it must be changed and vitalized by judicial interpretation or by the mere assertion of public sentiment in support of that which may for the moment be desired, although manifestly unauthorized by its provisions.

From the beginning of our Government our legislation has been recognized by all the world as one of the wisest and most nearly perfect organic laws ever framed. Under it we have grown and prospered as no other people ever has. We should be slow to condemn it or to find fault with it, but if we find it inadequate or that for any reason it should be changed, it contains a provision in accordance with which we can amend it. No one would think of amending it in any other way, for the beginning of the end. In my opinion no amendments are necessary to enable the Government to efficiently exercise all its powers and that no additional powers are necessary to the proper supervision and regulation of every matter that is the legitimate subject of legislation.

* * *

Opposes Tariff Revision.

I note also that the committees refer to the Republican policy of a protective tariff and to the enforcement of the laws for the protection of all the rights of citizenship.

At another time I may take occasion to speak on these subjects at some length, but it is sufficient for present purposes to remark that with our surplus revenues diminishing and our enormous expenditures increasing, it would be like adding the last grain of sand to undertake to tinker with the tariff. Under the present tariff laws we have had the greatest prosperity any country has ever enjoyed, and it has been because of the strength this given us that we have stood up as well as we have under the decline in values amounting to billions of dollars that has at last brought business depression to employers and idleness to thousands of employes. It is to the beneficent results of that policy as expressed in the Dingley law that we must look for one of the necessary factors in the work of restoring prosperity. There will doubtless come a time when changes in that law can be made to advantage, but that time is not now.

* * *

Will Ask For Primary.

So far as the protection of the equal rights of citizens is concerned my views are well known. When the Republican party falters in that high duty it will fail and go out of power, and it will deserve defeat.

What Lincoln and Grant and the great men of their day did was not done in vain. Their achievements will endure and every Republican who honors their memory and glories in their deeds should be proud to uphold their work.

When the National Committee shall have issued the call for the next National Republican Convention I shall, as heretofore announced, formally request the State Central Committee to embody in its call for the next State Convention a requirement that all delegates to that convention shall be chosen by a direct vote of the Republican electors of the State at duly authorized primary elections, held in accordance with the statutes applicable thereto. Very truly yours, etc.,

J. B. FORAKER.

MAKE YOUTSEY THE SCAPEGOAT

(Continued from First Page.)

hackberry tree on the grounds, was the first witness placed on the stand by the side of the State. His examination occupied the entire morning session of the court. Interrogated by the Commonwealth's Attorney, the witness identified the several plats and drawings, and explained them fully to the members of the jury. He located the natural and artificial objects on the Capitol grounds and on the four streets bounding the Capitol. All of the jurors gave close attention as he pointed out on a map the location of the office of the Secretary of State, the spot at which William Goebel fell, and the hackberry tree which received the bullet after it had passed through the body of Goebel.

J. C. Sims followed the examination for the defense, and put the few questions asked from that side of this witness. He inquired of Woodson only as to the distances and route to be taken through the State executive building from the private office of the Secretary of State, down through the basement to the "back" Capitol, and out and around the northern and eastern end of the building and up the east steps and into the building. This was the route admitted to have been traversed by the convict Henry E. Youtsey just immediately following the firing of the shot which killed Goebel. Woodson gave, in response to questions, the exact distance between several given points along this route. He left the stand at noon and court took a recess until 1:30 o'clock.

* * *

The Doctors Testify.

Drs. E. E. Hume and James R. Ely, of Frankfort, and T. R. Welch, of Nicholasville, who attended Senator Goebel immediately following the shooting, and to the time of his death, were first called to the stand at the opening of the afternoon session. They detailed the location and the nature of the wounds. They were not cross-examined by the defense. Dr. Welch exhibited Goebel's clothing to the jury.

When R. H. Berryman, of Frankfort, who was at the front entrance of the State Capitol ground and about fifty feet from Goebel at the time he was shot, went on the stand, the defense objected to his repeating an exclamation which he made at the time regarding the points from which the shooting was done. The Commonwealth insisted upon the question as competent, recalling to the court that upon the third trial of the case Special Judge Robbins held a similar question to be competent; that it was excepted to by the defense, and its competency raised before the Court of Appeals, and that the higher court did not sustain the exception taken. Mr. Wilson, for the defense, urged upon the court at some length that the question is incompetent. He said that the fact that the Court of Appeals had not reviewed the specific instance of this exception taken among the great mass of exceptions reserved to the rulings of the trial Judge in the last case, did not mean that the court upheld the admission of the testimony.

The attorneys for the State insisted that the law of the third trial is the law of this trial inasmuch as it was not reversed by the higher court. Judge Morris was inclined to hold as the Commonwealth contended, but, upon insistence of the attorneys on the other side, held the matter open for a time. Powers' attorneys stated that they were not contending for their position as to this particular bit of testimony alone, but the same question would likely arise as to testimony of more importance later in the trial.

The defense then made numerous objections, which the court overruled, to questions put to Berryman and to Dr. Welch, a member of the 1900 Legislative session, regarding the members of the "mountain army" of January 25, 1900, and their actions.

J. L. NEWMAN.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

MR. BRYAN MAKES FOUR SPEECHES IN NEW HAVEN.

Nebraskan Receives Warm Welcome and Is Heard By Thousands of People.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 29.—W. J. Bryan received a warm welcome in many ways to-day when he came here on a double mission of handing over to the city a marble fountain erected through a bequest in the will of his friend, the late Philo S. Bennet, and of addressing the New England Progressive Democratic League at its annual banquet. The welcome was no less hearty from the fact that he has many times spoken here, and each of his four addresses was well received by the audience, which in total numbers went well into the thousands. In addressing the league at its business meeting Mr. Bryan expressed his great appreciation of the work of the league and said he believed that the time is not far away when members will meet to rejoice over victory won, and he hoped to be with them when they rejoiced. Mr. Bryan spoke this evening to Yale students and at the league banquet.

Vesuvius Still Active.

Naples, Nov. 29.—The high activity of Mount Vesuvius continues. The crater and the fissures surrounding it are emitting red ashes, but as there is no wind they are not carried far and the Vesuvian villages therefore are not suffering.

Users of
Grape-Nuts
don't care how high meat goes.
Strength, Economy and Contentment
come to the steady user of Grape-Nuts.
"There's a Reason"

FIREBUG SMALL LAD OF THIRTEEN

Joseph Kaelin Confesses To Ten Charges of Arson.

Losses Charged To Boy Amount To $16,500

Prisoner Afterward Denies Admissions To Detectives.

POCKETS FULL OF MATCHES.

A thirteen-year-old boy sat in an office of the City Hall yesterday, between Chief of Police Haager and Chief of Detectives Maher, and calmly confessed to arson on ten counts. The little boy, whose pyromania has been causing no end of trouble to the local fire department and a loss of several thousands of dollars to property-holders in the southeastern part of the city, if his alleged confession is true, is Joseph Kaelin, son of Mrs. Agnes Kaelin, a widow living at 1214 Dupuy street.

His confession to the police is said to have been quite clear and lucid, and delivered in a straightforward tone which left no room for doubt. When seen by a reporter, however, after the alleged confession, he retracted the admissions he had made, while not denying that he had made them. He is said to have been sickly for several years.

The boy was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Fow, Reiss, Moran and Ahearn, at the scene of Thursday's fire, at the stable of F. Krall, 1219 Shelby street. The frequency of fires in that neighborhood of late had led to suspicion of incendiary activity, and several detectives had been detailed to investigate the matter. While they were inspecting the ruins of the last fire, at the Krall stable, yesterday afternoon, they became aware of the presence of the Kaelin boy and three others.

* * *

Denial Precedes Accusation.

Presently the three boys went away and only Kaelin remained on the scene. His curiosity in regard to the ruins attracted the attentions and suspicions of the officers, and they drew nearer. Seeing them, the boy was hurrying away, when Detectives Reiss and Moran overtook him and laid hold of him. As they seized his arms the boy is said to have cried, "I didn't do it."

The detectives searched the boy and in his pockets found a large quantity of matches. Thereupon they questioned him about the fires that had taken place in that neighborhood, and asked him whether he had had any hand in them. The boy burst into tears and insisted that he had been at school at the time of the fires and that he knew nothing of them. His mother, Mrs. Agnes Kaelin, when question by the officers, declared that she believed the boy was speaking the truth and that he had been at school when the fires broke out; but inquiries at the school showed that he had been absent from his class on each of the days when the fires took place.

The detectives returned to the scene of Thursday's fire on Shelby street and pretended to find there some article of the boy's clothing. Thereupon the boy broke down and confessed to having caused this one fire, but denied the rest. The same procedure, with slight variations, was tried by the detectives in regard to the other fires, and each time the boy is said to have added one more to his list of confessed fire-settings. By the time the boy had been "sweated"—with quiet and gentle persuasion rather than sternness, by Chief of Police Haager in the office of Capt. Maher—he is said to have confessed to the following list of fires:

* * *

Staggering List of Fires.

November 23, 10:14 a. m.—Stable of D. M. Edwards, Shelby and Lampton streets; loss $1,500.

November 25, 5:18 p. m.—Stable and warehouse of William Ameling, 1631 Shelby street; loss $2,500.

November 24, 10:41 a. m.—Cooperage factory of G. Stengel, 926 to 940 Mason avenue; loss $10,000.

November 27, 10 a. m.—Pilcher organ factory, Logan and Mason streets; Capt. Harry Bundschu, of No. 1 trucks, injured by falling through a skylight; loss $1,200.

November 28, 9:15 a. m.—Warehouse of Ballard & Ballard, Campbell street and Beargrass creek; loss $100.

November 28, 4:00 p. m.—Stable of Joseph Leitchfield, 1213 Shelby street; loss $100.

November 28, 4:10 p. m.—Stable of Christian Falk, 1215 Shelby street; loss $200.

November 28, 4:10 p. m.—Stable of Frank Kemps, 1217 Shelby street; loss $200.

November 28, 4:10 p. m.—Stable of F. Grall, 1219 Shelby street; loss $300.

November 28, 4:10 p. m.—Outhouses adjoining Dietrich's cigar factory, Shelby, between Mason and Langton streets; loss $400.

* * *

Liked To Go To Fires.

About an hour after the alleged confession to the police the boy was seen by a reporter and questioned as to his part in the confession, but denied that he had the confession, but denie dthat he had really set the fires to which he had confessed. He declared that he was carrying the matches which were found in his pockets by the detectives to his home, and denied that he had intended to use them for the starting of new fires. He said that he liked to go to fires and was fond of seeing the engines turn out.

Probably nothing will be done to the boy except to keep him in a safe place, where his fire-setting proclivities, if indeed they were responsible for the above fires, may be kept subdued. Mrs. Kaelin, his mother, said that the boy had been ill of typhoid fever two years ago and that he had been sickly ever since.

RUMOR OF ANOTHER SERIOUS ENGAGEMENT.

Lalla, Mafhnia, Algeria, Nov. 29.—A serious engagement is reported to have occurred to-day between the French troops and the Benis Nassen tribesmen at Adjeroudidss. No details have been received here.

Free Hand For Bailloud.

Paris, Nov. 29.—The Cabinet has decided to give Gen. Bailloud, commanding the French troops in Algeria, an absolutely free hand to end the invasion by tribesmen of the frontier of Algeria and punish the Arabs.

Blaze In Colorado Town.

Leadville, Col., Nov. 29.—A fire which started from the overturning of a lamp in a barbershop destroyed the entire fourths of the town of Granite, a small mining station twenty miles east of Leadville. The total loss is estimated at $25,000.

Accused of Robbery.

Cloverport, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—James Martin, of St. Louis, who is suspected of having robbed several freight cars of the L., H. and St. L. railroad on the route between this place and West Point, was presented in the Police Court here to-day. He was taken to Hardinsburg and placed in the county jail, where he will be held until February.

CONFESS OWNERSHIP OF SUPPOSED INDEPENDENTS.

American Tobacco Company Official Says Secret Was Kept At Former Owners' Request.

New York, Nov. 29.—Although the American Tobacco Company controls the Wells-Whitehead Company, cigarette manufacturers of Winston, N. C., the fact has never before been made public, according to testimony of Percival S. Hill, vice president of the American Tobacco Company, given today in the Government's action to dissolve the tobacco combine.

"We always advised the Wells-Whitehead Company not to deny the ownership," said Mr. Hill.

Mr. Hill also admitted that the American Tobacco Company owned the Bay and Night Tobacco Company, of Cincinnati, a supposedly independent concern, adding that the ownership was kept secret at the request of the former officers of the subsidiary company, who still retained an interest in it, and not at the instance of his company. The witness stated that the American Tobacco Company made no attempt to control jobbers' prices, although it discouraged all cutting of figures. The hearing went over until Monday.

AUTOCRATIC POWER

UPHELD WITH VIGOR BY PREMIER STOLYPIN.

His Address Carries Dismay To Octoberists and Constitutional Democrats.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 29.—The declaration of the Government read by Premier Stolypin before the Douma to-day was received with dismay by the Octoberists and the Constitutional Democrats, and with open exultation by the members of the Right party.

The keynote of the address was reiteration of the idea of the autocratic power of the Emperor as the sole guarantee of security and welfare in an era of disorder. The announcement also was made that the Douma is expected to take its cue from the administration in the matter of legislation, and the Premier outlined what future legislation was expected. He excoriated the radical parties as fosterers of crime and sedition, and said their excesses would no longer be tolerated in Russia. This statement is taken to show that the administration looks with disfavor upon any alliance between the Octoberists and the Constitutional Democrats.

The Premier was constantly interrupted by applause from members of the Right, but at the conclusion of his address there was scarcely a handclap from the Octoberists' ranks.

THE KAISER'S BARBER.

[London Express.]

M. Francis Haby is one of the most famous men in Germany. He is the Hofriseur, the Kaiser's barber, who goes with His Majesty everywhere, and who has shaved him for the last decade or more.

But for M. Haby the Kaiser mustache would be unknown in Germany. He invented it and achieved immortality at a bound.

Years ago he perfected a toilet water called "Es ist Erreicht"—which is a German way of saying "Eureka"—and introduced it to the Kaiser. It is this special water which keeps the ends of the imperial mustaches in their upright position. "Es ist Erreicht" has become a German proverb now.

Every evening M. Haby goes to the castle and shaves His Majesty. The work is done in absolute silence—the Prince of Barbers never so much as mentions the state of the weather. The Kaiser reads correspondence during the shaving, and sometimes signs a document or two.

Once His Majesty suggested that too much time was wasted by the lathering, whereupon M. Haby went away and locked himself up in a room. When he came out he had perfected a preparation which makes lathering unnecessary. The Kaiser is shaved without soap to this day.

AUTOS HURT ART SALES.

[New York Press.]

Motoring is responsible for a slump in picture buying, so says a London picture dealer, who asserts that persons do not take as much interest in their homes as they did ten years ago. For that reason, he adds, the sale of pictures has been steadily declining. He thinks that the automobile prevents the rich from cultivating literature and art. The speeder's thoughts are centered on tires and motors, and sculpture and painting are not to be compared to the big touring cars in his estimation. One can't be poet, artist and chauffeur at the same time. Just now the motor car is supreme, and a garage is mort attractive than an art gallery. "The slump in the picture trade is causing the utmost distress among artists, and many picture dealers are on the verge of bankruptcy," the London dealer says. "Especially in oil paintings is the decline noticeable. Motoring has undoubtedly done the chief injury to the picture trade. Golf, hockey, walking, yachting and traveling have also had an ill effect."

Killed His Brother-In-Law.

Knox, Ind., Nov. 29.—During a family quarrel Carl Farina shot and killed his brother-in-law, Philip Morton, at Bass Lake this afternoon. After the shooting Farina fled and has not yet been apprehended. The victim was a stepson of the late George Scoville, an attorney, who defended Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield.

Plumber Killed By Gas.

Memphis, Nov. 29.—A desire to know the contents of an abandoned well today cost Will Hendricks, a plumber, who came here several years ago from Denmark, his life. Before he reached the bottom of the shaft he was overcome by carbonic acid gas and was dead when brought to the surface by his fellow workmen.

George F. Porter Dead.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 29.—George F. Porter, millionaire attorney and theater man, of Minneapolis, was found dead in his room at the Paxton Hotel today. Heart trouble, from which he had been suffering, is asserted as the cause. His wife and children are traveling in the South, and may be in Cuba by this time.

Dies of Typhoid.

Hickman, Ky., Nov. 29.—Clifford Ward, a young farmer who lived two miles south of town, died of typhoid fever after an illness of three weeks. He had been living here only a short time. He was twenty-six years old, and leaves a wife and four little children.

PICK CULBERSON

As Man To Head Democratic Campaign Committee

CHOICE WILL BE LEFT TO THE NOMINEE.

DE ARMOND RETIRES FROM RACE FOR MINORITY LEADER.

WILLIAMS GETS PLACE AGAIN.

Washington, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—It has always been the custom of the Democratic nominee to select the chairman of the National Democratic Committee, and it is therefore taken for granted that the standard bearer will choose whomever he desires to manage his campaign. It is true that in 1904 Judge Parker preferred August Belmont for chairman, as Mr. Belmont wanted it and Judge Parker felt under obligations to him for the assistance Mr. Belmont had rendered in securing the nomination. Later, however, Judge Parker acquiesced in the selection of Chairman Taggart, who was demanded by a majority of the National Committee, most of whom were strong supporters of Judge Parker's candidacy and believed Mr. Taggart's selection would be more advisable for the party.

By some it is said that Mr. Bryan prefers Mayor Dahlman, of Omaha, for national chairman, but the probabilities are that the Nebraskan has not given much thought to the matter up to this time. Meanwhile there is a movement on foot among prominent Democrats to bring to Mr. Bryan's attention the desirability of choosing for the national chairman Senator Culberson, of Texas. The Texas Senator will be elected leader of the minority in the upper branch of Congress next week. That he will make a leader of ability and be a successful one in the sense that the minority under him will make no mistakes his supporters are confident. Senator Culberson is generally regarded as an excellent politician. By some he is thought over cautious, which, his friends point out, would not be a great objection in the campaign next year. Should Senator Culberson make the record expected of him, a Democrat prominent in the party's council predicted to-night that Mr. Bryan himself will request the Texan to undertake the management of the national campaign.

* * *

Williams House Leader.

Representative DeArmond, of Missouri, has withdrawn from the fight for the minority leadership against Representative Williams, of Mississippi, and the latter will be elected at the Democratic caucus to-morrow afternoon without opposition. Representative Clayton, of Alabama, will be elected chairman of the caucus. The only other thing before the caucus is the election of five unimportant positions on the House floor allowed the minority.

The usual resolutions will be introduced and some debate may be provoked over one placing the committee places in the hands of a committee on committees, as is done in the Senate, instead of allowing the minority leader the control of the matter. While no decision has been reached by the Speaker to allow the Democrats an additional place in the important committees, it is not likely that the Speaker will grant it. The Democrats in the last election cut down the Republican majority one-half, and it would accordingly seem that there should be a proportionate increase in Democratic committee places. The Speaker, however, has as yet been unable to see it that way.

* * *

Church People Protest.

It was thought the President's letter explaining the omission of the motto "In God We Trust" on the $10 gold piece had settled the question, but it seems that a number of religious organizations continue to be obstinate over his decision. In fact, plans for a national movement to force restoration of the motto has been set in motion by the Christian Endeavor Union of the district.

The Rev. Zedd Cop, the superintendent, has been directed to prepare a resolution citing the origin of the motto, the circumstances of its adoption, the reasons why as a Christian nation the name of the Creator should be referred to on the coins, and calling on Congress to enact legislation to restore the motto removed by President Roosevelt's order, and by law make it impossible for its removal hereafter.

The resolution will, furthermore, call on all Christian organizations, churches and Christian societies of every sort, as well as individuals, to co-operate in securing such legislation as will insure the permanency of the motto. The resolution will be reported and without doubt overwhelmingly adopted at a union meeting of the Christian Endeavor organizations of Washington next week. The omission of the motto gave Representative Ollie James, of Kentucky, the cue at the Bryan dinner Tuesday night, when he provoked much enthusiasm by the remark that the only trust the President had rid the country of during his Administration was the one on the $10 gold piece.

River and Harbor Congress.

Delegates to the River and Harbor Congress, which will convene at the New Willard Hotel next Wednesday, are beginning to reach this city. One of the first to arrive was Col. C. P. Goodyear, of Georgia. He stated that the sessions will be the most important yet held by the congress, and that delegates to the number of about 3,000 from all sections of the country will be in attendance. Many of them will come from the Pacific slope, others from as far South as Florida and North from Maine, and some of the State delegations will travel by special trains.

"Georgia will not send less than 100 delegates," Col. Goodyear said. "I came north as the representative of the Governor of Georgia, the Chambers of Commerce of Atlanta and Macon, the Board of Trade of Brunswick and its Mayor and Council to attend the Atlantic Deep Waterways Conference, which was held at the Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia, and in which 522 delegates represented fifteen States; also to attend the National Swamp Drainage Congress, held at Baltimore last week."

* * *

Booms Fairbanks.

Abraham Lincoln Brick, Representative of the Thirteenth Indiana congressional district, and an ardent Fairbanks supporter, is at the New Willard. Mr. Brick said last night:

"Vice President Fairbanks has the confidence of the workingman, the business man and the capitalist. They know him to be a man of conservative ideas, and at the same time wide awake to the interests of the country. Vice President Fairbanks is growing in popularity daily, and the Indiana delegation will be solid for him at the National Convention. There will be others besides Indiana, and his chances are the best."

* * *

Complaint Against Railroads.

The Summers-Parrott Hardware Company, of Johnson City, Tenn., has filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission a complaint against a number of railroads, including the Southern, Norfolk and Western and Eastern Tennessee and Western and Northern Carolina railroads, alleging that these companies, on building cement, in carload lots, from North Hampton, Pa., to competitive points in Tennessee, make unlawful rates and that complainants in consequence are unable to meet the competition at Bristol and Morristown, Tenn.

* * *

Congratulate Justice Harlan.

Many friends of Justice Harlan called at his residence to-day to congratulate him upon his thirtieth anniversary as a member of the big court. Justice Harlan, however, was not at home. Early this morning he went out in the country to spend the day and did not return to the city until late this evening.

* * *

Minor Washington Matters.

Senator Paynter, of Kentucky, has arrived for the coming session of Congress. The Senator and Mrs. Paynter will be at the Normandie this winter.

* * *

At the request of Representative Langley, Doorkeeper Lyon, of the House, has appointed Hubert McDonald, son of Dr. McDonald, of Beattyville, a page at a salary of $75 per month.

* * *

W. M. Harrison, of Shelbyville, who has been appointed a special agent of the Internal Revenue Bureau, left for Albany, N. Y., to-night, where he will be stationed.

SEAL TAIL MYSTERY.

[Boston Transcript.]

Having paid out a total sum of $525 for the tails of 175 seals to two wily Indian hunters, the City Clerks of Boston, Lynn and Salem have decided that there is something peculiar and dark about such extraordinary conditions, and have asked the State police to start an investigation to determine whether the coast of Massachusetts is being overrun by seals or the Indians in question have been working a confidence game.

The law in this State provides that each county shall pay $3 for the tail of each seal shot in the waters of the county. For convenience city officials generally pay over the money, collecting it later from the county. The average outlay on seals in this way has been extremely slight. A few months ago, however, two Indians, giving the names of John Francis and Saplel Mitchell, of Eastport, Me., appeared at the office of the Lynn City Clerk with thirty seals' tails, and made oath that they had shot the seals in Saugus river, where they had been camping out all summer. They collected $90 and departed. Three weeks later they reappeared with thirty-one tails and the same story. The City Clerk and the City Treasurer, becoming suspicious, questioned the Indians so sharply that they went away without further endeavor to collect the bounties. The next day they tried Nahant's Town Clerk with sixty-two tails, but he, too, was suspicious and refused to pay. Boston was easier, however, and here the Indians got away with $186, and the fiction that they had shot the seals in Boston Harbor. When, last Friday, the Indians took $240 out of Salem's treasury, the curtain of illusion was raised, and the various Clerks put their heads together. It has been hinted that somewhere on the Maine coast a seal nursery is being maintained, and it will be the aim of the State police to develop this surmise into cold fact.

On the other hand, there is excellent testimony that these same Indians may have been well within their legal rights. Last July two Indians, one an old man, and the other more youthful and active, were known to be engaged in scouting around the waters of Wingaersheek Beach, better known to local residents and mariners as Coffin's Beach, West Gloucester, and killing seals in open fashion. Likewise at low water in Newburyport Sound it is possible to see hundreds of seals out along the shallow reaches. Here, too, the Indians operated. As far as Boston Harbor is concerned, it is doubtful if there have been a hundred seals there in many years past, and the ruse of the Indians in camping on Peddock's Island and bringing in tails of seals which they alleged were killed in the harbor may safely be accepted as a ruse only. Wherever the Indians gathered their trophies they have done a thriving and shrewd business hereabouts.

NEW MESS PLAN.

[Chicago Evening Post.]

With the completion of the new building south of the main barracks at Fort Sheridan the mess hall has been abolished and the interesting experiment of company kitchens and messes is being tried.

The third battalion of the Twenty-seventh infantry, made up of Companies I, K, L and M, under the command of Maj. Walter H. Chatfield, is now trying out the new system. It will prove a success, according to the officers, who are much pleased with its operation since the change was effected at the end of last week.

The simpler movement the men now make to get to mess not only saves considerable time, but order is better, and the officers are finding the meal hours much less of a trial on them.

The new buildings are located in a long row, running from east to west just a few feet south of and parallel to the main barracks, which stretches out for a quarter of a mile. Behind the quarters of each company stands one of the individual kitchen and mess buildings. The company entrance in each instance is immediately opposite the mess door. In bad weather the men are not exposed to rain or snow save for a moment or two.

SMUGGLER IN UNIFORM.

[Vienna Correspondence of the London Express.]

Josef Gunther, a Bohemian smuggler, has been arrested on the Austro-German frontier in the uniform of an Austrian frontier guard.

He confessed that after suffering much at the hands of the frontier guards in his own smuggling career, he had adopted their uniform to harry other smugglers. He had caught twenty-six during six months, and had confiscated their goods as the price of giving them their liberty.

In this way he had made a handsome income. His career as an amateur gendarme was closed when he met a party of the real frontier guards, who recognized him in spite of his uniform, and made him prisoner.

TRY LUMINOUS SHELLS.

[Paris Correspondence of the London Express.]

Secret experiments of great interest are being conducted in Lorient Bay with a new 2.6-inch luminous shell which is likely to prove a valuable asset in time of war.

The new shell, which is the invention of a French naval officer, throws out a ray of white light when it strikes.

During a night attack it will indicate the range of the enemy without exposing the firing warships to view by means of their searchlights.

Costly Fire In Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 29.—Fire to-day in the three-story building of the C. W. Fisher Furniture Company, 217-223 Second street, resulted in an estimated damage of between $80,000 and $100,000.

Apollinaris
'The Queen of Table Waters"

LEMON
DIAMONDS
A SYNONYM
DIAMONDS—LEMON & SON

$10—"The Little Colonel"—$10

Chance for THE LOUISVILLE TIMES' Youthful Readers To Earn Christmas Money.

Take the letters that make up the title, "The Little Colonel," Mrs. Annie Fellows Johnston's story, the first installment of which will appear in next week's Saturday's Times, and see how many words you can make out of them. The sender of the largest list of words found in the dictionary will receive $5, the second largest $3, and the third largest $2. Proper names are excluded.

Send letters to The Little Colonel Contest Editor, care of The Times, Louisville, Ky.

CONTEST CLOSES DECEMBER 14, 6 P. M.

REVISED
TELEPHONE DIRECTORY
OF COURIER-JOURNAL and TIMES.

Telephone service with the Courier-Journal and Times can now be had as follows:

	Home.	Cumberland
Courier-Journal Counting Room ..... Courier-Journal Building, First Floor.	1340	Main 1340
Courier-Journal Reporters' Room ..... Courier-Journal Building, Second Floor.	276	Main 276
Courier-Journal Managing Editor ..... Courier-Journal Building, Second Floor.	276	Main 276
Times Reporters' Room	121	Main 4580
Times Reporters' Room ..... Second Floor, Courier-Journal Building.	4613	Main 4581
Times Managing Editor, R. W. Brown.... Second Floor, Courier-Journal Building.	6683	Main 121
Times Editor-in-Chief, W. B. Haldeman.. Room 210, Paul Jones Building.		Main 880
Times Counting Room ..... Courier-Journal Building, First Floor.	5590	Main 4540
Circulation Department—Both Papers .... Room 213, Paul Jones Building.	5081	Main 4560
Circulation Department—Both Papers .... Courier-Journal Building, First Floor.	8222	Main 4550
Mailing Department—Both Papers ..... Courier-Journal Building, Basement.	240	Main 269

PARQUET DISGUSTS THE GALLERY GOD.

[Kansas City Star.]

"If people in the gallery acted like they do in the par-ket they'd get a swat in the neck. Hurry up that 'eggs a pair,' will you?"

Freck, the messenger boy, was describing his experiences at the show, in a sofa seat, with Queenie, his steady.

"But it was a swell show," the chef said.

"That's what the guy said that sat next to us," Freck said, "but I couldn't see it or hear it. Them mugs down stairs'd oughter come up on deck and learn a few things. Don't see why they have a bouncer in the gallery when he's needed more in the par-ket. Now, up'n the gallery you don't see no one come trampling in after the curtain's up, do you? The gallery crowd is waiting when the doors open and they go up and sit down and keep quiet, 'cept to applaud. No banging of seats up there.

"How about down stairs? Folks kept stringing in for two acts. When the curtain went up not more'n half the audience was there. Everybody near was talking. The man in front was telling his girl that he saw this show in Neo York with a swell company and how far it had this bunch skinned. The man next to us pointed out a lot of people in the audience that he knew to make his girl think he was a wise guy. In the second act when that French dame sang a song in Italian the four people back of us hollered because they couldn't understand it, and when she limped through a song in American they joined in on the chorus.

"I don't know much, but I got more brains than that. When the picture machine starts some of the audience gets up and puts on their duds. I used to think every time I saw a dressy guy in the gallery that he was a cheap skate, but since I've been down stairs I know why he's up there. He's wise. If I'd a million dollars I'd sit in the gallery."

HIGH VALUE OF FURS.

[Seattle Times.]

Occasionally the fortunate trader is able to obtain from the Eskimo or native a skin of a black fox, most valuable of all, for the figure put upon a fine black fox pelt is almost without limit, as any skin that in the eyes of the layman would be worth a few dollars, bringing as high as $2,000 at the London sales. One fur trader tells of getting a black fox skin that netted him $1,700 after paying all the commissions and charges of the sale.

Next to the black fox in value comes the sea otter. A pelt of this species is worth from $250 to $1,500, and the Eskimo who has one to sell to the trader feels himself repaid for a season's work. A silver fox is valued at from $500 to $1,000, while sables run from $20 to $600. It is plain to be seen that much depends upon the quality of the fur and the condition of the skin. A good polar bear hide will bring about $300 in the market.

DIES GOING FULL SPEED.

[London Express.]

A tragedy unequaled in the history of motoring happened in the country road between Marlow and Greenlands, the Buckinghamshire seat of the Hon. W. F. D. Smith, M. P.

Herbert Winfield, the head coachman to Mr. Smith, who was also an expert motor-car driver, was driving two ladies in Mr. Smith's car from Marlow to Greenlands.

For several miles the journey was made without incident. Suddenly, however, as the car, driving at full ordinary speed, was nearing Hambledon, within a mile of its destination, it swerved and, dashing into a fence at the side of the road, came to a standstill.

The two ladies, startled by the sudden stoppage, called to the chauffeur, asking what was the matter. There was no answer, and they quickly alighted and stepped to the man's side.

To their amazement they found he was dead. His last act had been to apply the brake, and his foot, although dead, still pressed down the brake pedal. There is little doubt that but for this fact a serious disaster would have occurred.

Cigarettes Released.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 29.—A bond covering their value of $7,272 having been given for the release of the $750,000 cigarettes for export to London and Singapore, seized here by the Government for alleged violation of the anti-trust laws, the United States Marshal was to-day directed by decree of Federal Judge Waddill, received from Richmond, to release the seizures upon order of the British-American Tobacco Company. Later in the day the cigarettes were released.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

CLASH IN COURT

Personal Encounter Narrowly Averted At Mayfield.

ATTORNEYS HURL EPITHETS AND ARE SENT TO JAIL.

TEACHERS HEAR ADDRESSES ON WORK IN SCHOOLS.

LARGE NUMBER ATTEND.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Hysterical shrieks of frightened women witnesses, scurrying feet of auditors seeking some place to hide and indignant raps of Circuit Judge Bugg's gavel mingled with oaths and epithets in the Circuit Court at Mayfield this morning when Sam H. Crossland and Art Brand engaged in an altercation which promised bloodshed during the trial of a will contest. Nothing came of the episode, however, except that both belligerents were locked up in jail until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

In the case which was being tried before a jury, Robbins and Thomas represented one side and Sam H. Crossland and W. J. Webb the other. Crossland charged that Brand was discussing the case for the edification of the two end jurymen. He complained to the court about Brand's misconduct, whereupon Brand sprang to his feet and called Crossland a liar. Crossland got back with the superlative degree of the same kind of epithet and added a few other general remarks. This threw the court room into a panic, as everybody expected a personal encounter. Order was restored without any violence, and Judge Bugg sent them both to jail for three hours.

Crossland complained that he needed a pistol in the jail to protect himself, but Judge Bugg remedied this condition of affairs by specially instructing the Sheriff to search both men and lock them up in separate cells.

TEACHERS IN SESSION.

Gather From Over First Congressional District.

Mayfield, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The First congressional teachers' institute is in session here for two days. There were 150 enrolled to-day and the number promises to reach several hundred to-morrow. The sessions are being held in the Methodist church on account of the Circuit Court being in session, so that the courthouse could not be secured. S. J. Billington, of Paducah, is presiding as president and G. H. Wells, of Cadiz, is secretary. The Hon. J. C. Speight delivered the address of welcome and the response was by C. C. Justice, of Lacenter. Prof. A. S. McKenzie, of the State College, Lexington, delivered a lecture to-night on the influence of woman upon civilization. John T. Graves was on the programme for a lecture, but was unable to be here.

DORIAN INELIGIBLE.

Cannot Succeed Himself As City Treasurer of Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—While there seems to be a general concurrence in the opinion that Section 160 of the Constitution disqualifies the City Treasurer, J. J. Dorian, from holding office another term, it is generally believed that there will be a vacancy in the office January 1, and that Mayor-elect James P. Smith will appoint someone nominally City Treasurer, who will name Mr. Dorian deputy and allow him to draw the salary and conduct the office. There can be no city election next year on account of the congressional election, so the appointee would hold for two years, when Mr. Dorian probably would be eligible as a candidate for the remainder of the term.

Mr. Dorian is a Republican, and information concerning the disqualification came to light during a study of the laws relating to the succession to the office of city jailer, in which there will be a vacancy January 1, on account of the death of Samuel Beadles, city jailer-elect. Mayor-elect Smith will appoint Mr. Beadles' successor.

LONG ILLNESS ENDS.

School Teacher and Banker Hunts Health In Vain.

Uniontown, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Charles A. J. Kellaurs, after a lingering illness, died yesterday of tuberculosis and was buried from St. Agnes Catholic church at 9 o'clock. He was a brother of the Rev. Father Theophilus Kellaurs, and died here at the home of his brother.

He was born in Holland, December 12, 1862, where he received his primary education, coming to this country at the age of seventeen, where he attended the Kansas State Normal and the Catholic Normal School at Milwaukee, Wis. For ten years he taught school at Cincinnati, O., coming here in 1894, where he was for years cashier and stockholder in the Farmers' Bank.

Garrard Residents Dead.

Lancaster, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—John Hill, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hill, of Garrard county, died of pneumonia after only a week's illness. He was twenty years old, and the only child.

News of the death of Rush Lee Elkin, at Jackson, Miss., but a former Garrard county resident, has been received here by relatives. He was eighty years of age and a brother of Capt. T. A. Elkin and Mrs. M. D. Hughes, of this city, and an uncle of R. E. Hughes, of Louisville.

Appendicitis Fatal.

Uniontown, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Walter Thomas, the eleven-year-old son of Bud Thomas, a prominent and wealthy farmer, was buried here yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. He died the night before of appendicitis. His illness necessitated an operation Monday. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bud Thomas; three sisters, Mrs. Barker Hite, Misses Maud and Agnes Thomas, and three brothers, Gilbert Thomas, of Las Animas, Cal.; Joe and Theo Thomas.

Receiver For Bank.

Paris, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—In the Bourbon Circuit Court Judge Robert L. Stout heard the application for the appointment of a receiver for the Bank of Morehead at Morehead, which was recently closed by order of Attorney General N. B. Hayes. Judge Stout designated James Clay, an attorney of Morehead, as receiver. W. A. Young made the argument in favor of the receivership.

Woman Killed By Train.

Barbourville, Ky., Nov. 29.—Mrs. Jas. Miller, wife of a farmer, was run down and killed at Pineville by a northbound L. and N. passenger train on which she was expecting to come. Her husband was awaiting her here when he was handed a telegram telling of the accident. The engineer on the train was a brother of Mrs. Miller's son-in-law.

Accidentally Shot.

Williamstown, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—While out hunting this afternoon, A. M. Evans, of this county, was accidentally shot in the face by a boy. One of the shot barely missed his left eye.

RETAIN M'CHORD IN RATE CASES

(Continued from First Page.)

essary that he should be in some way connected with the future conduct of these cases. Of course, the lawyers can arrange the legal part of it, but there are a great many things to be considered outside of the legal part of it, and Mr. McChord alone has the knowledge which will secure a fair, complete and successful presentation of the issues involved in these cases.

I trust that it may be arranged in some way that he shall be used professionally in the future conduct of these matters. If I had thought that he would not be connected with these cases I would not have accepted employment in them. The taking of proof in these matters has hardly begun, and in my judgment Mr. McChord is the only man in the State of Kentucky who can successfully bring out the necessary points in the defense of these matters. Yours truly,

BENNETT H. YOUNG.

M'CHORD CONGRATULATED.

Friends Highly Pleased With His Employment By State.

The announcement last night that Charles C. McChord, chairman of the Kentucky Railroad Commission, had tendered his resignation to Gov. Beckham, effective last night, was a surprise to a few intimate friends who learned of it. At the same time they were highly delighted to learn that Mr. McChord had been employed by the Governor at a handsome salary to continue the railroad rate investigation started by the State Railroad Commission some time ago. Mr. McChord returned to the city at 9 o'clock last night from Cincinnati, where he had been on private business, and first divulged the fact of his resignation to some of his friends.

While the resignation of Mr. McChord was effective last night, it is understood that he will meet with the Railroad Commission to-day in Louisville and attend to the unfinished business before the commission. Commissioner A. T. Siler arrived in the city last night to attend the meeting to-day and Commissioner McD. Ferguson will arrive early this morning. The main unfinished business in which Chairman McChord will assist is that of closing the railroad assessment for the year and writing the annual report of the commission. The writing of the annual report of the commission at this time is an important matter, owing to the fact of the rate investigation that has been going on for the past year.

* * *

Places To Be Filled.

The meeting in Louisville to-day will likely be the last meeting of the present commission. In fact, Commissioner Siler said last night that there would hardly be another meeting of the commission before the organization of the new commission, which will be in Frankfort December 10, or as soon as possible after the Governor has been inaugurated. It is a foregone conclusion that A. T. Siler will be elected chairman of the commission. Three positions under the commission are at the disposal of the members. The best paying position under the commission is that of rate clerk, which is held by John E. Newman, of Bardstown, at a salary of $1,800 a year. So far there seems to be no one as an applicant that could fill the bill, so far as the members of the commission are concerned.

The position of secretary of the commission at $1,200 a year will likely go to Roy Wilhoit, of Ashland. It has about been agreed that he will get the position. The position now is held by Moses R. Glenn. Among the applicants for this position is John T. Bashaw, of Louisville. It is not known as yet who will get the position of official stenographer, which is now held by G. H. Boone.

VOTING POPULATION

WILL DETERMINE BOUNDARIES OF REBOUNDED WARDS.

Board of Works Supervisors Will Classify Them Street By Street From Registration Books.

Plans for rebounding the twelve wards of the city were only partially matured at a meeting of the committee having the work in charge yesterday afternoon. The meeting was held in the Aldermen's chamber at the City Hall, and all the members of the committee, consisting of the three members of the Board of Public Works, the City Assessor and the City Attorney, were present.

With a view to ascertaining the number of voters to a street, in order that each of the twelve city wards may contain as nearly the same number of voters as possible, it was decided to have several of the supervisors employed under the Board of Works go over the registration books. This will be done immediately, and as soon as the work is completed the new boundary lines will be drawn and an ordinance for the change in the boundaries of the twelve wards of the city will be prepared.

The resolution providing for the appointment of the committee of five to look after preliminaries and finally to draw up the ordinance providing for the redistricting of the city was introduced in the Board of Aldermen by R. E. McDowell. Mr. McDowell, in introducing the resolution, explained that he was anxious to have the redistricting completed before the meeting of the next Legislature, which, in all probability, will pass a measure redistricting the State.

FRED W. FRANKE PITCHED FROM HIS CHAIR, DYING.

Blood Streaming From Ears and Nostrils When Found By Wife—Death Soon Follows.

Fred W. Franke died yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at his home, 3413 Grand avenue. He was sitting in a chair in his backyard, apparently in good health, when he suddenly pitched forward with blood streaming from his ears and nostrils. The bursting of a blood vessel is assigned as the cause. His wife, who saw him fall, hastened to him and dragged him into the house. After putting him on the bed she summoned Dr. Raymond Miner, but her husband was dead before the doctor could reach him.

Mr. Franke was forty years old and a painter by trade, but for the last two years had been employed by the American Tobacco Company. About five years ago he had suffered a stroke of paralysis, but was believed that he had fully recovered from its effects. His wife and five children survive him. The funeral service will be held at the residence to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The burial will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

JOHN P. WALKER GOES FREE OF ALL CHARGES.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—John P. Walker, of this city, who as City and County Treasurer was charged with the embezzlement of county funds here to the amount of over $63,000, was acquitted this afternoon at Rockport, Ind., where the case had been venued.

THIRTEEN TERRORISTS HANGED THIS WEEK.

Odessa, Nov. 29.—Since Monday of this week thirteen terrorists have been hanged here. The swift justice which is being meted out by the field courts-martial is having an excellent effect on the disorderly element and is encouraging the police to a more fearless performance of their duty.

ALLOTMENTS

Will Not Materially Exceed $25,000,000.

INFORMATION STILL WITHHELD AT TREASURY.

OFFERS FOR PANAMA BONDS STILL COMING IN.

BIDS WILL BE OPENED TO-DAY.

Washington, Nov. 29.—The final closing of allotments of the 3 per cent. one-year certificates was definitely announced by Secretary Cortelyou to-day. He declares that no allotments have been made or would be made after his announcement of Wednesday night that no further subscription would be considered.

The point was not quite clear until his statement to-day that some few allotments might not be made from subscriptions already in hand on Wednesday. As the matter stands, practically all the allotments are to national banks which have agreed to take out circulation and in the majority of cases have indicated a willingness to surrender the certificates before maturity upon payment of accrued interest on the date of redemption.

* * *

About $25,000,000.

Information was still withheld at the Treasury as to the amount of the allotment made, but such information as is obtainable indicated that the total will not materially exceed $25,000,000.

There appears to be no doubt that probably three-fifths of the amount alloted is subject to redemption with accrued interest within three months. On the basis of an issue of $25,000,000 this would amount to the redemption of $15,000,000 with interest to the amount of 1¼ per cent., which would require $225,000 for the interest payments.

If $10,000,000 of the certificates ran the full period of one year the interest payments at 3 per cent. would consume $300,000. These two sums, therefore, making a total of $525,000, would represent the entire cost of the issue of certificates to the Treasury, outside the trifling incidental expenses of issue. This would be at the rate of about two-thirds of a cent per capita for the population of the United States.

* * *

The Panama Bonds.

The offers for the Panama 2 per cent. bonds were still reaching the Treasury in large numbers. They will remain unopened until to-morrow afternoon, when the receipt of subscriptions closes. The number of bids closely approximates the number received for the loan of July 20, 1906, when an offer of $30,000,000 was subscribed to the amount of $446,000,000, or about fifteen times the amount offered. Nothing is known yet in regard to the amount of bids, which may differ greatly from the amount in 1906, as the result of a greater or less number of large syndicate bids. It is hardly expected that the price obtained will equal that of 1906, which was 104.03 per cent, but in view of the value of the bonds as security for circulation it is expected that a fair premium will be paid.

The limitation of the issue of one-year certificates to $25,000,000 or less is regarded by bankers here as a wise step in view of its influence in preventing an unnecessary expansion of banknote circulation.

* * *

The Working Balance.

The Treasury working balance, according to the terms of deposit which have been officially announced, will be increased about $11,250,000 when all the new securities are delivered. This represents 10 per cent. of the amount of the Panama bonds and one-quarter of the amount of the one-year certificates. The balance to-day was reduced to less than $5,500,000, but this ignores the large fund of cash held against outstanding checks and other similar liabilities. Internal revenue receipts have fallen off this month as compared with the same month a year ago by about $4,065,000 and customs receipts by about $3,000,000. A part of this decrease is due to the difficulty of obtaining currency for making payments which would otherwise be made.

Secretary Cortelyou continues to listen attentively to representations in regard to currency measures, but does not commit himself beyond the general necessity for intelligent legislation. One of these measures to be introduced will probably embody the views of George E. Roberts, president of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, who, with Controller Ridgely, is among those who have recently become convinced that a central bank of issue is the best cure for monetary difficulties.

CURRENCY PREMIUM

Goes As Low As Five-Eighths of One Per Cent. In New York.

New York, Nov. 29.—The premium on currency which has been paid in this city for the last few weeks almost disappeared to-day. The rate of premium went as low as five-eighths of 1 per cent., but subsequently advanced to seven-eighths of 1 per cent. on a demand for cash for Saturday's pay rolls. One of the largest savings banks in the city to-day notified depositors that it would allow withdrawals to be made at once by depositors who gave notice a month ago that they would demand their cash at the expiration of sixty days.

The importation of gold since the currency stringency began reached $89,900,000 to-day, when the subtreasury received $1,500,000 in United States gold coin from Mexico.

DEFINITE PLANS MADE

For Reorganization of Knickerbocker Trust Company.

New York, Nov. 29.—An important step looking toward the reorganization and reopening of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, which closed its doors last month with more than $60,000,000 in deposits and precipitated the recent financial crisis, was taken to-day at a meeting of the so-called Satterlee Committee of Depositors.

Rejecting all plans for a slow payment of claims, the organization of a holding company, etc., the committee formulated a definite plan for the rehabilitation of the Knickerbocker Trust Company and an early resumption of business. The provisions of the plan will not be made public until the other committee of the depositors have approved it, which probably will be done to-morrow.

Receiver For Wagon Works.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 29.—John L. Coxe was to-day named as receiver for the Keystone Wagon Works, of this city, a corporation capitalized at $400,000. The receiver's bond was fixed at $100,000.

Traction Terminal Burns.

Boonville, Ind., Nov. 29.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the terminal of the Evansville and Boonville traction line early this morning. The loss is estimated at $5,000.

THREE PLUMS

Set Aside By Augustus E. Willson For Lieutenants.

M. H. THATCHER, ALBERT SCOTT AND M'KENZIE TODD PICKED.

TWELFTH WARD REPUBLICANS WILL WITNESS INAUGURATION.

LARGE DELEGATION MADE UP.

Governor-elect Augustus E. Willson announced yesterday that he would appoint M. H. Thatcher, of Louisville, State Inspector and Examiner, to succeed Judge Henry B. Hines, who holds the position at present. He also authorized the statement that he would appoint McKenzie Todd, of Frankfort, his private secretary, and that he would appoint Col. Albert Scott a member of the Board of Control of the charitable institutions of the State at the expiration of the term of Robert Phillips, which is January 1.

Mr. Willson said in making the announcement of these appointments that he felt that he had done the best that he knew how for the interest of the people of the State. He also said that he wanted the people of Kentucky to know that he would appoint no kinsman of his to any office within his power, and no intimate friend, so far as that was concerned. He said that he felt that only he was elected to an office by the people of Kentucky, and not all the members of his family, as some people seem to understand it.

* * *

Personality of Appointees.

Mr. Thatcher, who will be appointed State Inspector and Examiner, is a well-known attorney of this city. For six years he was assistant United States District Attorney and made an efficient official. He is a native of Morgantown. Since his retirement from the Federal service he has been practicing law in Louisville. He took an active part both in the last city and State campaign. It was recognized that he was the strongest supporter that Mayor Grinstead had before the nomination was made.

McKenzie Todd, who is to be the private secretary to Gov. Willson, is a resident of Frankfort and was active in the last campaign. He was the private secretary to Gov. W. S. Taylor, but was not the private secretary of Gov. Bradley. It is said by Republican politicians that Mr. Todd has a more extensive acquaintance than any other Republican in the State.

Col. Albert Scott, who is to have a position on the Board of Control of the charitable institutions, is one of the best-known Republicans in Louisville. He was for years yardmaster in this city for the old J., M. and I. railroad. Afterward he became a contractor, and under President Harrison was Collector of Internal Revenue for the Louisville district. He has always taken an active part in Republican politics in Louisville and is recognized as a leader. Col. Scott made it known that he did not want a position that would take his residence away from Louisville.

* * *

To Attend Inauguration.

Arrangements for a trip to Frankfort on December 10 to participate in the inauguration of Augustus E. Willson as Governor were made by the Republicans of the Twelfth ward at a meeting held at Pfister's Hall, Twenty-fifth and Market streets, last night. It is believed that between 250 and 300 Republicans of this ward will board the special train that will leave the Tenth-street station at 7 o'clock on the morning of December 10. A brass band will head the delegation.

Herman Volkerding was elected chairman, Joe D. Bradburn secretary and Irvington Earl treasurer of the meeting last night. There were about 100 Republicans present. After the Finance Committee was chosen subscriptions were taken to defray the expense of the trip, which amounted to $69. The Finance Committee is composed of A. H. Hedden, T. J. Humbert, F. L. Watson, J. B. Wathen and W. R. Howard.

After arriving at Frankfort the Republicans will spend an hour in sight-seeing and then form in line and join the parade through the principal part of the city. The parade will disband in front of the Capitol at noon, when the inaugural exercises will be held.

Another meeting of the Twelfth ward Republicans will be held in conjunction with the Twelfth Ward Republican Club Tuesday night for the purpose of completing the details of the trip. All the Republicans of the other wards are invited to go on the trip.

FOR CUMBERLAND RIVER

CONGRESSMAN EDWARDS WILL ASK APPROPRIATION.

Representative From Eleventh District Says Burnside Wants Boats All Year Round.

The Hon. D. C. Edwards, Congressman from the Eleventh district of Kentucky, arrived in the city last night from his home at London, and is at The Seelbach. Mr. Edwards admitted that the result of the election in the State was a surprise to him, but said that he realized that there were reasons, other than that a lot of Democrats wanted to be Republicans, for the dogfall, if it may so be termed.

Congressman Edwards will leave for Washington at 6 o'clock to-night. He said that he had one particular thing that he was going to ask for this year in Congress, and that was an appropriation for the improvement of the upper Cumberland river. Said he:

"We want a boatable stage of water the year round from Burnside down the river. Improvements are being made on the river both below and above Nashville, but we want steamboats to come to Burnside the year round. We have no railroads in that section of the country, and we want some way to get our produce to market. It is a rich and fertile section of the State, both in mineral and other products. The railroads will not build extensions, and for that reason we want the Government to improve the river, which will give to the world produce of all kinds, as well as enable the people to utilize the vast natural resources. At the same time I am not averse to the proposed improvement of the Ohio river. That means much for our State."

FARMERS FIGHT AND TWO ARE KILLED.

Edward Ford Charged Frank and Joel McCoy With Poisoning His Horses and Shoots Both.

Bloomington, Ind., Nov. 29.—Frank McCoy, forty years old, was shot and killed and his father, Joel McCoy, was fatally wounded to-day, when Ed and Ford opened fire on the McCoys with a revolver. The shooting was the outcome of charges made by Ford that the McCoys had poisoned several of his horses. After being arrested Ford claimed he shot in self-defense.

The men are all well-to-do farmers.

BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH DEDICATION TO-DAY.

The Bethel Baptist church, colored, at Forest, will be dedicated to-morrow at 3 p. m. The Rev. G. W. Hampton will preach at 11 a. m. and the Rev. C. H. Parrish at 7:45 p. m. A large number of colored Baptists will attend from this city. The Rev. R. J. Terrell is pastor of the church.

GREATEST YET

Value of Farm Production Breaks All Records.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

CORN BIGGEST CROP AND RANKS FIRST IN IMPORTANCE.

NEW TOBACCO SOILS FOUND.

Washington, Nov. 29.—The eleventh annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture opens with the statement that the farm production for 1907 is well up to the average in quantity, while its value is much above that of any preceding year. The farmer will this year have more money to spend and more to invest than he ever had before out of his year's work.

Durum wheat was introduced into this country in the years 1899-1902 by the department at a first cost of $10,000. This year's crop is worth $30,000,000—more than twice the annual cost of the entire department; 3,000,000 acres are now used, much of it land formerly valueless, "the home of the prairie dog and the cactus."

Alfalfa is a wonderful plant for producing wealth. It not only yields several cuttings of most nutritious hay during a season, but actually enriches the ground on which it grows by taking nitrogen from the air. The department and the State experiment stations have done much to promote the extension of alfalfa growing. While production is yet confined mainly to the great West, this forage plant is yearly gaining a more substantial foothold in the Central and Southern States. The total crop of alfalfa hay in 1907 is estimated to be worth $100,000,000.

* * *

Animal Breeding.

In the heard maintained for the development of a type of American carriage horses, eleven foals were dropped, two males and nine females. The herd of Morgan horses contained, on July 1, one stallion, one two-year-old filly, eight younger fillies and one weanling. Eighty-nine ewes and four rams have been purchased for breeding a range type of sheep. Nine Minnesota breeders have agreed to co-operate in the production of a milking strain of Shorthorn cattle.

The co-operative feeding of steers in Alabama to show what can be done to improve native beef cattle in the South has been extended. Exhaustive co-operative feeding experiments with cattle have begun at the Missouri experiment station.

The area of forest land reserved by the Government was increased during 1907 by 43,000,000 acres, making the total area of the National Forests more than 160,000,000 acres. In fact, nearly all the timber land of the unappropriated public domain has now been brought under the administration of the Department of Agriculture. This means that these forests are now being guarded against fire, theft and wasteful exploitation; and that their power to grow wood and store water will be safeguarded for all time. At the same time their present supply of useful material is open to immediate use wherever needed. Timber is given away in small quantities through free-use permits to actual home-makers, and in larger quantities to communities for public purposes. Beyond this it is sold to the highest bidder, but under restrictions which will maintain a lasting supply.

While the primary object of setting aside and protecting these great forests is not to derive Government income but to preserve there great sources of prosperity for the use of this and future generations, it is certainly a source of satisfaction that the income from the National Forests was greater during the past fiscal year than the entire cost of administration. This income amounted to $1,530,000—twice as much as the income for 1906 and more than twenty times that for 1905.

The National Forests are not only yielding fuel and lumber, but they are grazed under Government regulations and supervision by vast herds of cattle and horses and flocks of sheep and goats; and under proper management their grazing capacity is rapidly increasing.

That the setting aside of these National Forests is not in the nature of a doubtful experiment is shown by the experience of European nations and proven by the vast expenditures these nations make for the preservation of their forests. Forest lands can be made to grow successive crops of trees just as surely as fields can be made to grow successive crops of wheat, and at the same time they conserve the water supply.

During the years and ages past fires have stripped great areas of Western mountain land of all forest growth. The reforesting of these is a matter of urgent necessity for the conservation of rain and snowfall. Tree planting on a large scale must be resorted to. Millions of seedling trees must be raised. Nurseries have been established, and this work is being pushed with energy. Broadcast sowings of tree seeds on burned-over land have been tried, with prospects for excellent results.

* * *

The Pure Food Law.

On October 17, 1906, the Secretaries of the Treasury, of Agriculture and of Commerce and Labor promulgated a comprehensive set of regulations for the enforcement of the so-called pure food law. The law became effective on January 1, 1907, and since that time the force of the Bureau of Chemistry, which does all analytical work under the law, has been more than doubled. A force of food inspectors has been appointed, branch inspection laboratories have been located in sixteen cities and a Board of Food and Drug Inspection has been established in Washington. The inspectors gather samples of suspected foods; the Bureau of Chemistry analyzes the samples in the branch laboratories or in the Washington laboratory (sometimes both); and all questions arising are considered by the Board of Food and Drug Inspection. Food manufacturers are cordially supporting the principles of the law, and no court cases were instituted during the year.

Speaking of the chief crops, the Secretary says that corn ranks first in importance. Besides its large use as a human food, as a live stock feed, "the starch of corn becomes the fat of the hog and the finish of the steer," thus becoming a great factor in the production of meats and meat products for export. While not as large as that of 1906, the value of the corn crop of 1907 is greater and is 26 per cent. above the average value of the crops of the preceding five years. He adds that eight such crops as that of 1907 would pay for duplicating every mile of steam railroad in the United States, with terminals, rolling stock and all property.

In value the cotton crop of 1907, estimated to be from $650,000,000 to $675,000,000, takes third place, if in the final estimates it does not displace hay for second rank. The commercial expectations are that the crop will be found to be the third one in size ever raised, and perceptibly larger than the average crop of the previous five years. Though its farm value is probably a little below that of last year's crop, in other respects it will be the most valuable cotton crop ever raised in this country, and 7 per cent. above the average farm value of the crops of the previous five years. Outside of the British East Indies, the production of cotton in the British colonies, possessions, and protectorates was 7,553 bales of 500 pounds gross weight in 1904 and 10,016 bales in 1905. In the French colonies, except French India and Indo-China, 400 bales were produced in 1904; in the German colonies, 1,500 bales in 1905.

The wheat crop of 1907 is 625,576,000 bushels, 5 per cent. less than the average quantity for the five preceding years. But the value is about $500,000,000, or 5½ per cent. more than the average, although the crops of 1901, 1902 and 1905 had each a slightly higher value than that of this year.

The seven cereal crops produced 4,135,000,000 bushels, showing a loss of 214,000,000 bushels, or 5 per cent. below the five-year average, the loss being chiefly due to oats. The total value is $2,378,000,000; this exceeds 1906 by $296,000,000 and is 23 per cent. above the average.

* * *

Production of Farms.

The value of the total farm productions in 1907 exceeded that of 1906, which was far above that of any preceding year. The total value for 1907 is $7,412,000,000, an amount 10 per cent. greater than the total for 1906, 17 per cent. greater than that of 1905, 20 per cent. above that of 1904, 25 per cent. in excess of that for 1903, and 57 per cent. greater than the total value for 1899. If we let 100 represent the total value for 1899, the value for 1903 would be represented by 125; that for 1904 by 131; for 1905 by 134; for 1906 by 143, and the total value for 1907 by 157.

The farmer depends not alone on his field crops. He produces meat animals; he keeps dairy cows; he raises sheep for mutton and for wool; he raises horses and mules; he keeps poultry. The animals sold from farms and those slaughtered on them in 1907 were worth about $1,270,000,000, or nearly twice as much as the cotton crop.

The dairy products of the country alone were worth nearly $800,000,000 in 1907, or much more than any crop save corn. Prices of both butter and milk have advanced.

The poultry and egg products for 1907 should be estimated at more than $600,000,000 in value. In fact, these products were worth more than the wheat crop. In 1899 the farm price of eggs averaged a trifle over eleven cents per dozen; in 1907 it was over eighteen cents. Dressed poultry sold in New York in 1899 for ten and three-quarter cents a pound; in 1907 for nearly fifteen cents.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1907, the domestic exports of farm products were valued at $1,055,000,000, or $79,000,000 above the high record for 1906. Plant products made up four-fifths of this total, cotton alone amounting to $482,000,000.

Animals and animal products—mostly packing-house products—were exported to the value of $255,000,000. The live animals exported were worth $41,000,000 and the dairy products $6,600,000.

Cotton is the greatest of all our exports, having, in 1907, 29½ per cent. of the total value. To animals and animal products must be credited 17 per cent. of the total; to grains and grain products, 16½ per cent.; to all other agricultural products, 6½ per cent.; and to forest products, 8 per cent. Thus farm and forest products made up, on a value basis, 71½ per cent. of the total exports of the United States in 1907.

Agricultural products value at $627,000,000 were imported during the past fiscal year—$403,000,000 worth of plant products and $224,000,000 worth of animal products. The principal items among these imports were: Sugar and molasses, $94,000,000; coffee, $78,000,000; fibers, $62,000,000; packing-house products (mostly hides and skins), $96,000,000; silk, $71,000,000; and wool, $42,000,000.

* * *

Balance of Trade.

During the fiscal year 1907 the exports of farm products exceeded the imports by $444,000,000, a balance that has been exceeded only four times—in 1898, 1899, 1901 and 1902.

Our foreign credit is sustained mainly by our farmers. For eighteen years, beginning with 1890, the farmers have not failed to secure a favorable balance, the lowest being that of 1895, $193,000,000; and the grand aggregate of the balances of trade in farm products for the eighteen years is $6,500,000,000. At the same time our foreign trade in nonagricultural products for the same period has shown an aggregate adverse balance of $456,000,000.

Thus a great stream of wealth has constantly been sent from farms to foreign countries to offset the adverse balance of trade in commodities other than agricultural, to pay the ocean freight costs on imports conveyed in foreign-owned ships, and to pay the interest, dividends and principal on investments in the United States by foreigners. It is the farmer who has sent credit to expatriated Americans; it is he who has provided the immigrant with millions to send every year to the loved ones in the old countries; and, if there is still any credit to dispose of, the farmer has provided the American traveler in foreign countries with his pocket money.

* * *

The Farmer's Thanksgiving.

The farmer has received much for which to be thankful. During the first half of the year he was threatened with general crop failure throughout the length and breadth of the country east of the Rocky Mountains. The very last day was exhausted that could be withheld from crop growth and still leave a harvest worth taking.

Every necessary day for the development of the corn crop was worth 20,000,000 bushels of corn. Cotton needed a longer time and offered to pay 30,000,000 pounds of lint for the favor of each day of growth during the full term. Wheat offered over 6,000,000 bushels a day, tobacco 7,000,000 pounds, potatoes 3,000,000 bushels and beets 6,000,000 pounds of sugar.

The entire wealth production of the farms was at stake and was dependent on a crop-growing season of sufficient length, and every one of its days was worth $50,000,000 to the farmer and to the nation.

At the end of the harvest the farmer has provided the country with commodities that are equal to the average of recent years in quantity and vastly more than are needed for national consumption. His labor and his knowledge have been rewarded with products the sum of whose value is $7,412,000,000.

The miner cannot restore the mineral to the mine. With the farmer it is different. The primal forces and atoms of the universe are his. The sun shines and the rain falls, and the farmer applies his art and science to inexhaustible resources, ever adding enormously to the country's wealth, capital, credit and welfare.

Mainly as results of the soil studies and surveys made by the Bureau of Soils, a leaf approaching Sumatra tobacco in texture has been produced in the Connecticut valley; in Florida a wrapper leaf has been produced which is taking foremost rank as a real competitor with Sumatra leaf; hundreds of acres of land in Texas and Alabama are now producing the finest filler leaf of the Cuban type; and methods of fermentation and handling tobacco in Ohio have been revolutionized.

* * *

Road Building.

In the construction of the object-lesson roads, in co-operation with local authorities, greater attention than heretofore was given to earth, sand-clay and gravel roads. Local authorities furnished common labor, materials, teams and fuel. The engineers representing the Department were instructed to ascertain the character of construction best suited to the locality, and under no circumstances to recommend any form of construction which, though excellent in itself, might be ill-suited to the locality or too costly to be continued. Sixteen roads were completed during the year, with a total of 200,711 square yards. One macadam road was built at a cost of 36.3 cents a square yard, exclusive of the assistance given by the Department.

Three hundred and eighty-four samples of road materials were received for testing, most of them from State officers, eleven States co-operating in this way.

A study of the corrosion of iron (begun in connection with metal culverts and fence wire) has demonstrated that the generally-accepted theory regarding the oxidation of iron is incorrect, and that by treating the surface of iron with a strong oxidizing agent the rusting can be prevented so long as the oxidizing agent is present. A study of rock powders as to their binding qualities on road surfaces led to an investigation of the extraction of potash from feldspathic rocks. It seems probable that these studies will develop a practicable method for extracting potash from such rocks, in which case our dependence upon foreign sources for potash will be somewhat decreased.

The existence of macadam roads depends upon the retention of the rock dust formed by the wearing of the surface. The action of heavy rubber-tired automobiles soon strips a macadam road of all fine material, and the road disintegrates. This presents a serious problem. The Department has investigated the systems in use in Europe to prevent such disintegration, and has conducted experiments with several materials designed to preserve macadam road surfaces. This subject should engage the earnest attention of the National Government.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
[Business Established Sixty Years.]
NEW YORK STORE.

HABERDASHERY— Main Floor.

MEN'S CORRECT WINTER FURNISHINGS
SPECIALLY PRICED
—FOR—
TO-DAY'S SELLING.

SHIRTS.
Extra value in Men's Shirts, light and dark patterns; attached or detached cuffs; coat model; all new designs—$1.50 each, three for $4.25.

NECKWEAR.
A complete assortment of all colors in the new Woven Silk Scarfs; regular $1.00 qualities—Special 50c.

UNDERWEAR.
Good quality Merino and Ribbed Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, sizes 30 to 50—Special at 50c.

HALF HOSE.
100 dozen Men's Half Hose; regular 25c values—Special Saturday at 17c; six pairs for $1.00.

GLOVES— Main Floor.

REDUCTION SALE TO-DAY
—OF—
WOMEN'S GENUINE FRENCH KID GLOVES
—IN—
BLACK, WHITE AND COLORS.

Regular $2.50 8-button length Gloves at....$2.00 pair
Regular $3.25 12-button length Gloves at....$2.75 pair
Regular $3.75 16-button length Gloves at....$3.25 pair
(Above prices for Saturday only).

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED.)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

CLASSIC COLONIALS
form a most important feature in our splendid assortment of fine
FURNITURE
In no other designs can you find the same beauty of outline, the same perfect proportion, the exquisite coloring of the mahogany of which they are made. You are asked to see this great display.
KEISKER'S 586 4th Ave.

Lortz & Frey Planing Mill Co. INCORPORATED.
WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF HARDWOOD DOORS & INTERIOR FINISH
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF MILL WORK.
LUMBER, ETC.
Both Phones 1259.

POWER PLANTS ELECTRIC MACHINERY
F. A. CLEGG & CO.
Heating and Ventilating Apparatus
238 THIRD STREET. LOUISVILLE, KY.

JOHN M. ATHERTON, President. FRANK MILLER, Vice President. BRENT ALTSHELER, Treasurer.
Lincoln Savings Bank
CAPITAL $350,000.00.
In its new building, owned by the bank,
N. W. Cor. Fourth and Market.
OPEN FOR SAVINGS SATURDAY EVENINGS FROM 6 TO 8.
Directors are prominent business men of this city.

COLORED ORPHANS' HOME AIDED BY ENTERTAINMENT.

The charitable entertainment at Odd Fellows Hall Thanksgiving night for the benefit of the Colored Orphans' Home, given under the auspices of the colored women's sewing circle, was a success. A neat sum was raised and the contributions and donations, also provisions given exceeded those of previous years. The institution depends largely upon voluntary contributions. The home was purchased many years ago and has been running on a business basis every since. The home is located at Eighteenth and Dumesnil streets.

Fred H. Schmidt's Death.

Fred H. Schmidt, aged nineteen years, died at 1 o'clock yesterday morning at the home of his father, John Schmidt, 1114 Goss avenue. Mr. Schmidt had been ill of a complication of diseases for several weeks and his death was expected. Besides his parents he is survived by four sisters, Misses Mamie, Edna, Lorene and Henrietta Schmidt, and one brother, William Schmidt. The funeral services will be held at the residence to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The interment will be in Eastern cemetery.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS WILL REORGANIZE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 29.—The Indiana State Democratic Committee met here to-day and decided to meet again January 8 to elect a State chairman and reorganize the committee. It was decided to hold the district meeting January 2.

Delegates to the district conventions will be selected December 28.

Chairman W. H. O'Brien says he is not a candidate for re-election.

Alleged Pickpocket.

Edward Taylor, who is suspected by the police of having been connected with the stealing of a pocketbook containing $41 from Rudy Vogt, on a Fourth-avenue car several days ago, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Sexton and Brown. He was taken to the Central Police station, where he was charged with suspected felony.



HEADS FALLING

Abner Harris First To Feel Executioner's Ax.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT WHARF-MASTER ABOLISHED.

BOARD OF SAFETY MAKES SOME POLICE ELEVATIONS.

NUMEROUS TIPS GO ROUNDS.

Abner Harris is among the first to feel the keen edge of the executioner's axe at the City Hall. When he opens his mail to-day he will find a letter from the Board of Public Works, notifying him that the office of Assistant Wharfmaster has been abolished and that his services in that capacity are no longer required. The office had a salary attached of $100 a month. It was held by Frank Drewry until the Bingham administration, when the official head of Mr. Drewry was cut off and Mr. Harris was named to succeed him. Mr. Harris has been a life-long Democrat and during the Grainger administration was a member of the Board of Aldermen.

John J. Barry, who for a number of years had served as watchman at the wharf, was yesterday relieved from duty by the Board of Public Works. His successor has not yet been named. Among the supervisors employed in the Engineer's Department who were laid off yesterday are: R. L. Whitney, who has been supervising the work on the City Hall annex; John Woprice and Norborne G. Gray.

The Board of Public Works also accepted yesterday the resignation of William Dickerson, bookkeeper for the board. Mr. Dickerson resigned to accept the position of superintendent of the Louisville Public Warehouse.

* * *

Appointments Under Consideration.

For several hours yesterday afternoon the Board of Public Works was in session behind closed doors. When the meeting was finally adjourned, the three members of the board went to the Mayor's office, where they were closeted with the Chief Executive for more than an hour. While no announcements were made, it is known that the board was occupied yesterday afternoon in going over the names of those holding positions under the board with a view to making removals and naming Republicans to fill vacancies thus created.

Only a brief session of the Board of Public Safety was held yesterday, but during that time a number of promotions were made. L. P. Speed, who, during the Bingham administration was promoted from patrolman to the rank of Sergeant Detective, was yesterday promoted to the rank of Lieutenant of Police. Thomas Smoot was promoted from patrolman to the rank of Corporal, and will have charge of the horses in the police service and will look after the patrolling stations. John DeMarsh was promoted from Corporal to the rank of Sergeant Detective.

Mayor James F. Grinstead said late yesterday afternoon that he would not be ready to make any of his appointments this week. He would not say whether he would be ready to make any announcements Monday. His entire time was taken up in receiving visits from "place-hunters," and when he finally dismissed his last visitor, there was a look of weariness on his kindly features.

* * *

Numerous Tips In Circulation.

Among the hot tips that were going the rounds at the City Hall yesterday afternoon was one to the effect that Theophilus Stern, who, for a time during the Todd administration, served as president of the Board of Councilmen, was to be named by Mayor Grinstead as City Buyer. The chances of Mr. Stern for this appointment are said to be excellent. The office is now held by Benjamin Howe, who was appointed to it by former Mayor Bingham. Mr. Howe, it is said, had hoped to hold on under Mayor Grinstead.

John Greiner, the well-known contractor, is tipped as the probable successor to Robert J. Tilford, Building Inspector. Mr. Greiner is a staunch Republican and is said to be a close friend of A. E. Willson, Governor-elect.

Mayor Grinstead had a conference yesterday with Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney. The Mayor denied yesterday afternoon that the conference had anything to do with appointments to be made by him.

During his conversation relative to saloons, Mr. Kirwan said he did not think a saloon should be run in connection with a grocery.

"I am in favor of divorcing the two," he said. "There is many a man who works hard all week, and on Saturday, when he goes to the grocery to pay his week's bill, drifts on into the saloon and spends the rest of his earnings there. The joint grocery and saloon is a temptation that should be done away with."

AT THE CHURCHES.

Services will be held in Louisville churches to-morrow as follows:

* * *

Baptist.

—Third-avenue, Third avenue between Lee and Bloom streets, the Rev. S. J. Cannon, pastor—At 11 a. m., "Some Things a Church Owes Its Pastor;" 7:30 p. m., "Some Things a Pastor Owes His Church."

—Immanuel, corner Oak and Clay streets, the Rev. Thomas A. Johnson, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Subjects, morning, "Apostolic Confirmation;" evening, "God's Claim Upon Men."

—Walnut-street, Third avenue and St. Catherine street, the Rev. Henry Alford Porter, D. D., pastor—Morning service at 11 o'clock with preaching by the pastor; subject "The Wings of the Seraphim." Evening services at 7:30 o'clock, when Dr. Porter will again preach. Subject, "The Blunder of a Governor."

—East, Chestnut street, above Preston street—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor, the Rev. Lloyd T. Wilson, D. D.

—Twenty-second and Walnut-street, the Rev. M. P. Hunt, pastor—Preaching morning and evening by the pastor. Themes, 11 a. m., "Effective Prayer—Examples From the Bible;" 7:45 p. m., "The Sinner on Trial."

—Chestnut-street, the Rev. J. M. Weaver, pastor—At 11 a. m., "Christ's Threefold Promise," and at 7:45 p. m., "God's Mercies and Faithfulness."

—Calvary, Eighteenth and Prentice streets—The Rev. J. S. Detweiler, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m., "Living Unto Christ." Subject at 7:30 p. m., "Sickness and Salvation."

—Portland-avenue, Thirty-third and Portland avenue—Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. L. W. Smith, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

—Hazlewood, the Rev. Charles B. Althoff, pastor—Subject at 11 a. m., "Christ Our King," and at 7:30 o'clock, "Our Commission."

—Broadway—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Prof. John R. Sampey, D. D.

* * *

Christian.

—First, the Rev. E. L. Powell, pastor—Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject, "The Prosperity that is Permanent."

—Third, 2314 West Chestnut street, the Rev. D. F. Stafford, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Woman and Her Work." Evening subject, "Religion."

—Church of Christ, Campbell street, between Main and Market, the Rev. M. C. Kurfees, minister—Morning subject, "Zealous of Good Works." Evening subject, "Remission of Sins."

—Crescent Hill, Crescent avenue, near Frankfort, the Rev. Roger T. Nooe, pastor—Morning subject, "The Picture of a Church." Evening subject, "The Test of Loyalty."

—Clifton, Vernon avenue, near Frankfort, the Rev. T. S. Tinsley, pastor—Morning subject, "The Primacy of the Kingdom." In the evening the annual C. W. B. M. service will be held.

—Parkland, 2416 Catalpa street, the Rev. G. W. Nutter, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

* * *

Episcopal.

—Calvary, Fourth avenue, between York and Breckinridge streets, the Rev. J. G. Minnigerode, D. D., rector—Litany, sermon and holy communion at 11 a. m. Evening prayer at 4:30 o'clock.

—Church of the Epiphany, Eighteenth and Chestnut streets, the Rev. William DuHamel, rector—Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer and address at 7:45 o'clock.

—St. James, Cane Run road—Evening prayer and sermon at 4 o'clock.

—Church of the Advent, Broadway and Baxter avenue, the Rev. Harry S. Musson, rector—Holy communion at 7 a. m. Morning prayer, sermon and holy communion at 11 o'clock. Splendid music by the combined choirs both morning and evening, it being the twentieth anniversary of the building of the church. Sermon in the evening by the Right Rev. Bishop Woodcock.

—St. Andrew's, Second and Kentucky streets, the Rev. John K. Mason, D. D., rector; the Rev. F. W. Hardy, assistant rector—Morning service, with holy communion, at 11 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

—St. Peter's, the Rev. A. E. Whatham, rector—Holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:45 o'clock.

—Trinity, the Rev. A. E. Whatham, rector—Holy communion and sermon at 9 a. m.

—St. Mark's, Frankfort avenue and Kennedy Place, the Rev. R. L. McCready, rector—Holy communion at 9 a. m. Holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school and Bible class at 9:45 a. m.

—St. Luke's Hobbs Memorial chapel, Anchorage—Divine service and sermon at 5 p. m. by the Rev. R. L. McCready, rector.

—Christ Church Cathedral, Second street, between Green and Walnut, the Rev. Charles Ewell Craik, D. D., dean—Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Litany, holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m. Choral evensong at 4 o'clock. Organ recital after service.

—St. Stephen's, Fisher avenue, between Mary and Oak streets, the Rev. F. W. Hardy, pastor—The last service in the old church will be held at 7:30 p. m.

—St. John's, 1115 West Jefferson street, the Rev. C. P. Sparling, M. A., rector—Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 o'clock.

* * *

Lutheran.

—First English, Broadway, between Preston and Jackson streets—The pastor, Dr. S. S. Waltz, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning theme, "A Little Child Shall Lead Them." Evening theme, "Watchman, What of the Night?"

—Second English, 2115 West Jefferson street, the Rev. H. K. Fenner, pastor—Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

—Third English, 1510 Story avenue, the Rev. Charles A. Wilson, Ph. D., pastor—Subject at 10:45 a. m., "David's Beatitude." Subject at 7:30 p. m., "The Downfall of a Reformed Embezzler." This is the second of a series of sermons on "Old Parables in New Clothes."

—Grace English, Twenty-sixth street, near Bank street, the Rev. F. F. Kayhoe, pastor—Subject at 11 a. m., "The Church and the Coming Sabbath." At 7:30 p. m., "The Second Coming of Christ."

—Trinity, Highland and Rubel avenues, the Rev. A. C. Miller, pastor—Subject at 11 a. m., "Making Straight Paths;" at 7:45 p. m., "The Battle Cry of a Man With a Purpose."

* * *

Methodist.

—Fourth-avenue, the Rev. W. B. Beauchamp, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning topic, "The Christianity of Christ." Evening topic, "The Power of Public Sentiment."

—Marcus Lindsey Memorial, Shelby and Main streets, the Rev. C. F. Wimberly, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. by Dr. T. R. Kendall and at 7:30 p. m. by Dr. Arthur Mather.

—Trinity, Third avenue, between Walnut and Chestnut streets, the Rev. Edmund Booth Patterson, D. D., pastor—Morning service at 11 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Subject, "Have You Heard the Rumor? Nobody Believes It."

—Lander Memorial, Cherokee Road and Slaughter avenue, the Rev. T. R. Kendall, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. by the Rev. Dr. B. M. Messick, presiding elder, and in the evening by the pastor.

—Broadway, Broadway and Floyd street, the Rev. Alonzo Monk, D. D., pastor—Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Subject of the morning theme, "The First Beatitude." Subject of the evening sermon, "The First Commandment."

—Parkland, Thirty-fourth street and High avenue, the Rev. Charles A. Humphrey, pastor—Sermon at 11 a. m. Subject, "The Silence of Religion." Open meeting of Woman's Foreign Missionary Society at 7:30 p. m. Addresses by Mrs. E. B. Dye and Mrs. Belle Whitehead.

—Wesley, Twenty-third and Jefferson streets, the Rev. Dr. Fellows, pastor—Sermon by the Rev. J. B. Wolfe, D. D., of Pana, Ill., at 11 a. m. Stereopticon views on the "Life of John Wesley," with pictured hymns, at 7:30 p. m.

—Jefferson-street, Twentieth and Jefferson streets, the Rev. J. S. Chandler, pastor—Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

—Virginia-avenue, Virginia avenue and Cypress street, the Rev. William P. Baird, pastor—Morning worship at 11 o'clock. Evening worship at 7:30 o'clock. The pastor will preach.

—Rivers Memorial, 622 East Ormsby avenue, the Rev. B. F. Atkinson, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

—Beechmont, the Rev. C. R. Crowe, pastor—Preaching morning and evening.

* * *

Presbyterian.

—First Presbyterian, Fourth avenue, between Broadway and York street.—Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. J. S. Lyons, D. D., at 11 a. m.; subject, "A Wonderful Success." At 7:30 p. m., subject, "A Slumbering Fire."

—Second, Second street and Broadway, the Rev. Egbert Watson Smith, D. D., pastor—Services at 11 a. m. by the pastor and at 7:30 p. m.; subject, "Run! Speak to That Young Man."

—Fourth, Hancock street, between Main and Market streets, the Rev. J. Melville Fisher, pastor—The Rev. Frank E. Moore will preach at 11 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

—Fourth-avenue, Fourth avenue and Kentucky street, the Rev. W. Francis Irwin, minister—Morning subject at 11 o'clock, "The Sower and the Seed." Evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

—Stuart Robinson, Sixth street and Victoria Place, the Rev. H. W. McLaughlin, pastor—Public worship at 11 a. m., subject, "Righteousness." Subject at 7:30 p. m., "Faith."

—Westminster, First street and Ormsby avenue, the Rev. J. Watson Graybill, pastor—Bible school for young and old at 9:30 a. m. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m., subject, "The Blessed Life." At 7:30 p. m., subject, "The United Order of Appreciators."

—Warren Memorial, Fourth avenue and Broadway—Divine worship at 11 a. m., subject, "The Renewal of All Things," and at 7:30 p. m., subject, "Song in Church History." The Rev. Henry E. Dosker will preach at both services.

—Flora Heights, Twenty-first street and Bolling avenue, the Rev. E. O. Sutherland, minister—Worship at 11 a. m., subject, "Regard for the Person and Character of Our Brother," and at 7:30 p. m., subject, "The Effect of Fear."

—Woodland, the Rev. E. S. Marshall, pastor—Reguar services at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

—Highland, Highland avenue and New Broadway, the Rev. T. M. Hawes, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Never Man Spake Like This Man;" evening subject, "Confiding in Christ."

—Associate Reformed, Seventh and Chestnut streets, the Rev. S. W. Reid, pastor—Preaching by the Rev. L. I. Echols, of South Carolina, at 11 a. m., "Be Ready," and at 7:30 p. m., "The Nearness of Death."

—Berry Boulevard—The Rev. R. Excell Fry will preach at 3:30 p. m. on "Sampson, the Joker of Israel," and at 7:45 p. m. on "True Righteousness."

* * *

Reformed.

—Zion, Broadway and Hancock street, the Rev. J. Otto Vitz, pastor—Morning service at 10:30 o'clock, in English; subject, "Seeking and Finding." Evening service at 7:45 o'clock, in English; subject, "Setting a Good Example."

—Milton-avenue, Milton avenue and Hoertz street, the Rev. J. Otto Vitz, pastor—Sunday-school at 2:15 p. m.; English service at 3:15 p. m. The Rev. F. C. Witthoff will preach the sermon.

—South Louisville, Gagel's Addition—Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

—Salem, Preston street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, the Rev. C. F. Kriete, D. D., pastor—Morning service at 10:15 o'clock, in German; subject, "The Coming of the Lord." Evening service at 7:30 o'clock, in English; subject, "The Unwelcome Presence of Christ."

—West Broadway, Broadway and Pope Place, the Rev. F. C. Witthoff, pastor—Morning service at 10:30 o'clock; subject, "The Dominant Chord." Evening service at 7:30 o'clock; subject, "The Man for the Man of Galilee."

* * *

Unitarian.

—Church of the Messiah, Fourth avenue and York street, the Rev. William H. Ramsay, minister—Preaching at 11 a. m. by the Rev. Fred V. Hawley, of Chicago.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

—Hope Rescue Mission, the Rev. William M. Bruce, superintendent—Gospel services every night at 7:45 o'clock. Bible class every Sunday morning at 9:15 o'clock. Free supper Saturday night at 7:30 o'clock.

—Union Gospel Mission, 128 East Jefferson street, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Cardwell, superintendent—Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Industrial school Saturday from 10 to 12 o'clock. Services every night at 7:30 o'clock. Mothers' meeting at 2 p. m. Tuesday.

—Church of the Soul, Odd Fellows' Temple, the Rev. T. B. Grunwald, pastor—Subject at 7:30 p. m.: "The Unpopular Man."

—Portland Bible class, Lewis Hall, Twenty-sixth street, between Portland avenue and Bank street, the Rev. Franklin Hall, pastor—Subject at 10:30 a. m.: "Salt." The evening service will be held at 2220 Portland avenue for the remainder of the winter.

—First Church of Christ, Scientist, 748 Fourth avenue—Subject at 11 a. m.: "God the Only Cause and Creator."

THIRTIETH ANNIVERSARY, CHURCH AND PASTORATE

Will Be Celebrated To-morrow At Second English Lutheran Church.

Special services will be held in the Second English Lutheran church, 2115 West Jefferson street, to-morrow, in celebration of the thirtieth anniversary of the church and of Dr. H. K. Fenner's pastorate. Services will be held at 9 a. m., 10:45 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. Special musical programmes have been arranged, as follows:

10:45 A. M.

Organ Prelude—Largo............Handel
Anthem—Venite in E..............Lacey
Anthem—Lord, How Manifold Are Thy Works.........................Hall
Offertory Solo—O Loving Father.......Del Riego
Miss Schneider.
Organ Postlude—March in G........Smart

7:45 P. M.

Prelude—Organ and 'cello.........Selected
Anthem—Bless the Lord............Lowden
Anthem—Trust In the Lord........Handel
Solo—Remember Thy Creator.......Cowles
Mr. Kanston.
Anthem—Let Mount Zion Rejoice......Herbert
Postlude—Organ and cornet.......Selected

At 10:45 a. m. Dr. Fenner will deliver an historical address, reviewing the work of the church since its organization, in 1877, during all of which time he has been pastor. At 7:45 p. m. a reminiscence and fellowship service will be held, at which time the Rev. Dr. Charles R. Hemphill, Prof. William H. Bartholomew and the pastor will speak.

On Monday night at 8 o'clock Dr. and Mrs. Fenner will give a reception to the members of the congregation in the parlors of the church.

HANUKKAH SERVICES AT TEMPLE ADATH ISRAEL.

The musical programme for the Hanukkah service at the Temple Adath Israel to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock will be as follows:

Prelude—Violin and organ..........Handel
Anthem—See the Conquering Hero Comes........................Handel
Bor'Chu.
She'ma Yisroel.
Boruch Shem.
Bass Solo—Arm, Arm, Ye Brave...Handel
Douglas Webb.
Postlude..........................Guilmant

Monthly Song Service.

The regular monthly song service will be held at the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian church to-morrow evening, beginning at 7:45 o'clock, at which time the following programme will be carried out: Organ Prelude, Scherzo—Callauts. Anthem, Praise Ye the Lord—Owst. Anthem, Behold I Have Given You—Harris. Alto Solo, O God Who Is Like Unto Thee—Foster. Anthem, While the Earth Remaineth—Tours. Anthem, Ye Shall Dwell in the Land—Stainer. Organ Postlude, Overture in C—Mendelssohn. Quartet—Soprano, Mrs. Newton G. Crawford; alto, Miss Virginia H. Shafer; tenor, J. Temple Robinson; bass, Peter J. Schlicht; organist and director, W. R. Hamill.

Sunday-School Class Rally Day.

Class No. 23 of the Broadway Methodist Episcopal church, Floyd street and Broadway, will have its regular monthly rally day to-morrow morning at 9:30 o'clock.

The following will be the order of exercises: Violin Solo, Reveries—Miss Blanche Sale; Mrs. Kuersteiner, accompanist. Address, Sampson—E. E. Mitchell. Vocal Solo, "Thou Wilt Keep Him in Perfect Peace"—Miss Mary Chiles, Mt. Sterling; Mrs. Kuersteiner, accompanist.

TO PROSECUTE PURSE SNATCHERS DAY OR NIGHT.

Judge McGee, After Trying Negro Charged With Habit, Decides To Hold Court At Any Time.

Judge J. Wheeler McGee, of the Police Court, and Hill Spaulding, City Prosecuting Attorney, yesterday announced their willingness to hold court at any time, day or night, if notified of any arrest for purse-snatching. This announcement was made yesterday afternoon during the hearing of the case of Pete Owsley, a negro, charged with snatching a purse from Mrs. Georgia Malo, of 1063 Sixth street. Several women who had been with Mrs. Malo at the time of the purse-snatching identified Owsley as the man who had snatched the pocket-book and Judge McGee held the negro over to the grand jury under $1,000 bond.

"I am determined to break up this habit of purse-snatching which has become such a terror and annoyance to respectable women of our city," said Judge McGee. "Whenever a case of purse-snatching is discovered and an arrest made in connection with it, I wish that someone would notify me of the fact. I shall then be willing, no matter what the hour, day or night, or where I may be at the time, to hold court and try the case."

Mr. Spaulding announced a similar willingness on his own part.

MORE NEW DEPUTIES NAMED BY COUNTY CLERK.

Other Subordinates In Courthouse Offices Fear Outlook For Civil Service Reform Isn't Good.

County Clerk Mark H. Gabhart yesterday appointed Miss A. M. Trefzer and W. D. Archer as deputies. As yet no other deputies have been removed to take their places.

It is believed that the shake-up in chief for which the County Clerk's office is booked will arrive either to-day or Monday. Mr. Gabhart is kept quite busy entertaining applicants for berths under him. Just what portion of the old force will hold on, if any, is problematical. At all events nearly all of them are busy making other arrangements for their future. They say that the signs don't look right for the appearance of civil-service reform in their part of the Courthouse.

Runaway On Fourth Avenue.

A horse belonging to D. H. Ewing & Sons, the dairymen, which was hitched to one of their delivery wagon, ran away yesterday afternoon along Fourth avenue, from Magnolia avenue to Walnut street, before being recaptured. Edward Leitsch, the driver, was delivering some milk, when the horse became frightened and ran in Fourth avenue at great speed. On the way the vehicle narrowly escaped collision with several automobiles and other carriages, but no one was injured.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ending November 29 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	56	T	Marquette	28	.08
Amarillo	58	.00	Memphis	52	.00
Atlanta	52	.48	Modena	52	.00
Bismarck	52	T	Montgomery	62	.36
Cairo	50	.00	Nashville	52	.00
Cincinnati	44	.00	New Orleans	60	0.0
Charlotte	46	.02	New York	44	.00
Chattanooga	52	.00	North Platte	58	.00
Chicago	38	.00	Oklahoma	56	.00
Corp. Christi	64	T	Omaha	42	.00
Davenport	38	.00	Palestine	54	.00
Dodge City	58	.00	Pittsburg	42	.00
El Paso	58	.00	San Antonio	60	.00
Fort Smith	56	.00	Shreveport	54	.00
Galveston	58	.00	St. Louis	50	.00
Indianapolis	40	.00	St. Paul	26	T
Jacksonville	66	1.18	Vicksburg	54	.02
Kansas City	52	.00	Washington	44	.00
Little Rock	52	.00	Yel'st'ne Pk	38	.00

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Nov. 29, 1907.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.29	30.27
Temperature	29	40
Dewpoint	28	24
Relative humidity	93	50
Wind velocity	1	4
State of weather	Foggy	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

[Official.] Louisville, Nov. 29, 1907.

Constants and Normals

Maximum temperature	48
Minimum temperature	28
Mean temperature	38
Normal temperature	42
Departure for day	—4
Departure for month	—30
Departure since March 1	—145
Prevailing winds	N'west'ly
Mean barometer	30.28
Mean relative humidity	72
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	*0.13
Departure for day	*—0.13
Departure for month	*—0.98
Departure since March 1	*—2.28

*Inches.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river had begun to fall last evening with a stage of 6 feet 5 inches on the falls, 8 feet 7 inches in the canal and 20 feet 1 inch below the locks. Business on the wharf was fairly good. The weather was fair and cool.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati and way points at 5 p. m....Lizzie Bay, Capt. Thomas, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....Glenmore, Capt. Zoll, for Evansville and lower river ports at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati....Lizzie Bay, from and to Carrollton....Tell City, Capt. Howard, for Evansville....Glenmore, Capt. Zoll, from Evansville....W. W. O'Neil, with tow of empties, for Pittsburg....Falls City, Capt. Pryor, for Frankfort.

DRIFTWOOD.

While the coal fleet left Pittsburg on the recent rise the vanguard of the tows is not expected to reach Louisville before Monday....The W. W. O'Neil, with empties, arrived from the lower river, and left for Pittsburg in the afternoon....The John A. Wood, with empty barges from Cairo, is expected to reach Louisville to-day on her way up....The City of Louisville was the Cincinnati packet, and had a fair trip of passengers and freight.... Business on the wharf is beginning to recover its normal tone. For a time it was at very low ebb, due in large measure to the financial stringency....The Helen M. Gould, which has been entirely refitted and renovated, is expected to come down from Madison next Monday. She will take the place of the Lizzie Bay as the regular packet in the Carrollton, Louisville and Madison coast trade....The Tell City, Capt. Howard, had a very good trip to Evansville....Falls City left for Frankfort at 3 p. m. with a fair trip. She will return Monday next, and will make the return trip on next Friday, being a change from the original schedule, which called for two trips a week....Holiday merchants at Pittsburg were ordered to either pay a city license of $25 or to get off the wharf. Great commotion among the poultry peddlers ensued, but the majority of them "came across."...The present rise is bringing 1,500,000 bushels of coal. Leaving Pittsburg on Thanksgiving eve, the majority of the boatmen carried their turkey dinners with them....Memphis rivermen are experiencing trouble on account of the scarcity of negro deckhands and roustabouts....Most of the shipments of coal from Pittsburg on the present rise are destined for Louisville, which is a central shipping point for Southern Indiana and Kentucky.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The water in the harbor is being held up by the first snow water of this season. A rise is coming out of the Youghiogheny river as a result of snow melting. There is about a foot of snow covering the hills of the Allegheny valley, but the weather was not warm enough to cause any appreciable amount of melting. There was 6 feet at Davis Island dam and 5.7 feet at No. 2 dam, Ohio river, to-night and falling.

Wheeling, Nov. 29.—River 7.6 feet, falling.

Point Pleasant, Nov. 29.—River 11.5 feet, falling. Clear.

Cincinnati, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the river at Cincinnati was 20 feet 6 inches and rising. Fair. Departures of packets to-day were: Courier for Maysville; Bonanza for Madison; Indiana for Louisville. Packets due Saturday are: Virginia from Pittsburg; Greenwood from Pomeroy; Lizzie Bay from Madison; City of Louisville from Louisville.

Madison, Ind., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—River 18.7 feet, falling. Clear and cool.

Evansville, Nov. 29.—River 12 feet, rising. Fair.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—River 5.9 feet, a fall of one-tenth of a foot in twenty-four hours. Arrived: City of Saltillo from Memphis. Fair and moderate.

Memphis, Nov. 29.—River 10.8 feet, a fall of three-tenths of a foot in twenty-four hours. The James Lee departed for Friars Point. The Sadie Lee arrived from Cairo and leaves to-morrow evening. The towboat Herman Paepcke, with barge of lumber and barge of logs, passed up for the Ohio river.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Nov. 29.—Arrived: Steamers La Provence, Havre; Cedric, Liverpool and Queenstown; Arconia, Libau and Rotterdam.

Boston, Nov. 29.—Arrived: Steamers Cymric, Liverpool, via Queenstown; Bostonian, Manchester.

Liverpool, Nov. 29.—Sailed: Steamers Colinian, New Orleans; Louisiana, Colon.

Queenstown, Nov. 29.—Arrived: Steamer Arabic, New York, for Liverpool, and proceeded. Sailed: Steamer Celtic, from Liverpool, for New York.

Palermo, Nov. 28.—Sailed: Steamer Perugia, from Leghorn, for New York.

Dartmouth, Nov. 29.—Sailed: Steamer Alexandria, from Copenhagen, for Boston.

Marseilles, Nov. 26.—Sailed: Steamer Roma, New York.

Southampton, Nov. 29.—Sailed: Steamer Amerika, from Hamburg, for New York, via Cherbourg.

WEATHER RECORDS FOR THIRTY-SIX DECEMBERS.

F. J. Walz, District Forecaster for the Louisville Weather Bureau, has compiled statistics of the weather conditions for the month of December for the past thirty-six years, and from these it may be inferred what kind of weather may be expected for the month which will be ushered into-morrow. The mean or normal temperature for December in the last thirty-six years has been 38 degrees. The warmest month was in 1889, with an average temperature of 52 degrees. The coldest month was that of 1876, with an average of 26 degrees. The highest temperature was 74 degrees, on December 31, 1875, and the lowest was 7 degrees below zero, December 29, 1880, and December 15, 1901. The average precipitation for the month is 3.79 inches. The greatest monthly precipitation was 7.93 inches, in 1879. The monthly precipitation was 1.24 inches, in 1876.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—You to know we are headquarters for matt and Japanese ware; also the air plant that lasts so long. C. B. THOMPSON, Florist, 632 Fourth.*

WANTED—Entertainers; young lady and gentleman desire engagement at lodges, receptions, etc.; city or suburbs; terms reasonable. Address O 102, this office. *

WANTED—I pay highest prices for feathers, furniture, carpets, stoves. W. SMITH, 103 E. Market. Phones, Main 2050—A. Home 0027. **

WANTED—TO SELL—The owner having no further use for a handsome natural gas hall stove. Apply 906 Fourth. *

WANTED—You to know that we are headquarters for Japanese air plant. C. B. THOMPSON, 632 Fourth ave. *

WANTED—To buy a small-size three-wheel perambulator. Address B 153, this office. *

WANTED—Room and board by young man in private Catholic family. Address T 150, this office.

FOR SALE—120-acre farm near city; $2,500. Apply 434 Camp st. *

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—A high-grade specialty salesman to cover Louisville and adjacent Kentucky territory; only those with excellent recommendations, showing absolute fitness, need apply. Address CUDAHY PACKING CO., 33 Michigan ave., Chicago, Ill. *

WANTED—An experienced traveling salesman to carry a line of overalls, shirts and drawers for Kentucky and adjoining States. Give full particulars and references. Address STANDARD OVERALL CO., 413 W. Pratt st., Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—Cigar salesman; experience unnecessary; $100 per month and expenses. PEERLESS CIGAR CO., Toledo, O.

WANTED—Two more salesmen. Good position with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson. *

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Agents; $300 every month selling our wonderful Seven-piece Kitchen Set; send for sworn statement of $12 daily profit; exclusive territory; outfit free. THOMAS MFG. CO., 554 Jeff st., Dayton, O. *

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—THE NAVY needs many good men, with or without trades; age limit for mechanics, 21 to 35; pay $25 to $70 a month. Young men without trades may enlist between 17 and 25, as apprentice seamen and be sent to Naval Training Station for instruction. Pay clear of living expenses and first outfit of uniform. Apply Navy Recruiting Station, Postoffice bldg. *

WANTED—A first-class cylinder pressman on high-class color and half-tone work by large house in the West; highest wages; permanent position to capable and reliable man; state experience and references fully and if union or non-union. Lock Box 743, Chicago, Ill. *

WANTED—Salesman for the State of Kentucky only, for our line of leather goods for advertising purposes. Only one who has had experience and can command a good share of trade would interest us; liberal commission; exclusive territory. EMIL WEISSBROD & SONS, Inc., Greenfield, Mass.

WANTED—Young men to prepare for exam. for railway mail and other Govt. positions; superior instruction by mail; established 14 years; thousands of successful students; sample question and "How Government Positions are Secured" sent free. INTERSTATE SCHOOLS, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; will equip shop for you or furnish positions; few weeks completes; constant practice; careful instructions; tools given, Saturday wages; diplomas granted. Write for catalogue. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—I made $50,000 in five years in the mail order business; began with $5. Anyone can do the work. Send for free booklet; tells how to get started. MANAGER, Box 570, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—Rip sawyer; none but first-class need apply. KENTUCKY HARDWOOD FLOORING CO., Beech st. and Woodland ave.

WANTED—Gordon pressmen and feeders and cylinder pressmen and feeders; open shop; good wages. Address V 145, this office. *

WANTED—Stenographer; young man with experience and must come well recommended. Apply at once 347 Fifth st.*

WANTED—Laborers at Fourteenth and Oak. KENTUCKY CONSTRUCTION CO. **

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED — Experienced salesladies at once; no others need apply. HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO. *

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Position as traveling salesman or clerkship in drug store; small town in Kentucky. Address Box 68, Shepherdsville, Ky. *

WANTED—Position by experienced bookkeeper; capable of managing an office. Address W 44, this office. *

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

Joseph Bombolasky to A. C. and J. Olma, interest in 30 feet north side of Oak street, 30 feet west of Seventeenth..$300

Marydale Realty Company to John Schaeftlein, lot 14, block 6, Marydale 250

Pat Fahey to H. D. Block, 25 feet, northeast side of Barret avenue, 55 feet southeast of Winter .... val. con.

C. W. Peters to Stella M. London, 43 1-12 feet at intersection of Baxter and Edgeland 1,200

Alex Crush to Lodie L. Ouerbacker, 40 feet, northeast side of Everett avenue, 428¾ feet northwest of Longest... 1

William Schouse to Grace Schouse, 29 8-12 feet, south side of Garland, 71 4-12 feet east of Twenty-eighth 1

E. F. Metzger and wife to W. C. Rademaker, 20 5-12 feet, west side of Campbell street, 235 8-12 feet south of Broadway 1

Columbia Trust Company to Paul Masconi, lot 312, Hazelwood 65

C. M. Phillips to Lillie M. Crice, lot 12, block 6, Sunset Addition 165

Tennant Land Company to S. A. Hermes, lot 788 440

W. W. Hite to R. E. H. Mansfeld, 133 feet, west side First street, 860 feet south of Ormsby avenue 1

J. D. Ouerbacker to Alex Crush, 40 feet, northeast side of Everett avenue, 828 feet northwest of Longest 1

W. A. Cottrell to A. J. Nugent, 25 feet, east side of Twenty-second, 25 feet south of Griffith 1

W. C. A. Devotional Services.

The Rev. Dr. William Francis Irwin, pastor of the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian church, will conduct the regular weekly services at the rest room of the Women's Christian Association, 335 West Market street, Tuesday, from 12:30 to 1 p. m.

The W. C. A. Circle of King's Daughters will hold an all-day meeting in the same room next Thursday.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—
HIGHLAND HOME.
New 7-room 2½-story, metal roof, stone foundation, concrete basement, furnace and electricity; large front and rear porches; beautifully decorated; finished in mahogany and ivory white; sewerage and asphalt streets open, $4,650; Bassett and Ransdell ave.
W. C. PRIEST & CO., 351 Fifth st. **

FOR SALE—268 acres, 10 miles from Shelbyville, on Centerfield and Shelbyville pike; fine dwelling, outbuildings, fences, etc., in excellent repair; good water; 100 acres in timber; 20 acres corn, and rest in grass. E. G. HAMMOND, Beard, Ky., R. F. D. No. 1.

FOR SALE—172 acres of good level land, 70 acres of bottom; 4-room house; one-fourth of a mile of depot; price $4,000. OTIS PORTER, Bardstown Junction, Ky.

FOR SALE—Real estate; if you want to buy or sell write for our plan. Address G. M. GLOVER, 1717 Brook st. *

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—A Bargain—1 Underwood typewriter, nearly new; in first-class condition. Address or telephone SUITE 610, The Atherton, cor. Fourth and Chestnut. *

FOR SALE — At a great bargain; old doors, sash, mantels, etc. HOME BUILDING CO., Hemlock and R. R. Crossing.

FOR SALE—Collie, male; Fox Terriers, male and female; Toy Poodle, female; Scotch Terrier, male. 1614 Edgeland ave.

FOR SALE—Bakery and confectionery, established business. Inquire MRS. HEHL, Jackson and Broadway.

FOR SALE—New lot of globes, gold fish, etc., at reasonable prices. C. B. THOMPSON, 632 Fourth ave. *

FOR SALE—Two country mares; cheap. Forty-second, two squares south of Greenwood ave. **

FOR SALE—50 BICYCLES, $5 TO $10. SMITH BICYCLE CO., 513 THIRD ST. PHONE 5614. *

FOR SALE—Brass, copper, silver and Sheffield Russian antiques. 275 E. Market st. *

FOR SALE—One horse. 204 Crescent ave., Crescent Hill. *

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—
If you are looking for a home to rent in either a large or small house, call and examine my large list of "For Rents."
I have made the rental business a specialty, and my list is being renewed constantly, so that you can surely find what you want.
Houses of medium rent in Louisville are very scarce, so if you see anything advertised, call and examine it at once.
BRUNER, Rent Agent, 255 Fifth st. *

FOR RENT—Brick cottage, 4 rooms; 1312 Twenty-first; $11 month. Apply 336 W. Main. *

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Helena Flats; new; 2313 First st.; 6 rooms, hardwood floor, furnaces, electric lights, shades, instantaneous heaters, kitchen cabinets, large closets. Keys at 105 W. Lee st.

FOR RENT—Charming modern apartment of 5 rooms and bath; all conveniences; in southern part of the city. Address M 153, this office.

FOR RENT—2 five-room flats in Central apartments. Home phone 4621. *

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Nice furnished room; everything modern, electric lights, hot and cold water, bath, both telephones and janitor service. 114 W. Chestnut st. *

FOR RENT—Two beautiful rooms; convenient to business part of city; natural gas and telephone; suitable for gentlemen. 932 Second st. *

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished single and double rooms; all modern conveniences. 1035 Fourth. *

FOR RENT—Rooms, furnished for housekeeping; single or en suite. 513 E. Broadway. **

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for housekeeping; gas for cooking. 812 W. Broadway. **

FOR RENT—One furnished room for light housekeeping. 733 Third. Phone 4621.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room, private family. Apply 437 E. Broadway. *

FOR RENT—Rooms, nicely furnished for housekeeping. 723 E. Washington. **

FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; gas heat. 1003 Fourth ave. *

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 817 Fourth ave., just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building, and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. For further information apply on the premises or telephone South 1308. *

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—
SPLENDID OFFICES IN COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING.
Best in Louisville for doctors, dentists, dressmakers and any business or profession demanding the best location in the city; perfect light and every modern convenience. Steam heat, big windows, electric light and power, both gases, hot and cold water; best of jaintor and elevator service. Daily publication of tenants in Courier-Journal. Apply now to Room 17, third floor. Rooms arranged to suit. All ready by New Year's day. See now about some delightful rooms en suite. *

FOR RENT—Handsome front rooms with heat and janitor service; suitable for doctor, dentist, dressmaking, millinery, etc.; on 2d floor John Bacon bldg., 551 Fourth ave. Apply on the premises to H. H. AULENBROCK & CO., Room 8. *

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—Massage and baths. MISS McCLELLAN, 634 4th. Tel. Main 3539. *

ALLEGED STRIKE RIOTERS ALLOWED REDUCED BONDS.

Jacob Seibel and C. Norris Given Liberty On Bail of $1,000 Each—Arguments Foregone.

The bond of $5,000 under which the alleged rioters in the street-car trouble at Fourth avenue and Breckinridge street were placed was reduced by Judge McGee yesterday in the cases of Jacob Seibel and C. Norris, two strikers whose wives were said to be seriously ill. Judge McGee reduced the bond to $1,000, which was furnished for both men, and they proceeded to their homes. Partly in consideration of the clemency thus extended Delos B. Rogers, counsel for the strikers, withdrew the motion he had made a few days before asking for an argument on the question of reducing the bonds in all the cases. The argument was to have taken place yesterday.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued to the following yesterday: Alfred Blair and Cattie Runyon, Henry Weber and Lizzie Heilmann, George Fleig and Emma C. Smith, David F. Webb and Ruth Agnes Montz.

FOR RENT

Splendid Offices
— IN —
Courier-Journal Office Building.

Best in Louisville for doctors, dentists, dressmakers and any business or profession demanding the best location in the city; perfect light and every modern convenience. Steam heat, big windows, electric light and power, both gases, hot and cold water; best of janitor and elevator service. Daily publication of tenants in Courier-Journal. Apply now to room 17, 3d floor. Rooms arranged to suit. All ready by New Year's Day. See now about some delightful rooms en suite.

FOR SALE

Simplex Typesetting Machine.

Adjustable 10-point Machine in first-class condition. Must sell at once. For terms apply to W. K. WALL, Mayfield, Ky.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday, at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE PACKET COMPANY—For Tell City, Owensboro, Evansville and lower Ohio, Tuesday and Friday. Steamer Tell City; Wednesday and Saturday, Steamer Tarascon, 4 p. m. Wharfboat, Fourth and River. Freight received daily.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A. Both Phones, 495-827.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals—Sewer.

Office of the Commissioners of Sewerage of Louisville.

Sealed proposals for the construction of a sewer under the recent $4,000,000 bond issue, known as Section "B" of the Southern Outfall Sewer Contract No. 2 of the Comprehensive System of Sewerage for the City of Louisville, Kentucky, will be received at the office of the Commissioners of Sewerage until 12 o'clock noon December 17, 1907.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Commissioners.

Sealed bids should be indorsed "Proposal for Section 'B' of the Southern Outfall Sewer" and addressed to the Commissioners of Sewerage, 601, 603 and 605 Equitable building, Louisville, Ky.

Each bid shall be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $4,000.

P. L. ATHERTON, Chairman.
CHAS. P. WEAVER, Secy. and Treas.

Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received up to December 4, 1907, for the erection of a new laundry building at the Central Kentucky Asylum for the Insane at Lakeland, Ky. Any or all bids may be rejected. Plans and specifications can be had by application to the office of Kenneth McDonald & W. J. Dodd, Architects, Lincoln Savings Bank bldg., Louisville, Ky. For further details apply to the architects.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
If you are,
Patronize the "OLD RELIABLE"
KENTUCKY LOAN CO.
All we ask is that you give us an opportunity to compare our rates and methods of doing business with those of other companies.
423 Fourth, cor. Green. Over jewelry store. Call, write or 'phone 2495. *

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names; without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg. *

MONEY ON DEMAND.
Your financial wants will be supplied quickly, quietly and politely at reasonable cost, if you apply to the
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
407 Fourth st., cor. Jefferson. Second floor.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
Low Rates—Easy Payments.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson. 2d floor. *

IF you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st.

MONEY to loan on salary and furniture. FIDELITY LOAN CO., rooms 1 and 2, 502 Fourth ave. *

LOANS—On furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. EAST END LOAN CO., 731 E. Broadway. *

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Notice is hereby given that voting trust certificate No. 1,472, dated April 22, 1907, for ten shares of stock of Central Home Telephone Company, issued by Columbia Trust Company in name of Miss Rose Petrie has been lost or destroyed and the undersigned will on Dec. 5, 1907, apply for the issuance of a duplicate thereof by said trust company. All persons who may be claiming any interest in said certificate are hereby called upon to show cause, if any, why new certificate should not be issued to me in lieu of the certificate lost or destroyed. MISS ROSE PETRIE.

LOST—Belt buckle; head of Queen Louise painted on porcelain. Finder return to MRS. C. W. JONES, 403 Belgravia, and receive reward. *

LOST—White and black fox terrier; name and number on collar; $5 reward if returned to 820 Fifth st. *

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—First-class boarding; rooms suitable for married couples or young gentlemen; all necessary conveniences. 232 E. College.

BOARDING— 21 MEALS $2.50. NATIONAL RESTAURANT, 239 Fourth. Quick, cleanly service; home cooking. *

BOARDING—Furnished room with board. Best of references. 1114 Second st. *

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LARGE Southern manufacturing company wants competent man to take full charge of saw-mill department; also man with experience for commissary; big money to man with a few thousand to invest with services. W. S. X. TAYLOR, Fifth Avenue Hotel, Louisville, Ky. *

WE want negotiator with substantial following to arrange a syndicate for a good, clean, legitimate enterprise. Need not be a broker. P. O. Box 255, Denver, Col.

BOOKS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOOKS—FINE BOOKS de Luxe. Now is the time to buy your fine books. Great bargains in remainders of superb editions. Place no orders till you see me. SPECIAL: History of Nations, Burton's Arabian Nights, DeKock, Balzac, Voltaire, De Maupassant, Hinkley Bible, all classics. Write to-day. T. H. SUTTON, 1535 Sherwood ave., Louisville, Ky.

AMUSEMENTS.

MARY ANDERSON TWICE DAILY
Klaw & Erlanger's Advanced Vaudeville.
Best Seats in the House 30c
NO HIGHER.
8—Big Features—8
PRICES—Matinee 25c and 10c. Evening 30c, 20c, 10c; Boxes 50c.

MACAULEY'S TO-NIGHT....8:15 Mat. To-day 2:15
WM. H. CRANE
in the New Comedy by George Ade
FATHER AND THE BOYS.
Seats on sale. Prices 25c to $1.50. Next—Nat. C. Goodwin presenting "In Missoura."

HOPKINS' VAUDEVILLE
Night 10-20-30c. Daily Mat. 10-15-25c.
SPECIAL HOLIDAY ATTRACTION.
KELLY & VIOLETTE; PHIL AND NETTIE PETERS; 6 OTHER STAR ACTS. An even better bill than last week. 'Nuf Ced.
"TOY MATINEE" TO-DAY.
Special Children's Tickets 15c.
Each child purchasing a ticket receives a handsome present.
Next Week—The Great Orpheum Show.

Matinee TO-DAY BEST SEATS 25c MASONIC
And Last Night 15, 25, 35, 50 75c. Next Week
CHARLEY GRAPEWIN | HANLON'S SUPERBA.

MATINEE To-day 10, 15, 25c AVENUE
And Last Night 15, 25, 50c. Next Week
A Race Across The Continent | The Card King of the Coast

President Roosevelt
says: "Every person who invests in suburban real estate in a growing section of a progressive community adopts the surest and safest method of becoming independent, for real estate is the basis of wealth."

Ex-Pres. Grover Cleveland
says: "No investment on earth is so safe, so sure, so certain to enrich its owner as undeveloped realty. I always advise my young friends to place their savings in realty near some growing town. There is no such savings bank anywhere."

You can find just the very kind of investment recommended by these two great men if you will apply at the office of
THE WESTERN LAND CORPORATION
343 Fifth St., City.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office 410 Fourth Ave. and corner Fourth and Main. Both 'Phones 258.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.

This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 3:15am	a* 2:25am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:30am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:50pm
Cincinnati and East	x a* 5:05pm	xa*11:55am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 2:20pm	* 8:40am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 9:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:00pm	†10:00am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:50am
Knoxville Mail	* 8:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 7:25am	xa †11:45am
Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 2:00pm	xa † 6:00pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 8:10am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 6:20am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:00pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Frankfort and Lexington	xa 6:10pm	xa 10:25am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:10pm	10:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:25am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:30pm	10:00am

From First and Water-Street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East		† 7:45pm
Frankfort Accommodation	† 2:50pm	† 8:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:00pm	* 8:20am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 8:00am	* 5:35pm
La Grange Accommodation	† 5:40pm	† 8:00am

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 2:45 a. m. train to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Knoxville and Bristol, and on the 9:30 p. m. train to Memphis and New Orleans.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect June 1, 1907.

Louisville and Eastern Railroad—Car leaves Louisville on the half hour for Camden, Glenarm, Buckner, Magnesia Springs, Anita Springs and Lagrange from 6:30 a. m. until 6:30 p. m., then 8, 9, 10 and 11:15 p. m. Leave Lagrange on the hour from 6 a. m. until 7 p. m., then 8:30, 9:30 and 10:30 p. m. Cars between Louisville, Anchorage, Pewee Valley and Beard every thirty minutes from 6 a. m. to 7 p. m., east bound, every hour after until 12 p. m. West bound from 6 a. m. to 8 p. m., every hour after until 11 p. m.

Prospect Division—Cars leave for Prospect at 5:32 a. m. and on the hour thereafter until 10 p. m. Extra car will leave for Harrods Creek at 6:18 a. m., and leave Harrods Creek returning at 6:56 a. m. Extra car will leave for Glenview at 7:34 a. m., and returning leave Glenview at 8:06 a. m. Cars leave Prospect for Louisville at 6:15 a. m. and on the hour thereafter until 11 p. m. On Saturday and Monday nights last car leaves for Prospect at 11:08, and returning leaves Prospect at 12 o'clock midnight.

Jeffersontown Division—Cars for Jeffersontown leave Baxter and Highland avenues at 5:15 a. m. daily and thereafter leave Terminal Station at 6 and 7 a. m., and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m. Last car Sunday night at 10:15 and Saturday night at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 6 and 7 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and at 11:15 Sunday night and 12:15 Saturday night, to Highland avenue only.

Salt River Division—Cars leave for Orell forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 4:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. daily. Last car leaves for Orell at 9 p. m. daily except Saturday, when last car leaves at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville forty-five minutes after each hour, between the hours of 5:45 a. m. and 8.45 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m., daily, except Saturday, when it leaves at 12 midnight.

Okolona Division—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m., daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m. daily. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m., daily. Last car to Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:45 p. m., daily.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office 234 Fourth avenue.

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed.

7:30 a. m. daily—Evansville Express—Evansville, Huntingburg,* Rockport, Cannelton and way stations.

10 a. m. daily—St. Louis Special—Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.

5 p. m. daily—Evansville Limited—Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville and way stations.

10:15 p. m. daily—St. Louis Limited—Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St Louis.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 7:10 a. m. and 5:55 p. m. daily. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive 12:25 p. m., 5:55 p. m. and 10:58 p. m. daily.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

6:30 a. m. daily—Local for Lexington and way stations.

7:50 a. m. daily—Florida Limited—Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Southeast and Florida.

4:25 p. m. daily—Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

7:45 p. m.—Florida Special—Lawrenceburg, Danville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Atlanta and Southeast.

Trains from Lexington and local stations arrive 9:40 a. m., 6:25 p. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from Danville arrive 9:40 a. m., 11:46 a. m. and 9.25 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and river. City ticket office, Fourth and Market. Effective Sunday, May 5, 1907.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:50pm
Central City Accom.	5:30pm	8:20am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:50pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:30pm	8:20am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:50pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE TRACTION CO.—In effect November [illegible], 1907. Cars leave Louisville for Seymour and intermediate points at 6 a. m. and every two hours until 5 p. m. and at 10 and 11:30 p. m. for Scottsburg.

Cars make close connection at Seymour with cars of the I. C. and S. Traction Co. for Indianapolis and intermediate points; also with trains of the B. and O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

	East.		West.
Lv. Louisville (Sou. Ry.)	7:50am	Arr.	9:00pm
Lv. Versailles (L. & A.)	12:00m	Arr.	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville	12:45pm	Arr.	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	1:40pm	Arr.	3:50pm
Lv. Irvine	2:50pm	Arr.	2:40pm
Arr. Beattyville	4:30pm	Lv.	1:00pm

All trains daily except Sunday

[illegible]SMITH'S TONIC TONES.

BOOKS AND THEIR WRITERS.

Solution of the Woman Problem

Dr. Densmore's "Sex Equality"

This inquiry is based on the teaching of the foremost prophets of evolution. It states facts and explains them according to scientific deduction: the sexes are not fundamentally different; the differences now seen have been brought about by heredity and environment.

In the best-known examples of ancient Greek sculpture each sex is fully developed. Instances are given to prove this, notably the statue of Orestes and Electra, man and woman of equal height and muscular development, a physical equality that in no way lessens the charm of either. Meeting the objection that this statue may have been merely the sculptor's fancy, Dr. Densmore calls attention to the fact that when Grecian civilization was at its height the women, especially in Sparta, had the same exercises in the gymnasium as the men. Plato in his Republic advocates the same education for women as for men. A vase found in Girgenti of the Fifth century before Christ, representing Alcaeus and Sappho, makes the latter taller than Alcaeus. Other groups are also cited in which the female is as tall if not taller than the male—the Atlas Metope from Olympia, the Phigalian Temple frieze and other famous groups.

Following the now well-established truths formulated by such geniuses as Darwin and Spencer and adopted by many students of biology in our own day, the book advances the true principles of democracy, predicting an ideal fraternity in which perfect matehood will be an essential condition. While the present-day differences are easily accounted for, a glance backward at the status of woman even a decade ago shows marked improvement. The athletic girl is common. The extent in which woman has taken part in business affairs has helped to bring about an improvement in both her mind and body. "Idleness and inertia are just as destructive to women as to men." As matters now stand there are many women who have neither home nor children to occupy them. "To the extent that women are not so occupied their need of thought and action is not essentially different from that of men."

"How," asks the author, "can the woman of the future become the fit and equal partner of the future man if she is doomed to a life by which her brain must retain qualities of immaturity?"

There is no good ground for believing that women who are fulfilling the functions of maternity must be excluded from exercising their minds and bodies in other directions. When science has taught the individual how to live a rational, healthy life the age of man will reach the limit designed by nature—the normal years of man and woman will be from one hundred to one hundred and twenty—giving from eighty to one hundred years of adult life to each individual.

"When the earth has become fully peopled and man has learned to live in obedience to physiological law, approximately all the children that one woman will need to produce are the two necessary to replace their parents." It is clear that two children, or even three, would be no handicap to women electing to engage in intellectual and industrial pursuits.

Woman's progress has been slow and one cause for this has been the segregation of the sexes. "The isolation of either sex, whether in the harem, the nunnery, the monastery or the army and navy, inevitably exerts a deteriorating influence. The cessation of war and the entrance of the soldier into industrial pursuits, although a great gain, is only one step. For further progress it is necessary that women enter more generally the ranks of industrial workers."

The book is a summary of the most advanced thought, offering many suggestions full of hope to the race. The shortcomings of women, while distinctly set forth, are so accounted for that the improvement is only a question of education and time. The author is bravely optimistic, but is never carried away by undue enthusiasm. As proper to such a volume, there are many instances of simplified spelling, though the reader is forced to ask by what right Darwin and Spencer are quoted as using "thru," "thruout" and other Americanized words that make our English cousins rage?

SEX EQUALITY. A Solution of the Woman Problem. By Emmet Densmore, M. D. Author of "The Natural Food for Man," "How Nature Cures," etc. Published by Funk & Wagnalls Company, New York City.

Investigation of Mysterious Forces.

When astronomers and scientists of the eminence of the author of this volume undertake to investigate psychic phenomenon one expects the inquiry to be thorough and impartial. Not only has M. Camille Flammarion here given the results of his own experiments, but he has added those of other European savants of unimpeachable veracity.

The consensus of opinion seems to be that human beings possess a force not yet generally recognized as such which is able to project itself and with or without fleshly contact, produce in inanimate objects certain movements and sounds.

The degree of such a possession varies with the individual and with the atmospheric conditions. Any ten persons may cause what is called table levitation if they will be but patient at the first trial. Afterwards five may produce the phenomenon and withdrawing one by one, may leave a sufficient amount of the unknown force to accomplish astonishing results without any physical contact whatever.

In dozens of reports verified by different witnesses of the same trials certain things stand forth. There is and has been almost universal fraud; but stripped of this there is enough established truth on which to base a theory. In but few cases do the witnesses concede there is anything supernatural about the results of the experiments. Almost all agree that there is no ground for the position taken by many mediums and their patrons that communications can be held with the spirits of the dead. That the air may be full of certain kinds of spirits they freely admit, but the writings, the communication, the disclosures come from the experimenters themselves.

"Discarnate spirits are in nature as well as the incarnate. We must never lose out of our sight the relative importance of the moral and intellectual status of the group of experimenters," M. Flammarion says:

"As to beings different from ourselves—what may their nature be? Of this we cannot form any idea. Souls of the dead? This is very far from being demonstrated. The innumerable observations I have collected during more than forty years all prove to me the contrary. No satisfactory identification has been made."

The word medium is improper, taking for granted that a "person endowed with these supra-normal psychic faculties is an intermediary between the spirits and experimenters." The author admits that while this is sometimes seemingly the case, and that while results may be disappointing when no so-called medium is present, it is not always so. He does not believe the spiritualistic hypothesis ought to be altogether dismissed, though one may admit the survival of the soul without admitting a physical communication between the dead and the living.

Philosophers do not confound the psychical element with God and Providence. "In their eyes it is something which forms a part of nature." All persons interested in learning the truth or desiring honest investigation of certain greatly hampered experiments are commended to this book. Those who have made up their minds in advance that all is fraud and that nothing exists outside of their physical cognizance, that though they believe in light, in sound, in gravitation and other forces that cannot be explained, yet this new fluid, force, element—call it what you will—has no existence because for many years charlatans have been its chief apostles, need not waste their time in following M. Flammarion, Count de Gasparin, Prof. Thury, Sir William Crookes and various eminent philosophers in our own country in their conclusions published in this book.

Those open-minded persons whose unossified brains are capable of receiving new impressions will find much that is suggestive and believable. It may be that, unshackled by prejudice, these scholars are on the brink of discovering some great natural force that will enable them to lift immense bodies, build even the Pyramids anew and perform other seemingly impossible feats of levitation.

MYSTERIOUS PSYCHIC FORCES. An Account of the Author's Investigations in Psychical Research, Together With Those of Other European Savants. By Camille Flammarion, Director of Observatory of Jovisy, France. Author of "The Unknown," "The Atmosphere," etc. Published by Small, Maynard & Co., New York and Boston.

Anthony Hope's Sport Royal.

Well-named is this delightful tale of daring adventure, wherein a brave young Englishman becomes mixed up in the intrigues of royalty, taking long chances against ever escaping alive. First it is a duel that he fights without knowing who his adversary is or who that party takes him to be. Then he has to receive the gratitude of a pretty Countess, whose reputation he has unwittingly saved.

Princess Ferdinand of Glottenburg shrank from nothing, not even the sticking of a sharp dagger into the heart of the man who trusted her sufficiently to become her willing messenger on a hazardous enterprise. She it is who has set things in motion, and it is her husband, the Prince, who thwarts her through the young stranger who casually, in a spirit of fun, in a public restaurant takes out a red silk handkerchief that he happened to be carrying, and lays it on the table at which two other diners have displayed like tokens. From that moment his mystification is complete, but he is game and sees the thing through.

Among other things he carries a ruby for the Princess to a certain young Englishman on his wedding day. Lord Daynesborough is aghast, for the Princess, being an old amour, he has promised her that whenever she sends the ruby he will return, no matter what his circumstances may be. The young adventurer finds out too late what he has done, but maneuvers so as to thwart the Princess in her designs, receiving a dagger thrust for himself. It is a story of pluck and bravery in the face of overwhelming odds.

SPORT ROYAL. By Anthony Hope, Author of "Prisoner of Zenda," etc. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York City.

A Trial Marriage.

This treatment of the marriage problem, while it has much to recommend it, really offers no solution to the great question as to why there are not more happy marriages in reality.

In a certain ideal community known as Azalea, all conventionalities, including religion, have been dispensed with. Marriage is merely a civil contract, parents are not allowed to bring up their own children—the State takes them in her sheltering arms as soon as nature permits, and other simplifications of life as we know it on English soil are put into full trial.

All goes well until statistics begin to show that it is only a question of time when the ideal state of Azalea will be without citizens. People refuse to marry. The rulers meet together and consult for months how to force into matrimony the young men and women so eminently fitted physically and morally to furnish citizens. Various causes are put forth and viewed principally through the eyes of a very charming young girl, Violet Castledene, who visits her various married friends trying to solve the problem for herself and her lover.

The solons think to smooth their difficulty by passing a law for the limitation of the marriage contract. All marriages are to be declared off at the end of three years, of course with the privilege of renewing the contracts. Thence ensues some interesting predicaments, which, when told, do not differ very materially from the acts and thought that are to be met with as a result of our every-day church marriages.

As the experiment proves a total failure, one is inclined to wonder why it should have been made the theme of a story unless it was to prove that the old marriage before a minister is good enough for anybody, and that parents aided by prayer can bring up children as well as science.

A TRIAL MARRIAGE. By Frankfort Moore. Author of "The Jessamy Bride," "Our Fair Daughter," etc. Published by Empire Book Company, New York City.

* * *

Edgewood Edition of Mitchell's Works.

For over half a century "Dream Life" and "Reveries of a Bachelor" have held an enviable place in the hearts of many readers, it being the exception to find them missing in even the most modest libraries. It is doubtful, however, whether one in ten of the readers of these volumes realizes that the author is still living or that he has written some fifteen or twenty other books, which possess the same charm of manner and theme as these two which have been more highly exploited.

This season a beautiful holiday edition of fifteen volumes has been published by the Scribners, bearing the sanction of the venerable author himself, who looks back in a sweet, reminiscent "Prefatory," saying that though the temptation has been strong to run the pen "in a damnatory way through some of the young exuberance of utterance," "hardly in keeping with the white locks and tremulous fingers which tell of cumulated years," he has resisted it—a decision for which the public cannot be too thankful.

For here is a writer who is dearly and really loved. There is an intimate tenderness about every page, a something just between him and one's self, a touching and rousing of the best in one's nature, even though it be only over the last pipe, which leaves one with a mellow contentment with life and a happy enjoyment of the world apart from its rush and noise.

The present edition is in three forms, differing in binding, but all, however, having beautiful print, photogravure frontispieces and dainty illustrations. A special edition on Ruisdale hand-made paper, numbered and autographed, and having special illustrations, is limited to 204 sets. Mr. John Jenkins, 1117 Floyd street, is representing the publishers in this section.

The volumes comprise the following well-known classics: "Fresh Gleanings," "The Reveries of a Bachelor," "Dream Life," "Wet Days at Edgewood," "Bound Together," "My Farm of Edgewood," "Out-of-town Places," "Dr. Johns," "Seven Stories," etc.

THE WORKS OF DONALD G. MITCHELL. Edgewood Edition. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

Charming Tales of the Pennsylvania Dutch.

The author of "Tillie: A Mennonite Maid," has lost none of her vigor and freshness in this collection of stories grouped naturally around the same quaint setting that made her first book so instantaneous a success.

In the "Betrothal of Elypholate" Mrs. Martin has done more than paint a quaint picture of Mennonite life—she has worked out the problem that has vexed many a worthy son. Elypholate, who has risen far beyond his family, has met and planned to marry a charming city girl, whose refinement and education have rendered her absolutely ignorant of such surroundings as those in which her would-be lover was nurtured.

Like a sensible man he insists on Laura's visiting his mother in her own home and seeing for herself the sort of family into which she is marrying. He will not allow his mother to alter her ways or make extra preparation (it is doubtful whether she would have changed even so much as a washtub unless he had forced her), only he drew the line at her driving off in a wagon to town and standing for hours for the purpose of selling the few vegetables that her thrifty soul could not bear to waste. He tells her that it is a reflection on himself that his mother should keep a stall in a market when he is able and willing to support her. The mother refuses, so he sells her wagon and in other ways forces her to his will in this particular.

Laura arrives ahead of the time her lover is expecting her and finds her way to his home, seeing it in all its primitiveness and making the acquaintance of her future mother-in-law under the most inauspicious circumstances. Ely comes in and the scene that follows seems to deprive him of all hope of obtaining Laura. He knows that he has done well and that the test has come. To his surprise Laura tells him that she has no language to express her pride in him, that just by his own power, unaided against every adverse condition he has made himself what he is.

The other tales are equally artistic. They show not only a peculiar phase of belief, but the deeper undercurrents of real humanity.

THE BETROTHAL OF ELYPHOLATE. And Other Tales of the Pennsylvania Dutch. By Helen Reimensnyder Martin, Author of "Tillie: A Mennonite Maid," etc. Published by the Century Company, New York City.

Another Story of Old Kentucky.

"Crestlands" is a story of genuine human interest, and shows a literary taste and imaginative power above the average writer of novels. Mrs. Mary Addams Bayne has done well in reviving the old Kentucky atmosphere and making it to shine under the light of a love that has in it all of the charms of unconventional love-making. The book suggests naturalness and wholesomeness. It takes us away from the noises and voices of this rushing world and sets us the pleasant of calling back the days when love was young and dwelt in groves and knew the joy of long walks and felt the shine and glory of life. I most cordially commend the book.—E. L. Powell.

The book is published by the Standard Publishing Company, Cincinnati.

FAIRY TALE DINNER IS LONDON'S LITERARY NOVELTY.

Unique Entertainment At the Lyceum Club Proves a Striking Success—Triumph of the American Story Teller, Miss Marie Shedlock—Autographic Reminiscences of Leigh Hunt's Prison Life—The True Story of the "Discovery" of William Watson—A Lament From Alfred Austin.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

London, Nov. 13.—Hans Andersen and the Brothers Grimm were among the guests at a "fairy tale" dinner this week which proved one of the most novel and enjoyable feasts given in the metropolis for many a long day. Anyhow, these three renowned tellers of fairy tales were said to be present—though none of the other guests actually saw them—and a private dining-room next the main one was set apart for them and occasionally a courier came in and announced what delicacy was demanded by the distinguished trio as their next "course." Meanwhile the door of this private dining-room was left ajar so that the author of "The Emperor's New Clothes" and the Grimms could hear the tales of fairies that were being told in the big room by Laurence Housman, Dion Clayton Calthrop, Marie Shedlock, the American story teller, and others.

The scene of this "fairy tale dinner" was the Lyceum Women's Club, and it was all the idea of Constance Smedley, the girl who founded the club and its sister institutions in Berlin and Paris, and who is known in America on that account and as the author of several clever novels—notably "Conflict" and "Heart o' Gold," itself a fairy tale. Miss Smedley is paying her first visit to the United States soon—but that is another story. Certainly none of the many novel entertainments arranged by her at the Lyceum has been more successful than this week's fairy dinner—even though the intended guest of honor played truant at the last minute.

This was Kenneth Grahame, author of "The Golden Age," who, after J. M. Barrie, is the leading authority on fairies and their ways and who was down for the first "toast," or, rather, for the first of the fairy tales that took the place of the ordinary after-dinner speech. Apparently, however, the shyness which is notoriously a fairy trait, has communicated itself to their chroniclers, for Mr. Grahame's courage forsook him at the eleventh hour and an apologetic telegram from him had to be read.

To say that he was not missed would be neither complimentary nor true, but our disappointment was soon forgotten in a feast that really might have been arranged by the fairies themselves. Along the tables little brown pathways were laid out with tiny sign-posts bearing the words "To the Pepper," "To the Mistress of the Ceremonies," and so on, and along these paths were ranged little tin soldiers and white rabbits, and white and black mice and old women with broomsticks and all the other curious creatures that from time to time immemorial have dwelt in fairyland.

The health of the king was drunk in rowan wine, after which maids of honor went around and decked all the women with rowan berries, and "decorated" all the men with green and blue scarves with a quaint gold rabibt attached. And then, after we had been regaled on goldfish and roast goose, with ices from an illuminated ice palace, such as the Snow Queen must have lived in, the telling of the fairy tales began.

When Miss Smedley gets to America perhaps she will introduce the innovation of stories about sprites instead of toasts; anyhow, it proved a most happy one as tried at the Lyceum.

And though comparisons are odious, it must be said that the most successful of the story-tellers was Miss Shedlock, whose rendering of "The Wolf and the Seven Little Kids" must have delighted the Brothers Grimm if they really were in the next room. They and Hans Andersen were said to have driven away in a motor car just before the dinner party broke up, and the tooting of their horn in Piccadilly brought an end to a feast which would have delighted the heart of "Peter Pan's" creator, and that the author of "The Golden Age" must now be very sorry to have missed.

* * *

Some interesting letters of Leigh Hunt have just came to light in a country newspaper to whose founder they were written. Some of them tell how he made a fairy-land out of Newgate prison where he had been sent for two years because he had called King William IV., a coxcomb. He obtained two vacant wards of the prison infirmary. "The larger ward," he says, "I turned into a noble room. I papered the walls with a trellis of roses; I had the ceiling covered with clouds and sky; the barred windows I screened with Venetian blinds, and when my bookcases were set up with their busts, and flowers and a pianaforte made their appearance, perhaps there was not a handsomer room on that side of the water. Charles Lamb declared there was no other such room except in a fairy tale." But prison life was not all so care-free. Hearing that his family had been forced to go down to Brighton for their health, he writes: "I felt ready to dash my head against the wall at not being able to follow them. I would sometimes sit in my chair with this thought upon me till the agony of my impatience burst out at every pore."

* * *

Poor Alfred Austin! As if it were not enough in itself for a poet laureate to have to accommodate his feet to the empty shoes of a poet like Tennyson! For twelve years he has been jeered at because, metaphorically speaking, his feet were not nearly big enough. And now he writes pathetically in the "Times": "Some of us have from time to time sought to rouse the slumbering spirit of the nation by verse." But the nation will not be roused, the nation slumbers on—and so does the verse.

* * *

William Watson says that the oft-repeated assertion that he was "discovered" by Alfred Austin, the Poet Laureate, is a pure fable and nothing more. His own father discovered him, he says, and paid the expenses of his first two books of poems, of which not twenty copies reached the world outside the circle of his family and friends. But Mr. Watson has had no reason to blame the public since those early days, for "Wordsworth's Grave and Other Poems" has passed through nearly fifteen editions and is still as greatly in demand as ever. "I have allowed myself to be for once provoked," Mr. Watkins explains, "to print these mercantile details—and I take no great pleasure in doing so now—by the perpetual and wearisome parrot cry that there are no readers of contemporary poetry." Mr. Watson perhaps might have said that the oft-repeated assertion just alluded to "discovered" Alfred Austin.

CHARLES OGDENS.

Holiday Editions.

MEMOIRS OF MONSIEUR CLAUDE. Chief of Police Under the Second Empire. Translated by Katherine Prescott Wormeley. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Boston and New York.

Much that was superfluous has been omitted in this new edition, and certain portions unnecessarily diffuse have been condensed. Police reports and proces-verbaux, which the translator declares with reason are as dull reading as the daily records of Old Bailey, are not included.

The historical episodes, the descriptions of well-known characters and events during the reign of Louis Philippe read as well as the most modern detective fiction. Originally in ten large volumes, the translator has here condensed five into one, bringing the story down to the end of the Second Empire. Another volume relating to the siege of Paris and the Commune is promised in the near future. The present one is sumptuous in binding, print and illustrations. It is a delight to the reader and a credit to the translator and publisher.

* * *

HONORE DAUMIER. A Collection of His Social and Political Caricatures. Together with an Introductory Essay on His Art. By Luther Elisabeth Cary. With Seventy-six Illustrations. Published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London.

This artist has told the story of his epoch in black and white after a fashion never before attempted and but rarely since equaled, combining with all the essentials of the art of caricature a true artistic interpretation of the beautiful in line, form and composition. He seems to have had an inner sense not only of purest wit and fun, but of the traits physical and mental of his subjects.

When it is remmbered that Honore Daumier was born one hundred years ago and that he was for the most part self-taught, one may form some idea of his immense genius. In her preface his editor says it is difficult to recognize in his beginnings the presage of his robust genius, yet even these in some way convey the artist's intention and meaning. In one trait he never varied: with all his fun and keenness he never failed to champion the upright and just and to show his destestation for affectation, shallowness and depravity.

* * *

TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA; Or the Marvelous and Exciting Adventures of Pierre Aronnax, Conseil, his Servant, and Ned Land, a Canadian Harpooner. By Jules Verne. Illustrated. Published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London.

While much of the marvel of this book may have been lost in the advance that science has made since its inception, it has a perennial charm that no discoveries or inventions can chill. So carefully has the author made his plans, drawn his maps and painted his pictures, no one can fail to offer fullest credence to anything, however bizarre, he chooses to relate. Take any chapter of the story at random and at once the reader is oblivious to all the outer world. This edition is altogether splendid.

* * *

NEW CREATIONS IN PLANT LIFE. An Authoritative Account of the Life and Work of Luther Burbank. By W. S. Harwood. Second Edition, Revised and Enlarged. Published by the Macmillan Company, New York City.

The author calls the public attention to three points to be noted in this new and revised edition of a book recounting the most wonderful achievements of modern experiment. The first is that Mr. Burbank himself indorses every statement in the book; the second is that interest in the man has so increased that the public at large has been educated to a point that his powers cannot only be understood but keenly appreciated; third, that his is one of the greatest constructive enterprises ever undertaken. The book, profusely illustrated, offers valuable advice on all aspects of plant cultivation.

* * *

MEMOIRS OF A HUGUENOT FAMILY. Translated and Compiled from the Original Autobiography of the Rev. James Fontaine and other Family Manuscripts; Comprising an Original Journal of Travels in Virginia, New York, etc., in 1715 and 1716. By Ann Maury. Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1852. Published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London.

This curious old book contains much authentic history, both public and genealogical. The De la Fontaines have many descendants in America under that name and abbreviations. The family has a straight record back to 1500 A. D., when a certain John de la Fontaine, born in the province of Maine, near the border of Normandy, France, held a commission in the household of Francis I. The reprinting of the three curious journals in so attractive a form makes another valuable volume available for general reference to all students of history and genealogy.

* * *

JESSE BEN DAVID. By James M. Ludlow. Published by Fleming H. Revell Company, 158 Fifth avenue, New York City.

The story of the star leading to Bethlehem is once more told in choice fashion with rare picture and decoration. The reader does not observe from afar, but takes part in the momentous events. The descriptions are nothing short of wonderful. "There never dawned a fairer day," says the author, "than that which broke above Bethlehem after this night of wonders. The physical heaven in its translucence was like an eye that saw God." The story is a fit rival for "Ben Hur."

* * *

HOLLAND SKETCHES. By Edward Penfield. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

A notable collection of Dutch notes and impressions related in lively fashion, illustrated by artistic drawings and prints showing the quaint Hollanders and their quainter surroundings in all their characteristic charm. The writer knows how to take the reader with him and make him enjoy the finer part of foreign travel.

* * *

THE ASTONISHING TALE OF A PEN AND INK PUPPET; OR THE GENTEEL ART OF ILLUSTRATING. By Oliver Herford. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons.

Characteristic drawings by this master of caricature. It is difficult to decide between the wit of text and picture, both are so fresh and original.

* * *

UNDER THE HOLLY BOUGH. A Collection of Christmas Poems Compiled by Ina Russelle Warren. Published by George W. Jacobs & Co., Philadelphia.

Another compilation fittingly dressed for Yuletide, presenting the great anniversary in various phases from the morning chimes and the children's joy to the soberer enjoyment and retrospection of hearts, which though older, still hold the inner joy of "peace on earth and good will toward men."

* * *

HYMNS OF THE MARSHES. By Sidney Lanier. Illustrated from nature by Henry Troth. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

Containing "Sunrise," "Individuality," "Marsh Song—At Sunset," and "The Marshes of Glynn," neatly bound and illustrated by the most delicately graceful photogravures.

* * *

A VERS DE SOCIETE. Anthology Collected by Carolyn Wells. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

A collection so complete and displaying such taste, such wide knowledge of the best vers de societe, as to form an invaluable work of reference for both scholar and author.

* * *

THE HOLLY TREE INN AND A CHRISTMAS TREE. As written in the Christmas Stories by Charles Dickens. With Illustrations in color and line by George Alfred Williams. Published by the Baker & Taylor Company, New York City.

"The Holly Tree Inn" was first published in 1855 in Household Words, when it met with instant approval. "Boots'" narrative of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Walmers, Jr., has never lost its freshness. A worthy companion is the second tale of "A Christmas Tree," in which the dreamer harks back to other Christmasses and recounts the gifts that came to him. All toys at first, then books, a first love in "Little Red Riding Hood," then college vacations, home-comings at Christmastide, with comfort for soul and body, shadowy visions, becoming real to every reader. The volume is sumptuously illustrated and bound.

On Ethical Subjects.

THE BIBLE AS GOOD READING. By Albert J. Beveridge. Published by Henry Altemus Company, Philadelphia.

Two men obeying Emerson go to the woods for rest, not taking any books except, on the impulse of habit, a Bible. One missed his books, the other offered to find anything he cared to read in the Bible—poetry, adventure, politics, maxims, oratory and many other things. The other consented, one of the guides overheard, listened, and the next day all the guides came. Under various headings the different portions of the Bible are eulogized. David, Abraham and Isaac, Jacob and Esau, Esther are all fine examples of the short story; no better maxims can be found than in Proverbs; Moses is a law-giver; Joseph a dreamer, St. Paul an orator and a missionary—all proving the Bible to be the most valuable compilation of all literature.

* * *

THE SPIRITUAL CARE OF A CHILD. By Anna Robertson Brown Lindsay, Ph. D., author of "What Is Worth While," etc. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

In many respects, says the author of this helpful little book, the spirit of the age is hostile to a child's best welfare. "Pertness and irreverance are our national disgrace." The prevalent tendency to make a scientific study of childhood does not result in making strong character, hence all new cults and old experiments revamped fail in the great essential. Mrs. Robertson thinks we must believe that the relation of the soul to God is the most important thing in life and that the foundations of a spiritual life must be laid in childhood. The book teems with sound, practical advice.

* * *

THE VIRGIN BIRTH OF CHRIST. Being lectures delivered under the auspices of the Bible Teachers' Training School, New York, April, 1907. By James Orr, M. A., D. D., professor of apologetics and systematic theology in the United Free Church College, Glasgow, Scotland. With appendix giving opinions of living scholars. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

"The aim of the lectures is to establish faith in the miracle of the Lord's Incarnation by Birth from the Virgin; to meet objections and to show the intimate connection of fact and doctrine in this transcendent mystery." The parts of divine truth are mutually corroborative, and the author shows this agreement, traces various objections and answers them. He also proves how the doctrine of incarnation implies a miracle in Christ's origin. The scholarly logic of proof and clearness of statement will impress all interested in the vital subject.

* * *

DAVID: WARRIOR, POET, KING. Edited by the Rev. W. S. Richardson. Painting and decorations by Arthur E. Becher. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York City.

A complete story in modern form of the poet-king. It is as interesting as the best modern biography, possessing, as it does, all that goes to make a life of vivid human interest. Starting in the world with nothing, David was to be a ruler of a nation which he himself founded. "David was perhaps the greatest organizer and ruler that ever lived, and in addition to this his literary work ranks with the best of all time." The book is splendid and inspiring.

* * *

THE CHRIST THAT IS TO BE. By the author of "Pro Christo et Ecclesia." Published by the Macmillan Company, New York City.

Purporting to be an effort to find the essence of the gospel of Jesus this treatise considers its teachings under the following headings: "His Thoughts and Our Thoughts," "The Father's House," "God's Citadel on Earth," "His Ways and Our Ways." The author advocates healing by prayer and discourses with profundity upon all branches of this and other subjects as set forth in the New Testament for all to receive and interpret.

* * *

THE NATURAL HISTORY OF THE TEN COMMANDMENTS. By Ernest Thompson Seton. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

On the title page this seems to be a new departure for this student of animal life, but reading proves it quite in line with previous volumes. Mr. Seton says: "The Ten Commandments are not arbitrary laws given to man, but are fundamental laws of all highly developed animals." He then proceeds to trace these laws throughout the animal world, narrating disasters that occurred to various animals who violated the ten great principles underlying human society. For example, the Fifth Commandment is against disobedience, and he cites several anecdotes of a hen and her chickens, a bear and her cubs, a mother deer—all with the means of giving warning of danger, which, when disobeyed, means death to the individual, and if unchecked a final extinction of the species. The book is both ingenious and clever.

* * *

THIS MYSTICAL LIFE OF OURS. A Book of Suggestive Thoughts for Each Week Through the Year, From the complete works of Ralph Waldo Trine, author of "The Life Books." Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

This is not a collection of paragraphs such as form the ordinary year book, but whole chapters taken from the helpful books of this author who, in the past few years, has brought help and health to so many homes, lifting not only the physical but the spiritual nature out of the evil ways to which it has fallen.

* * *

THE PARABLES. Edited by Lyman Abbott, D. D. Illustrated by Arthur E. Becher. Decorations by Arthur Jacobson. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York City.

The editor disclaims any intention of substituting his words or thoughts for the gospel; his sole object is to give the reader a clew which he may use for himself in interpreting the parables herein cited. It is shown how they apply to nations, races and classes rather than to individuals; to events of to-day rather than to past miracles in dead conditions. The sheep and the goats are separated to-day. "The separation is taking place before our eyes. We can see it if we will."

* * *

THE CREED OF JESUS AND OTHER SERMONS. By Henry Sloane Coffin, pastor of the Madison-avenue Presbyterian church and lecturer in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons.

Sermons on Self-consciousness, God's Sympathy, Faith and Character, Faith and Knowledge, The Fundamental Message of Easter, Our Limitations, Heaven's Door Through the Usual, Christ as Suffering Saviour, Cramped Lives, The Attitude of Jesus Toward Nature and the Unwearying Christ, all of them powerfully eloquent and of a helpful application to every-day life.

* * *

STEPPING-STONES TO HEAVEN. Three lectures by C. L. Brewer. Tomorrow Publishing Co., 2238 Calumet avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A mystical little book built on Whitman's poem, in which he says that the passing stranger is he whom he was seeking as one with whom he has somewhere and at some other time lived a life of joy. It seems to be a study in evolution, taking that term to mean not only the survival of the fittest, but the development of the best, especially in the spiritual nature.

* * *

MORNING THOUGHTS FOR EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR. By J. R. Miller, author of "Making the Most of Life," etc. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

Little sermons, each a page long, elucidating some biblical text. One of the most helpful year books of the season.

* * *

THE RE-BIRTH OF RELIGION. Being an Account of the Passing of the Old and Coming of the New Dogmatic. By Algernon Sidney Crapsey, author of "Religion and Politics," etc. Published by John Lane Company, New York City.

In this admirable volume the author sets forth the causes of the present widespread religious unrest, explaining why and how the intellectual portions of mankind reject dogmatism in the church. He says that all active love for humanity is seeking an outlet outside established sects. His purpose is not to destroy, but to rebuild. He does not condemn, he simply records. Dr. Crapsey says he has no quarrel with the dogmatic system of the church. "It once was young, now it is old; and its passage from youthful vigor to the feebleness of age is not a matter for ignoble rejoicing, but for reverent sorrow. When organisms are dying we weep over them, but we cannot restore them to life."

* * *

THE BIBLE SIGNIFICANCE OF EAST AND WEST; OR IS THE DAWN APPEARING. By Robert Christy Totten. Published by the John C. Winston Company, Philadelphia.

The writer claims to have discovered in Bible symbolism that the prophecy in the last chapter of the Old Testament that "the Sun of Righteousness should arise with healing in His wings" has been fulfilled in the past and is being fulfilled in the present in the spread of the Gospel from East to West; that the progress has been strictly on longitudinal lines, that the circuit is nearly completed, and that "the dawn is appearing."

* * *

CANON AND TEXT OF THE NEW TESTAMENT. By Caspar Rene Gregory. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

A valuable and profound treatise for the theological student, written with painstaking accuracy and showing a wide acquaintance with ancient writings and their method of dissemination. First is a criticism of the origin of the New Testament and the judgment favorable and otherwise passed upon it. This is followed by a criticism of the text itself—deciding which is proper and genuine and which is spurious. "The criticism of the text * * * must do intensively that which the criticism of the canon does extensively; the canon touches the exterior, the text the interior."

* * *

BEYOND GOOD AND EVIL. Prelude to a Philosophy of the Future. By Friedrich Nietzsche. Authorized translation by Helen Zimmern. Published by the Macmillan Co., New York City.

Nietzsche is a great advocate of justice. He does not believe that there exists an equal right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." Each individual should be rewarded according to his merits. This work is a collection of treatises on various ethical subjects such as The Free Spirit, The Religious Mood, The Natural History of Morals, We Scholars, Our Virtues, What is Noble and other characteristic titles.

* * *

THE HEART OF GOOD HEALTH. By Annie Payson Call. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York.

This helpful little volume tells how the physical growth corresponds to the progress of the soul and how all that aspire to spiritual development must also conserve the best state of physical health possible to acquire. Patience, for example, contentment and other beatific states, must be expressed by the body as well as the mind.

* * *

GLIMPSES OF THE HEAVENLY LIFE. By J. R. Miller, author of "Silent Times," "Making the Most of Life," etc. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

Another of those helpful, timely little sermons for which this author is so justly commended.

* * *

GROWTH WITHOUT END. By Johanna Pirscher, Instructor in German in Wellesley College. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

"A popular exposition of some current ethical and religious views."

* * *

THE BATTLE OF LIFE. THE GOOD OLD WAY. By Henry Van Dyke. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

Two of the latest volumes in the "What Is Worth While" series, filled with inspiration and help for all earnest seekers after the ideal, higher life of the spirit.

MONEY MAGIC. By Hamlin Garland. Harper & Brothers, New York.

Distinctly an American romance of to-day, this story would have been possible in no other century and in no other country. America is indeed the land of "money magic," and throughout the volume Mart Haney's wealth, made in mines and at the gambling table, glitters dazzlingly, and yet, one is not asked to view it from the standpoint of "sordid gold." Wealth buys not only diamonds but well-cooked food, warm and shining raiment and freedom from the scramble on the pave; it buys not only the beauty of the world, but the leisure to enjoy that beauty and the godlike power of giving some of it to others. These truths come home to the little Western woman, lifted out of meanness and poverty, when she finds in her hands the magic sesame that opens all the pleasures and comforts of the world, they come to her more forcibly when she struggles to renounce her husband's gold because she cannot be his wife. It is not this little Western girl, however, who stands at the heart of the story; it is Mart Haney, giant in heart and body, ex-gambler, desperado, invalid, Irish to the core, whimsical, humorous, simple-hearted and full of sentiment, he would be a delightful companion were he not so heart-breakingly pathetic. It is an old law, the rights of youth and love, the triumph of health and strength, that is here set forth in this stirring tale of East and West, and it is well, it is right; yet with a mighty sweep one's sympathies are claimed for the consumptive girl and for the grand old lion going out to die unseen.

PUBLICATIONS.

RARE BOOKS—Fielding, Smollet, Sterne, Reynolds, "Moll Flanders," French Classic Translations, Voltaire, DeKock, Maupassant, Massuccio, Apuleius, Ovid, Flagellation. Any book. PRATT, 161 6th ave., New York.

Do You Want the Best?

Garland Stoves and Ranges Gas Ranges and Heaters

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES The World's Best

The World's Best

35 Years the Standard

Ranges furnished with the Garland Oven Heat Indicator. Send us a postal, stating the kind of Stove or Range you wish to purchase. Catalogue mailed free.

THE MICHIGAN STOVE COMPANY

Largest Makers of Stoves and Ranges in the World

DETROIT, MICH. CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by First-Class Dealers Everywhere and by

W. B. Trumbo Co., 9th and Market.

"Orme's arm shot straight out, tipped by a puff of blue smoke, and we heard the crack of the dragoon pistol. One of the Sioux threw his hand against his chest and leaned slightly back, then straightened up slightly as he sat. As he fell, or before he fell, Orme pushed his body clear from the saddle, and with a leap was in the dead man's place and riding swiftly toward us."

By this treacherous act, Gordon Orme, whom it would be feeble commonplace to term a villain, precipitated a fight with the Indians, which is the subject of one of the most vivid bits of description in

THE WAY OF A MAN

By EMERSON HOUGH

At the close of the battle, John Cowles found himself with an arrow-head in his neck; Gordon Orme removed it by a feat of delicate surgery, and saved his life while his dearest wish was to see him dead. Meantime, Ellen Meriwether, the cause of their mutual enmity, held the sufferer's head. One of the many strange and thrilling events that constantly tread upon each other's heels in the most captivating tale of love and adventure you have read in many a day.

THE OUTING PUBLISHING COMPANY
New York

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

A Consolidation of
THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1830.

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.
Louisville, Ky., 1843.

MORNING COURIER.
Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1844.

First issued as the Courier-Journal November 8, 1868.

Rates.

Daily edition, one year	$6 00
Daily and Sunday edition, one year	8 00
Daily and Sunday, one month	75
Weekly edition, one year	1 00

To City Subscribers.

Daily, delivered	10c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered	15c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered	1 month, 65c

Postage.

Entered at the Louisville Post-office as second-class matter.

10, 12 and 14 pages	1 cent
16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 pages	2 cents
28, 32, 40 and 48 pages	3 cents
Sunday edition, with magazine	4 cents

Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

TWELVE PAGES.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1907

"Business."

Friday Evening, Nov. 29.—The New York stock market opened higher, and after a little hesitancy became strong and advanced to the close, final prices showing gains of 1 to 4 points.

Money on call was higher, rates ranging between 5½ and 14 per cent., with the ruling rate 5½. Time loans were quiet, but rather easier. Sterling exchange was easy.

The wheat market was weak on favorable crop conditions in India and Argentine, the May option closing 1c lower. Corn was down ¾c. Oats were ⅝c lower.

The cotton market opened 4 to 7 points higher and showed a good undertone, closing at net gains of 14 to 24 points.

The Chicago cattle and sheep markets were steady. The hog market was strong to 10c higher.

End of the Jamestown Exposition.

To-day marks the close of the Jamestown Exposition which was formally opened on the 26th of April last. In view of the late period at which the buildings and grounds were completed, according to the plan adopted, the question of extending the exposition another summer has been mooted. It has not, however met with adequate response and it may be regarded as conclusive that the suggestion will not be carried out. An alternative purpose concerning the further use of the grounds is for their maintenance next year as a large amusement park with some exposition features. But while there is a desire to utilize the grounds and buildings for some useful purpose, instead of razing the latter to the ground, as has been the custom in similar cases, there are certain complications growing out of the practically bankrupt condition of the commission in charge which will scarcely permit it. Being in arrears to the Federal Government for the greater part of the large sum of more than a million dollars advanced for the installment of the exposition, even though there be no specific lien, it would imply such claim as a creditor as would require its assent before any plan for the use of the premises could be considered, to say nothing of the consent of the States as to their buildings.

For all practical purposes, therefore, to-day may be considered as terminating the life of the exposition, which although not a successful financial venture has served well to commemorate the three hundredth anniversary of the settlement of America by the Anglo-Saxon race. It has revived the history of that epoch and by comparison with the conditions between the period commemorated and the present when, instead of a savage country with scarcely a place on the map of the world, it has a civilized population of more than 80,000,000, and is second to no country in all the elements of civilization, wealth and popular freedom. The failure of the exposition, as a money-earning venture, has been due to conditions which will serve as warnings against similar errors in the future. For success with expositions on so large a scale, it is necessary that they be held in proximity to a large city, where labor can be had readily for the construction of the buildings and other necessary work, and which will furnish in its inhabitants a steady attendance, instead of being dependent upon those who come a long distance with the historic interest of the occasion as the incentive.

As a result of the absence of these conditions at Jamestown it was with great difficulty and only at large expense that labor could be secured for the preparation of the grounds and the erection of the buildings. The delay thus entailed has been, in some quarters, charged to the alleged southern lack of energy or that practical push claimed as a somewhat exclusive characteristic of the people of the more Northern zone. But this is error, as shown by the fact that the greatest exhibition of such dilatoriness was by the Federal Government, which has no Southern element in it, in not completing the $500,000 Government concrete pier until within about sixty days of the close of the exposition. The deficit in gate receipts, from the comparative isolation of the spot, has been shown by the fact that while at the Chicago and St. Louis Fairs there were days when there were a million or more visitors in attendance, at Jamestown it is doubtful if the total number of visitors during the seven months of its existence aggregated 2,500,000. In point of attractiveness, both as to the event celebrated, its architectural scheme and superb setting, while not on so gorgeous and expensive plan, it compared favorably with both of these predecessors.

The Illiterates.

The older patrons of the Courier-Journal love it both for the enemies it has made and the way it has made them. Always for the "under dog," it has never quailed before the entire pack of hounds when it has believed the "under dog" had the right of it. Wherever it has seen hypocrisy and fraud, pharisaism and perfidy, it has smitten them hip and thigh; the more puissant they were and the more impudent they showed themselves, the heavier and the heartier its blows.

Its single purpose has been to arrive at truth and to keep its readers wise with itself as to passing events, their bearing upon affairs, their meaning and portent. Disdaining to lie even for its party, it has never worn the collar of any boss, or run with any machine. Thus, refusing to betray the public interest to any private or organized interest, it has been generally in opposition to the puffed-up custodians of power, who rattle round in a little brief authority and have no use for a newspaper except to bend it to their selfish ends. As a consequence, these forty years, the Courier-Journal has enjoyed scant favor at Court, holding consistently aloof from the various thrones of grace at Washington, at Frankfort and down about Sixth and Jefferson streets in the City of Louisville. The archives of the Executive Offices, Federal, State and Municipal, may be cited in proof of this. They will be ransacked in vain to find any evidence of sycophancy or self-seeking.

The Editor of the Courier-Journal never had, or asked, a dollar of subsidy, personal or political. For thirty years of political activity he came and went for his party at his own charge, speaking from one end of the land to the other, nor touching a penny of Campaign money, though often offered it. Yet, no newspaper and no Editor have been so persistently and savagely assailed by the organs of factionism and greed and graft, whenever differences have sprung up, differences whose finality invariably vindicated the sincerity, disinterestedness and wisdom of his counsels. Never, indeed, have these calumniators established a case against him or it; but malignancy and venality weary not of evil-mindedness, and the more absurd the motives they have trumped up out of their own depravity and ascribed to us, the more confident and gleeful they always appear to be.

There lie before us half a hundred screeds of one sort and another from the screech of the Whangdoodle baffled of its food to the squealing of the stuck pig, bad grammar, bad spelling and bad breath, one vying with another in trying to be offensive, yet too illiterate and too ignorant to know how. We are going in this present writing to show them how, taking the bunch at random; but, meaning to be offensive, and, knowing that of all forms of severity they most detest the omission of their inconsequential imprints and worthless superscriptions, we shall mention no names. Each particular varmint will recognize himself without a special tag. Not a single reptile coming upon his own but will remember his own scurrility and realize that we are laughing him to scorn.

Here is a good plump one. A straight lie may not be morally better than a crooked lie, but it has the merit of audacity. Here is a sample:

"The Courier-Journal is the chief of hypocrites. It is the eternal foe of good government. It has been a partner in every dirty political scheme of the past two years. It supported Hager with the same title Beckham holds; it fights Beckham because Gov. Beckham would not take orders from Bill Haldeman and the Louisville machine."

This liar lacks ingenuity. The "Louisville machine" was Governor Beckham's own until he thought he could make a profit by turning it down. Then he pretended to turn Reformer and went over to the bogus Saints. The Courier-Journal had no part nor lot with the Louisville "Machine" other than that it carried the Democratic label, and, things being even, we have generally preferred our own dog to the other dog. But in the Lighting Ordinances the Courier-Journal had to fight the Louisville "Machine" and was treated by it as an enemy and not as a friend. Only a year ago its leaders were for Beckham and against the Courier-Journal. This disposes of the first liar. Lie No. 1, indeed, being specific and obvious, is easily met.

Next we have a little woolly rooster from the headwaters of Bitter Creek to deliver the following very sickly cross between a cackle and a crow:

"What right has the Courier-Journal to advise the Democratic members of the next General Assembly as to how they should vote? Did it do anything to assist in the election of any of them? Mr. Watterson knew that it would take some assurance to the contrary to convince the Democrats that he did not vote the Republican ticket on the 5th of this month, and as he says in an editorial on the day after the election that he voted under the rooster by force of habit. Didn't it look a little strange that he thought it necessary to tell us that? A man who is known to be honest does not have to tell people that he hasn't stolen his neighbor's property. It's only those who believe their reputations for honesty open to suspicion that have to do that. It was not necessary for the editor of the Louisville Herald to tell his readers that he voted under the log cabin. * * * * * The abuse now being heaped on Gov. Beckham in the editorial columns of the Courier-Journal will do him no harm with the masses of the Democratic party. He will live in their hearts when the shades of a gloomy oblivion shall have settled around the memory of the editor of that paper."

But a while ago this very rooster (or, is he a hen?) was saying that the Courier-Journal is a back number, that it has no influence and that its opposition is to be preferred to its support. Naturally, a she-rooster of such limited brain power can see in the plain talk issued to thinking Democrats in these columns only "abuse" of Governor Beckham. Truly, each rooster knoweth the hands that scattereth the corn!

Here comes a little pot-bellied ignoramus, who is not even tall enough to see over the pig-sty surrounding the trough where he gets his swill:

"The failure of the Courier-Journal to support the Democratic State ticket and the malignant fight which it is waging daily on Gov. Beckham furnishes abundant proof that Watterson would willingly send the Democratic party of Kentucky into the middle of Hades if he could injure Gov. Beckham thereby.

"His personal hatred is paramount to all else. Little does he care about the success or defeat of the Democratic party so long as he can get an opportunity to strike a blow at Gov. Beckham. And why is this? Here is the reason: In 1903 Mr. Watterson, bloated with personal egotism, believed that he was the blown-in-the-bottle and only available timber for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination, and was an aspirant for that office. However, the Democrats of Kentucky could not see it just that way, and the nomination of Gov. Beckham followed. Since that date the hatred of Mr. Watterson has known no bounds. He has never failed to strike a blow at Gov. Beckham when the opportunity presented itself. The fact that had the Democrats been foolish enough to have nominated Mr. Watterson he could not have carried three counties in the entire State, does not enter into the matter with him.

"The Courier-Journal betrayed the Democrats in 1896, and it was many days before any confidence was placed in that paper by Kentucky Democracy. They have been treated to another dose of treachery and this time it has made a lasting effect on their memory and one which they will not be likely to forget. The Courier-Journal now stands in the renegade column of newspaperdom. Its editor stands self convicted as a bolter of the vilest type."

This Illiterate belongs to the class of varmints that ken nothing except what has passed before their own eyes, nor that clear enough to tell it truly. In the foregoing he has merely "hearn tell." The only difference which could be called "personal" between Gov. Beckham and the Editor of the Courier-Journal was precipitated by a public attack made by the Governor upon the Editor in 1906. On that occasion, the Editor gave the Governor as good as he sent, and as far as we are concerned, that made an end of it. Only a fool could suppose that Mr. Watterson ever wanted to be Governor of Kentucky, as only a maggot could fancy baffled ambition a cause for the malignity above set forth.

Here's a clipper:

"If a few bolters are to overturn the wishes of the people, why should the people ever be given an opportunity to express a choice of candidates? Why not find out what Mr. Watterson and his ring desire and then grant it to them? It would be much cheaper."

What "ring" and how "cheaper?"

There is a difference between the newspaper reptile and the newspaper varmint. Here is a varmint grafted on a reptile, one-third reptile and two-thirds varmint. Illiteracy could go no farther than this.

"The Courier-Journal claims to be a Democratic paper, but not a single editorial appeared in its columns in the recent campaign to further the interest of the Democratic nominee, and to that paper, as much as any other one thing, belongs the blame of the defeat of the Democratic ticket. Remaining silent as it did, never speaking except to throw cold water on the Democrats, is with bad grace that it now comes forth explaining why the Democratic ticket was defeated, and saying that Gov. Beckham was the whole cause of this defeat, both in the State and in the city of Louisville. The cause of the Democratic defeat in the city of Louisville is the cause of the Democratic defeat in the State, and that was not Gov. Beckham. On the other hand the Courier-Journal, Haldeman and the Vreelands, who are connected with the Courier-Journal, and the race track and whisky element, the gamblers and toughs, headed by the owners and managers of the Courier, absolutely refused to indorse the reform movement, and good government movement set on foot by Gov. Beckham, and turned their back on the Governor and refused to listen to his advice, took the bits in their own mouths, and, led by Haldeman and the Vreelands, the Courier-Journal mouthpieces ran the party organization and the whole ticket to defeat. Now, the Courier-Journal comes forth with the worst lot of yellow journalism ever before seen in Kentucky, and tries to make people believe that Gov. Beckham caused the defeat of the Democratic ticket in Louisville.

"Every appointment of the Governor in filling the vacancies in the city of Louisville was indorsed by ministers and all good citizens, both in the city and throughout the State, and had his advice been taken and the men he appointed been allowed by the gang in Louisville to have been nominated it would have saved the Democratic party both in the city and the State. All men who know anything about the situation know this to be true.

"The Courier-Journal should receive the condemnation of all decent people who believe in fair play.

"As before said, we believe the Courier-Journal and those connected with it had more to do with the defeat of the Democratic ticket November 5 than any other cause."

There is not a single truth set forth in the foregoing. Yet it is the staple stock-in-trade of the Illiterates who sit at the feet of the wooden image of Democracy they have set up in their ignorance and folly, and whose sole recreation seems to be to go down to the cross-roads and swear at the Courier-Journal. Until Democracy in Kentucky gets more enlightened organs—or, rather, until it gets a set of leaders capable of intelligent and upright leadership—we cannot hope for better things. Meanwhile, the Courier-Journal wants nothing but sound Democracy and good Government, and fears nothing but blatherskiting, perfidy and pharisaism.

Here is a bit of a speckled bantam that learns nothing and forgets nothing:

"The Courier-Journal has had a habit for years of sulking in its tent when matters political were not conducted in accordance with its wishes. For the last decade or longer it has given more aid and comfort to the enemy, the Republicans, than it has given the Democratic party. Its policy is like that of a spoiled child: 'You must play my way or I won't play at all.' The Courier-Journal lost its fight in the State primary and it ought to have manhood and consistency enough to accept the result and come up shouting for the nominee. The people of Kentucky will not be misled by its malignant and inexcusable opposition to Gov. Beckham, but will let the old lady sit off to herself in her corner at Louisville and pout it out, while they go on and carry out the party pledges and elect the Governor to the Senate."

The Courier-Journal has had a habit through forty years of giving its party sound advice. When the party has heeded that advice, it has won; when it has disregarded it, it has lost. From first to last its disinterestedness could not be gainsaid.

The Courier-Journal "lost" no fight in the State Primary, for it made none. In answer to a wanton and unprovoked attack upon it by Governor Beckham, it told the Governor what it thought of him. That was all. The "old lady" does not sit in a corner and she does not pout. Occasionally she takes a recalcitrant across her lap and does business.

The "sorrow" of the Writer of the following can better be imagined than believed. But, his memory is faulty and his alleged facts are execrable. He means to be "sarkastic," with a K. He is only ostentatious and illiterate—

"Henry Watterson can lead in only one direction, and that is 'to a certain hole-in-the-ground typographically known as a very hot place with a very short name.'

"After his miserable conduct in 1895, when he led a part of the party into Republicanism and which finally culminated in militarism, misrule and assassination, he came back to the party and professed repentance and prayed to be taken back into the Democratic fold, stating that he did not want to be a leader again; that he only wanted to become a private in the rear ranks, and if the party would take him back he was willing to follow it, even if it went to hell. By sufferance he was taken back; by sufferance he was permitted to go as a delegate from the State-at-large to the last National Democratic Convention, and since which time he has been trying to assume leadership of the party, and each time he has stuck his head up he has been whacked over the noggin, not with Roosevelt's big stick, but with Beckham's, until he has finally assumed the tactics of the fabled bull in the china shop—what he has not been able to break in the Democratic shop he has determined to otherwise befoul and smear up.

"It is now the general opinion of the Democrats of Kentucky that the great and only Watterson has a severe case of dolrums, which, being interpreted, means a confusion of the head caused by the corruption of the heart, and that in turn being caused by jealousy, envy and hatred of Gov. Beckham. Col. Watterson has shown by the malicious attacks which he has made on Gov. Beckham that he is both puerile and pusillanimous.

"Like the blind Sampson of old, he has pulled down the pillars of the Democratic temple upon his own head, and he is now doubtless seated in his sanctum sanctorium complacently viewing the wreck and ruin of Democratic hopes, all of which being the result of his envy, jealousy and hatred of Beckham.

"Col. Watterson is like little Jack Horner who sat in the corner eating his Christmas pie. He put in his thumb and pulled out a plum (for the Republicans), and said what a smart little boy am I.

"Reference is made to this weakness of Col. Watterson more in sorrow than in anger. Envy and jealousy have been the weak points in the character of a large number of other great men. Thomas Jefferson exhibited this weakness on one occasion. Napoleon did it on many occasions. Innumerable wars have been waged, men in countless millions and wealth untold have been sacrificed by the rulers of the earth as a result of envy and jealousy; it is a taint which follows genius and a gauge by which greatness (in one sense) can be measured, and when measured by this standard Col. Watterson becomes one of the greatest of the earth. But may his fellow not appear for many hundred years, is the prayer of all honest Democrats."

In case it were true that the Courier-Journal is making malignant and vituperative attacks upon Gov. Beckham—though, as its readers very well know, it is not true—in what way could these attacks be characterized as "puerile and pusillanimous?" Our rhetorician should consult his dictionary. He ought to let his anagosity reason with his parts of speech. We agree that criticism of Gov. Beckham might be contumelious and cantankerous; it might be profanative and perfunctory; it might even be bigamous and burglatory; but "puerile and pusillanimous," never!

Our sorrowing brother, however, is as "off" in his history as in his dialectics. At no time has the Courier-Journal "repented" of anything. At no time has it asked "to be taken back." At no time, since 1892, has its Editor sat in any National Convention, or assumed any kind of leadership, or party standing.

In 1895, he tried to save the State ticket by earnestly urging Gen. Hardin not to allow the Republicans to spring the Free Silver issue upon us. Gen. Hardin rejected his friendly counsels, precipitated the issue himself and went to certain defeat. For the attitude of the Courier-Journal in 1896, we have never uttered a word of apology. It was right and the party was wrong. As a consequence the ablest and wisest leaders of Democracy were driven out of public life, a lot of tyros were brought to the front, one National election after another, one State election after another, was lost to the party, until to-day we have but a single Northern Governor, and no show of unity or strength in Congress. All these things would have been avoided had the arguments of the Courier-Journal been frankly met and its counsels intelligently followed.

Yet in spite of these things the Courier-Journal was, as it is, a Democrat. Failing to induce the men who were playing politics like children in 1898 and 1899 to take high and sound ground, and coming to a forks of the roads where it had to choose between a body of incompetent Democratic politicians and the Republican party, it said "We are a Democrat, and not a Republican, we will dismount from our horse, take a musket and fall to the rear, resolved to go with you boys, if you go to hell, which is about where you are headed." Except for the fight made by the Courier-Journal in 1899, and in 1900, that is where the party would have arrived as every fair-minded Democrat in the State will admit.

That it got there in 1907 was because its leaders were deaf to the entreaties and warnings of the Courier-Journal, it being Governor Beckham, and not the Editor of the Courier-Journal, who seems to have "a severe case of dolrums," whatever that may be, for most assuredly the Governor and not the Editor has been the aggressor, as most assuredly it was the Governor and not the Editor who was repudiated by the recent vote of the people.

By the way, what has become of that "hot" one the Governor was going to "hand" the Editor?

The Agricultural Review.

The eleventh annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture is made public to-day. It contains 138 pages, and discusses a variety of subjects. After a review of production for the current year it proceeds, successively, to the discussion of the Weather Bureau, that of animal industry, plant industry, forest service, the Bureaus of Chemistry, Soils, Entomology and Statistics, the office of experiment stations and of public roads.

In reviewing production the Secretary says it has been a year of untoward conditions, requiring all the skill of our farmers to grow an average crop. The season has been erratic and there has been a scarcity of help. There has, however, been no general crop failure, even within small areas. The production is well up to the average in quantity, while the value to the farmers, as it now appears, will reach a figure above that of 1906, which much exceeded the wealth production of any previous year on farms.

The corn crop of the United States is most important of all. It constitutes four-fifths of the world's production of corn. The production of this cereal for 1907 is put at 2,553,732,000 bushels, which is nearly the average for the past five years. There have been three larger crops—in 1899, 1905 and 1906. In value the crop of this year is much above that of last. On the assumption that it will be sold at an average price not below the present one, it is worth $1,350,000,000, or 26 per cent. above the average value of the five crops preceding.

There is some doubt as to what crop occupies the second place, cotton or hay. Secretary Wilson says that apparently the hay crop this year exceeds that of cotton. Its value at the computed figures of 61,420,000 tons is $660,000,000. The tonnage has been exceeded several times, but the value is $65,000,000 above the highest previous one. The farm value of cotton and its seed is put at from $650,000,000 to $675,000,000, so that it is clearly third in importance, if not second. This year's crop is thought to be the third in size of those ever raised. Its farm value is a little below that of last year, but otherwise it will be the most valuable cotton crop ever raised, and 7 per cent. above the average value of the crop for the previous five years. The crop will be sufficient, with the surplus of last year, to supply the wants of the world. The fear of a cotton famine has not been justified, and the efforts of European spinners to make themselves independent of the upland cotton of the South have not made themselves felt. One of the strong points in favor of this country's cotton is the low cost of transportation. The average charge for transporting 100 pounds of cotton from the farm to the local shipping point is sixteen cents; from the local shipping point to the seaport forty cents, and from the seaport to the United Kingdom thirty-two cents; the total being eighty-two cents per 100 pounds, or less than a cent a pound.

The wheat crop is fourth in value. That of this year is 5 per cent. deficient when compared with the average for the preceding five years. The production is estimated at 625,676,000 bushels, and the value at $500,000,000. It will be sufficient for local needs, and leave many bushels for export, though not so much as usual. The oats crop is the only large one to which a great degree of failure attaches. It is 741,521,000 bushels, and is 19 per cent. below the average of the preceding five years. Its value, however, is $360,000,000, or much more than the most valuable oats crop heretofore produced.

The tobacco crop has declined this year to 645,213,000 pounds, and is the smallest for many years. It is 11 per cent. under that of the preceding five years, but it is valued at $67,000,000, or 16 per cent. about the five years' average.

In summarizing, the seven cereal crops of the country show a yield of 4,135,000,000 bushels, a loss of 214,000,000 as compared with the preceding five years. But the total value makes a new high record of $296,000,000 above that of 1906. The production of 1907 has been a good one. The loss in oats, wheat, tobacco and some minor crops has been counterbalanced by the increase above the average in cotton, hay, barley, rice, rye and potatoes. No such high average of crop values has ever been reached as in the year 1907. In estimating them little use has been made of the high values which prevailed before the break in October. In his grand total income the farmer finds himself in better financial condition than before. "He reckons his income in ten figures and he is still improving his farm, buying bonds, lending to his neighbor and putting his money in the vaults of banks." The grand total of agricultural wealth production for this year is $7,412,000,000. For the past nine years the wealth created on farms is estimated at $53,000,000,000. Of course, much of this wealth has been consumed in the support of the farmers and their families, but the figures give an idea of the importance of our agricultural interests.

Agricultural products figure largely in our foreign trade. The imports for the last fiscal year were of the value of $627,000,000, among which sugar and coffee, vegetable fibers, fruits and tobacco figured largely. The exports were of the value of $1,055,000,000, or $79,000,000 above the high record of the previous year. Cotton and its products constituted nearly half of the total, or $482,000,000. This item constituted 29½ per cent. of our total exports. If the products which are largely agricultural be added to others which are wholly so the remnant of our exports is but 28½ per cent. of the total value for 1907.

On the whole, the review of this year's crops is highly encouraging. The values, of course, are swollen by the general trend of high prices, and the farmers have to pay more for their supplies. Nevertheless, the review of the crops is highly encouraging.

"A Vestibule of Heaven."

"Make me the Mayor of this city," says the Rev. Mr. Powell, of the Vincent Methodist church, of Minot, N. D., "and in thirty days this city will be the vestibule of heaven."

The good people of Minot should make way for this confident reformer. The bad people should be driven from the corporate limits. They are in the minority even in a small city which boasts—or more properly blushes to confess to—a baker's dozen of gambling dens and dens devoted to the perpetuation of sundry other forms of iniquity.

Not every city has an opportunity to become the vestibule of heaven by simply electing a given champion of righteousness to office. Many a politician, itching for honor and emolument, and fired with pre-election patriotism, has promised to make a city a little less like perdition, but up to the present time the Rev. Mr. Powell alone has conceived the idea of even trying to convert a sin-soaked municipality into the portal of paradise. He should at least be given the opportunity he seeks. If he should succeed in so popularizing virtue and triumphing over vice as to make Minot a moral, spotless town, his plan of bringing his Satanic Majesty to his knees, and causing him to sue for a loophole of escape from a city grown too hot to hold him and his legions, might be followed. What profit might not accrue to cities contemplating the regeneration of Minot from a distance?

Self-reliance is one of the most hopeful and helpful traits of character. Without it great achievement is impossible. Success is the result of grit and faith in one's powers to do, or to outdo, what other men have done. Possibly, like the kind young lady who proposed to educate Huckleberry Finn, the Rev. Mr. Powell has no idea of the stupendousness of the task he wishes to undertake, but he should have a try at it.

The experiments in the use of coal oil as a fuel for vessels being prosecuted in Europe, as well as this country, tend to confirm the claim that it is not only cheaper than coal, but capable of producing a higher rate of speed. During the next few months the larger vessels of the British navy are to be given a thorough trial with it. Already a number of vessels of smaller type, chiefly torpedo boat destroyers, are burning the crude oil. The great success that has attended the recent trials of the new destroyer, the Mohawk, driven by this fuel, which has proved itself the fastest warship in the world, has convinced the British naval authorities of the thorough practicability of the innovation, and it is now proposed to fit up some of the largest cruisers for burning the new fuel and to put them through a series of severe tests.

It is well to remember that, in the campaign just at an end, the Courier-Journal found neither time nor occasion to support, by so much as one editorial, the Democratic ticket; and now that the ticket has been defeated * * * —[One of the Illiterates.

With a State ticket preaching sumptuary laws, and a local ticket preaching no law at all, what was the Courier-Journal to do? Do you think it can drink buttermilk and crow Democratic majorities? You pay unwilling, perhaps unconscious, tribute to the Courier-Journal, its fidelity to principle, its power and its truth.

Comments of the press of Kentucky upon the perfidious attitude of the Courier-Journal toward Gov. Beckham, nominee for Senator, indicates that Mr. Watterson's name for a long future is—Dennis. —[One of the Illiterates.

"Perfidious" is good. But what makes you say "attitude?" Why not "fiddlesticks" and be done with it?

Elinor Glyn says the freedom enjoyed by American girls is not injurious. Allowing 'em to select their own reading matter regardless of how vicious it may be is not injurious to Elinor, but on the contrary highly beneficial.

The average woman, in the opinion of the Dallas News, thinks more of a good cook than a good husband. For the same reason that diamonds are more highly prized than huckleberries of equal circumference.

Still there would be an uprising, accompanied by considerable bloodshed, if there should be an attempt to make farmers of all of the persons who are shouting "back to the soil."

It is said that there are a dozen members of Congress who were once printers. Well, Abe Hummel is in Sing Sing, but who says the law is not a decent profession to follow?

The Philander C. Knox boom was not a detonation, but the shriek of a false alarm followed by a period of profound and ominous silence.

"The way to be happy," says Mr. Carnegie, "is to make others happy." Still the American treating system is the root of inebriety.

After the Bradley trial Washington should be disinfected, even if nothing but a session of Congress is to follow.

The Courier-Journal is not boasting because it persistently predicted the acquittal of Fult French.

DEDICATE TABLET TO BOTETOURT BATTERY

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIES IN VICKSBURG CHURCH.

COMMISSION REPORTS PROGRESS OF NATIONAL PARK.

MUCH WORK ALREADY DONE.

Touching incidents and scenes marked the exercises in the First Baptist church in Vicksburg last Friday, the occasion being in honor of the handsome bronze tablet, placed in the Vicksburg National Park, in commemoration of the Virginia battery, which marks the first Confederate dedication in the memorable field.

Despite the inclemency of the weather, the Baptist church was well filled for the occasion, and frequent ripples of appreciative applause were heard during the evening as the addresses were given.

The gathering was called to order by John T. Anderson, after which the Rev. Dr. Howard L. Weeks delivered the invocation. John T. Anderson then gracefully acknowledged and introduced Gov. James K. Vardaman, who delivered a very sincere address of welcome. He said: "And now, my friends, it is my pleasure to be among you to do honor to Virginia's heroes, whose memory reminds me that while I do not love Iowa and Illinois less, I love Virginia more."

John T. Anderson delivered an appropriate address, and this was followed by a short talk from Capt. W. T. Rigby. Gen. Stephen D. Lee then read a history of the Botetourt battery in the Civil War, which was written by Miss Mary Johnston, of Virginia.

The following is a statement of the present status of the Vicksburg National Park:

The fighting ground during the siege and defense of Vicksburg in 1863 (1,283 acres) has been purchased. Confederate, Union and Grant avenues, 12 secondary avenues (connecting Pemberton, Sherman, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee, Wisconsin) and 19 short circles (Alabama, Arkansas, Illinois, Illinois Memorial, Indiana, Iowa, Logan, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Navy, Navy Memorial, New York, Sherman, Texas, Tilgham Memorial, Virginia, Wisconsin) have been laid out and constructed as earth roads. These avenues and circles and the public roads in the battlefield make a total of more than thirty miles of park roadway, all of which has been or will be metaled with a fine quality of concreting gravel. Sixteen bridges have been built at a cost of $116,449. The park commemorates the campaign, siege and defense of Vicksburg (March 29-July 4, 1863) and 456 iron historical tablets (103 organization, 35 position, 14 battle, 2 siege operations, 2 summary of casualties) tell the story of each brigade, division and corps of both armies; 186 iron battery tablets mark the positions of the guns on the lines of investment and defense and tell the story of each battery command engaged in the campaign, siege and defense; 135 iron tablets mark the lines of the Union approaches; 148 iron tablets mark the position of each Confederate regiment on the line of defense, and 215 iron tablets mark the lines of the Union trenches. Twenty-nine bronze tablets (headquarters, historical, mortuary) have been placed—25 in the park, 4 in the city of Vicksburg. One hundred and four guide boards have been placed on the avenues and circles. One hundred and twenty-seven old cannon of the kind and caliber used in the siege and defense have been received from the War Department; 114 have been mounted on field carriages and 13 will be mounted on siege carriages. A re-enforced concrete observation tower ninety-two feet high has been built. The work thus outlined has been done by the National Commission, under direction of the Secretary of War, at the cost of the United States. Congress has appropriated $775,000 for the park and further appropriations will be made until the work is finished.

Fourteen States (Alabama, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Wisconsin) have appropriated $797,000 for the Vicksburg Park, an average of more than $2,800 for each one of the 283 commands from these States that served in the Vicksburg campaign in 1863.

Illinois has dedicated a State memorial of white Georgia marble, a dome 54 feet in diameter and 62 feet high, at a cost of $200,000. The names (more than 35,000) of the soldiers who then belonged to the seventy-nine Illinois commands engaged in the operations commemorated by the park, are inscribed in bronze on the interior wall of this temple. The State has also placed seventy-nine monuments and eighty-five markers in the park.

Iowa has dedicated a beautiful State memorial costing $100,000 (granite peristyle with six bronze panels in high relief and a bronze equestrian figure on a pedestal in front of the center), thirteen monuments (bearing inscriptions for thirty-two commands) and fifty-nine bronze markers.

Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Pennsylvania have placed State memorials in the Park. Pennsylvania's bears this inscription: "Here brothers fought for their principles. Here heroes died for their country and a united people will forever cherish the precious legacy of their noble manhood."

Minnesota has dedicated a beautiful and an imposing State memorial (a rock-faced obelisk of North Carolina granite, ninety feet high, with a bronze of "Peace" on its front), three monuments and three markers.

Ohio has dedicated thirty-nine monuments and twenty markers at a cost of $56,000, and is expected to make a further appropriation for a State memorial and for additional markers (camp and sharpshooters line).

Alabama will place a beautiful and dignified State memorial, or memorials, in the Park, at a cost of $25,000.

Indiana has appropriated $38,000 for monuments and markers, and is expected to make another appropriation for a State memorial.

Mississippi has contracted for a beautiful State memorial of North Carolina granite, seventy-six feet high, with bronze figures and bronze reliefs representing battle scenes, and for twenty-three markers, at a cost of $50,000.

Michigan, New York and Rhode Island will each place a fine State memorial in the Park.

Wisconsin has appropriated $130,000 for the Vicksburg Park and will place a beautiful and an artistic State memorial, thirteen monuments, for seventeen commands, and markers therein.

This summary shows that fourteen States have appropriated for twelve memorials, 159 monuments, for 198 commands, and about 249 markers in the Vicksburg Park. Thirteen other States, not including Virginia, had commands engaged in the operations commemorated by this Park and each of them will, doubtless make an appropriation for it.

Virginia has dedicated a beautiful bronze tablet for her one command, the Botetourt Battery, engaged in the Vicksburg campaign in 1863. It was placed in the Park by the veterans of the battery and their friends, at a cost of $520.

Tilghman Memorial Circle gives increased distinction and significance to the site for the statue of Brig. Gen. Lloyd Tilghman, killed in the battle of Champion's Hill, May 16, 1863, that will certainly be placed in the Park by his sons, Frederick B. and Sidell Tilghman.

WILLIAM T. RIGBY,
STEPHEN D. LEE,
JAMES G. EVEREST,
Commissioners.

November 23, 1907.

MOTHER COMPLAINS THAT DAUGHTER IS DRUNKARD.

Nettie Hicks, aged sixteen years, a daughter of Mrs. Millie Isaacs, of 825 West Broadway, was presented in the Police Court yesterday morning on a warrant sworn out by her mother, charging her with drunkenness. Joseph Burks, an employe of the Moody Planing Mill Company, is being sought on a warrant similarly sworn out, charging him with having caused the girl's condition. The girl was arrested by Patrolman Roberts. Mrs. Isaacs declared in court that Burks had been calling upon her daughter for some time, and that he had on several occasions made her drunk. The alleged trouble on Thanksgiving afternoon was said by Mrs. Isaacs to have been the last straw, and the taking out of the warrants followed. Burks has not yet been arrested, and the case against the girl was transferred to the Juvenile Court.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Amusement Guide.

MACAULEY'S—Crane in "Father and the Boys."—Afternoon and Evening.

MARY ANDERSON—Advanced Vaudeville—Afternoon and Evening.

MASONIC—"The Awakening of Mr. Pipp."—Afternoon and Evening.

HOPKINS—Vaudeville—Afternoon and Evening.

AVENUE—"A Race Across the Continent."—Afternoon and Evening.

GEORGE EVANS, one of the best-known monologists in vaudeville, will be featured in the bill at the Mary Anderson next week. Mr. Evans has gained considerable prominence as a composer. The song, "In the Good Old Summertime," was one of his compositions.

Grace Hazard, whose "Five Feet of Comic Opera" made a decided hit here two weeks ago, will return to-morrow to sing a number of songs not included in her former list. Among them will be a lullaby from "Erminie," a selection from "The Torpedo and the Whale." Miss Hazard is one of the most attractive and capable "vaudevillians" on the stage.

The Dankmar-Schiller troupe of acrobats, composed of a half dozen girls, is announced as an especially attractive feature. The troupe was brought to New York for the Hippodrome, and the management at the Mary Anderson congratulates "Advanced Vaudeville" upon having captured it.

Valoni, a novelty juggler, recently from a European tour, comes to the Mary Anderson with an act in which he introduces a flock of trained pigeons. The Three Livingstons, acrobatic clowns, are said to be of exceptional ability. Kitts and Windrum, in a satire upon society, called "A Cognac of the Times," will be seen here for the first time. They are from England, and according to advance information, are excellent comedians. The Quaker City Quartette and the moving pictures will conclude the performance.

* * *

The Hopkins Bill.

A good bill is generally offered by the "Orpheum Road Show," which plays its annual engagement at the Hopkins next week. Martin Beck, under whose direction this company trvels, makes a special effort with each theatrical year to gather into one combination eight high-class vaudeville acts.

Edward Connelly, a character actor, and a company of five, in George Ade's one-act dramatic play, "Marse Covington," is the big feature of the show this season. However, there are several other acts in Mr. Beck's list that are expected to attract more than the usual amount of attention among the local vaudeville patrons.

Coram, the young ventriloquist from London, won favor with Mr. Beck when he played a series of engagements over the Hopkins circuit last season, and the clever Englishman was promptly secured to shine as one of the stars of the Orpheum Show. Coram was seen at the Hopkins early last year, and secured a hit with his talking automaton, "Jerry." He is reported to have made his act over into a much more pretentious affair, and his performance is said to be more entertaining and interesting than ever.

With the exception of Edward Connelly, the headliner, and Kelly and Kent, a farcical team, the entire Orpheum Show is made up of foreign acts this year. The roster includes Le Gardenia, a Spanish dancer, and her company of troubadours; Rosina Casselli's trained midget Mexican dogs; the Tom-Jack trio of English novelty musicians; Keno and D'Arville, European pantomimists and acrobats, and Les Jardys, French equilibrists and balancing artists. The usual daily matinees, beginning this afternoon, will be given throughout the week.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Jim.

I know a certain clerk
Named Jim.
He ain't in love with work,
Not him.
No matter what may be the task,
"Is this my work?" he'll always ask.

When told to make a case
Or such,
Does Jim for lumber race?
Not much.
At such a time he's always said:
"You oughter call on Bob or Fred."

Jim to his same old job
Seems wed.
The boss advanced both Bob
And Fred.
But Jim's chance looks a trifle slim;
He says the boss is down on him.

* * *

Legal Procedure.

"It's eleven o'clock, Jane," called the head of the house. "Tell that young lawyer to adjourn court."

"Can't, dad. He's right in the middle of a hypothetical question."

* * *

Instances.

"Some men are devoted to their professions. I know an artist who is wedded to his brush."

"And I know a newspaper man who married his typewriter."

* * *

A Tight Wad.

"You look blue."

"I feel blue. Somebody has fooled me with this counterfeit ten."

"It's a good imitation. You can pass it along."

"But I'll have to buy something."

* * *

Nothing Gained.

She does her shopping early;
She doesn't care to wait.
But, ah, the foolish girlie,
She does her buying late.

* * *

Solicitous John.

"Mother wants to hear from me every day, John. Says she'll pack up and come on if I miss writing a single day."

"But you positively must not miss a day, dear. Always consider your mother."

* * *

Comparatively Easy.

"It's hard to lose the savings of a lifetime."

"Oh, not so hard. I know of a dozen men with schemes that you could get into."

* * *

The Facetious Poet.

"My bank won't let me draw over $250 a day," remarked a poet.

"Inconvenience you any?"

"Oh, no; that suffices amply for my frugal needs."

THREE SECRET WEDDINGS OF LOUISVILLE PEOPLE.

Three weddings, in which Louisville men and women were the principals, solemnized in Jeffersonville on Wednesday night by Magistrate James S. Keigwin, were made public yesterday in the office of George W. Badger, Circuit Clerk.

The first was that of Samuel V. Simmons, an insurance agent, who was born in Hardin county, Ky., to Miss Lettie R. Bell, a native of Jefferson county.

Next came Oscar Elmer Wigginton, a car loader, and Miss Hattie Whayne. The groom was born in Louisville and the bride in Washington county, Ky. She is a daughter of R. E. Whayne, a farmer who still lives in Washington county.

The third persons were John H. Scholl who is an electrician, born in Switzerland, and whose father, still a resident of that country, is a school teacher, and Miss Theresa Hamilton, who was born in English, Ind.

HIS TWO TENANTS

Arrested On Warrants Sworn To By Barney Harwood.

KENTUCKIAN WOULD EJECT BOTH COTTRELL AND WIFE.

DEFENDANTS SAID TO HAVE THREATENED ASSAULT.

THE LAURIE-WEBER WEDDING.

Armed with a warrant for the arrest of John Cottrell, who was charged with trespass, Capt. M. E. Clegg, of Jeffersonville, started for Haussdale, eight miles north at daylight yesterday morning, accompanied by Barney Harwood, who lives in Kentucky and who swore out the warrant. After getting off the car Harwood suggested to Capt. Clegg that they separate and that the officer should approach the house first. Cottrell signified his willingness to accompany the officer back to Jeffersonville, and asked to be permitted to change his clothes. Just as he had begun to do this Harwood came in sight, accompanied by a man whose name has not been made known, but toward both of whom Cottrell holds enmity. When Cottrell saw them coming, Capt. Clegg says, he made an attempt to get a loaded shotgun out of a corner, but was prevented by Capt. Clegg, who told him no further courtesies would be shown him.

As Cottrell was being taken away from home his wife, Nannie Cottrell, who at first signified she would accompany her husband to Jeffersonville, it is said, was told by Cottrell to shoot Harwood and his companion if they attempted to enter the house. Mrs. Cottrell replied that she believed she had just enough Indian blood in her viens to do as told. After Capt. Clegg and Cottrell left, Harwood and his friend walked up to the house, and, it is said, were driven away by Mrs. Cottrell. Harwood then came to Jeffersonville and had a warrant issued for the arrest of Mrs. Cottrell on the charge of threatening to kill him. Cottrell gave bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance on Tuesday and his wife was placed under bond later in the day.

The trouble is the culmination of a law suit between Harwood and Cottrell for possession of a house, which was decided by Magistrate T. M. Paswater, of Jeffersonville, in favor of the defendant. Harwood, however, appealed to the Clark Circuit Court, where the case is still pending. Harwood owns a farm near Sellersburg, on which Cottrell was installed as overseer and given a house to live in. Recently Harwood desired to make a change and discharged his foreman, but he would not leave the house, it being his claim there was a written contract that had not been revoked. The suit in ejectment followed, and when Cottrell came out victorious Harwood decided to have him arrested on the charge of trespass. It will require a hearing in court to show on what authority the charge is made.

IN CLOSED CARRIAGE

William Weber and Mrs. Theresa Laurie Drive To Wedding.

Evading their many friends and driving to New Albany in a closed carriage Thursday night, William Weber and Mrs. Theresa Laurie, well known and leading Jeffersonville people, were married by the Rev. Charles Curran, at the rectory of Holy Trinity Catholic church, 700 East Market street, and were on their wedding trip before the fact became known to their friends at home yesterday afternoon. It had been generally understood that they were engaged and several dates had been unofficially announced by the wise ones of Jeffersonville for the wedding.

After dark Thursday evening a carriage drove up to the home of Mrs. Laurie, on Pearl street, and as quietly as possible she and Mr. Weber were driven away, keeping off of the principal streets until the road to New Albany was struck. After the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Weber were driven to the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad depot in New Albany, and there took a train for their wedding trip, but it is not known whether they went to Cincinnati or St. Louis. James Laurie, a son of the bride, who was in charge of Mr. Weber's store yesterday, said the marriage was a surprise to him and he did not know where his mother had gone, as she simply told him good-bye.

Mr. Weber is a substantial merchant, and has been engaged in the grocery business for a number of years. He was formerly married and his wife died several years ago. The bride at the time of her marriage was the widow of William Laurie, who died suddenly some four years ago while in a field on his farm east of Jeffersonville. She is a sister of Henry McKinney, a well-known passenger conductor on the Illinois Central railway, and whose home is at 1612 Fifteenth street, Louisville. He was in on the secret and helped make the arrangements.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—George Beyl has filed his final report as administrator of the estate of Sarah McCabe and showed that he had collected $3,616.39 and had paid out $3,521.71, leaving a balance of $94.62 to be distributed.

—Several members of Company M, First regiment Indiana National Guard, have gone to the rifle range north of New Albany and will remain in camp there until Monday for the purpose of getting target practice.

—The schedule for the limited service on the traction line between this city and Indianapolis is now being prepared, but it will not be announced until after the middle of December. The cars will be run through in four hours.

—Judge Montgomery yesterday heard the foreclosure proceeding of Millie F. Jones against Andrew J. Spear and others, giving judgment for $107.50, principal and interest, and $25 as attorney's fees in favor of the plaintiff.

—A cross-complaint was filed yesterday by the defendant in the divorce suit of Charles F. Wacker against Alice Wacker and a rule to answer was issued against the plaintiff. The case is set down for a hearing during next week.

—On a transcript from the Floyd Circuit Court the action of the Capital Brewing and Ice Company against the Paul Reising Brewing Company, on an account of $60, has been filed in the Clark Circuit Court on a change of venue.

—The divorce suit of Bert O'Neal against Maxie O'Neal, which was filed on October 9, was tried in the Circuit Court yesterday, but the defendant did not enter an appearance. A decree was given the plaintiff in her absence.

—John P. Jackson yesterday filed separate suits against John M. Deitz and Edward F. Deitz to quiet the title to real estate. The defendants are nephews of Isaac M. Perry, who left them a large amount of property at his death.

—The suit of Roy L. White against Levi H. Scott, to determine who is the legal superintendent of public instruction in Floyd county, which was to have been heard in the Clark Circuit Court to-day, has been reassigned to December 23.

—It is said some hunters are killing more than the number of quails allowed by law in one day, which is fifteen. One instance is being talked of where it is said fifty-two birds were knocked down and brought to this city in a flour sack.

—Martin Tracey, Daniel W. Worrall and Charles Hunn, the latter a bartender for Charles Schnatterer, were arrested yesterday on bench warrants on indictments returned against them by the grand jury on the charge of violating the liquor law.

—An agreement was reached yesterday in the city tax collecting controversy by which the city is to employ someone to enter up the several amounts and total them on the county duplicate, the work to be done to the satisfaction of George B. Parks, Auditor.

—Henry Richardson was allowed a claim of $50 yesterday in the Clark Circuit Court against the estate of Mary Lightcap on account for services rendered previous to the death of Mrs. Lightcap, who was under guardianship as a person of unsound mind.

—In the suit of John B. Green against Mrs. Delphia Elsman and Mrs. Callie McKeon for the collection of a judgment the latter filed a response yesterday showing she had $16 in her hands as a tenant of Mrs. Elsman and was ordered to pay the amount into court.

—The effort to rear pheasants in this county has practically proved a failure, although Judge George H. D. Gibson, of Charlestown, has succeeded in getting a start. He gave eggs to a number of friends, but after the chicks hatched those that did not die wandered away.

—Mrs. Gilbert Beers, of Henryville, is in a critical condition from blood poisoning, and it is feared she cannot recover. While placing clean papers on the shelves of a cupboard she fell from a chair she was standing on and one of the rounds penetrated her leg, making a bad wound.

—Arguments were made yesterday before Judge Harry C. Montgomery and taken under advisement on the appeal of William Kahl from the Board of County Commissioners for the vacation of a highway on his farm near Memphis. The board held the question had been settled.

—Announcement was authorized yesterday of the engagement of Herman Cohen, a clothing merchant of this city and Miss Lily Levy, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Levy, of Louisville. The wedding will occur at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Levy, 927 West Broadway, in February.

—A blanket remonstrance against the liquor business in Union township was filed in the office of George B. Parks, Auditor, last evening. There is no prospective applicant for a license, but the action is to revive a remonstrance that become operative two years ago and the limit is about out.

—The order posted at the car works that only nine hours per day would be worked is understood by the men to mean that there will be no half-holiday on Saturdays, beginning to-day, and many of the employes are dissatisfied, but it is believed a majority of them are satisfied with the arrangement and would not join in a strike.

—Judge G. H. D. Gibson made a lengthy argument before Judge Montgomery yesterday on a motion for new trial in the case of the State of Indiana ex rel. John W. Bower and others against James N. Teeple, trustee of Charlestown township, to compel the defendant to maintain a school near Otisco. Capt. J. W. Fortune is to be heard later.

—William Spencer, who was recently arrested after going to the car works armed with a revolver and a big knife and fined $5 and costs, called at the police station yesterday morning to get the weapons, but was told he could not have them, as under the law they had been confiscated. He replied that he would investigate the question and left.

NOTED CIRCUS MEN

GUESTS OF ROYAL'S INDOOR CIRCUS LAST NIGHT.

H. H. Tammen, Judge Weber, J. W. Gentry, Rhoda Royal and H. S. Maddy—Parade For To-day.

Some of the most prominent circus managers in America were guests of Royal's circus at the Armory last night, having stopped over in Louisville because of the presence here of Rhoda Royal's big show.

Among them were H. H. Tammen, president and general manager of the Sells-Floto show and proprietor of the Denver Post. Mr. Tammen is the only newspaper owner in the country who also owns a circus. With him was Judge DeWitt C. Weber, a prominent Western attorney and part owner of the Sells-Floto circus. Both of them were going East on business connected with their circus work.

J. W. Gentry, of Bloomington, Ind., one of the owners of the Gentry Bros.' dog and pony show, also stopped off at the Armory on his way from Arkansas. Accompanying him was Herbert S. Maddy, of Muncie, Ind., who is connected with the Gentry shows.

Mr. Royal himself is one of the best known circus men in America, having managed various tent circuses until he established his indoor circus.

Only two more performances are to be given by Royal's circus at the Armory, the regular performance to-night and the bargain matinee this afternoon, when the price is reduced to twenty-five cents. The regular fifty-cent price will prevail to-night, however.

Owing to the street car trouble early in the week no parade was given. Mr. Royal announced last night that he was unwilling to show in a city and not give a parade, and therefore decided to give a parade this morning. It will of course be shorn of a menagerie, but will contain all the other features of the circus parade and will include a platoon of thirty-six policemen, mounted. The parade will start from the Armory at 10 o'clock this morning and will traverse the principal streets of the city.

The crowd last night rivaled the Thanksgiving night crowd in size, and the two remaining performances are expected to show to packed houses.

Dog's Cold Nose
is a sign of health, but warm nose means sick dog. Doctors judge a dog by his nose and a man by his hands. Folks with cold hands need
Scott's Emulsion
Cold hands often mean thin blood, low vitality and poor feeding. SCOTT'S EMULSION has warmth and vitality and feeding power in it. In consumption and other wasting diseases it feeds the blood and gives the power to produce flesh.
All Druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

MEXICO
Commencing Dec. 10, the
Mexico-St. Louis Special
The Train de Luxe of Two Republics, will leave St. Louis every Tuesday and Friday for City of Mexico
Via
Iron Mountain, Texas & Pacific International & Great Northern Railroad, and The National Lines of Mexico
A solid vestibuled train—clear through—diner all the way—equipped to the minutest detail with every luxury and convenience. Returning northbound, leaves City of Mexico every Tuesday and Saturday.
Our interesting booklet, describing all the features, and an illustrated book on Mexico mailed to any-one on request.
Clip out this advertisement as a reminder and send to either

Iron Mountain Route, 301 Norton Bldg., Louisville
or
CHAS. R. HOGLE, C. A.
National Lines of Mexico
Union Trust Bldg.
Cincinnati

POSTAL CARDS

Contain Threats From An Anonymous Correspondent.

NEW ALBANY MINISTER IS WARNED OUT OF EVANSVILLE.

MAY NOT OCCUPY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH PULPIT.

ELKS' MEMORIAL SERVICES.

The Rev. Dr. Hamilton A. Hymes, formerly pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, New Albany, now in pastoral charge of Grace Presbyterian church, Evansville, has received an anonymous postal card warning him not to preach at the Jefferson-avenue Presbyterian church, Evansville, and threatening him, if he should do so. Dr. Hymes occupied the pulpit of the church last Sunday.

This church was formerly held by the Cumberland Presbyterians but is now in possession of members of the other Presbytery, those of the Cumberland having left when an injunction suit was filed against them. Members of the old Cumberland Presbyterian congregation are now worshipping at private homes.

Similar postal cards were received by the Rev. W. G. Archer, pastor of the church, and by the Rev. Mr. Kennedy, also a Presbyterian clergyman, of Evansville. The Rev. Mr. Archer declares he will occupy his pulpit to-morrow and says he does not fear the writer of the postal carrying out his threat.

THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Celebrated Elaborately Yesterday By Mr. and Mrs. William Stolzer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stolzer celebrated their golden wedding anniversary yesterday at their home, State and Spring streets, New Albany. Early yesterday morning, the aged pair attended mass together at Holy Trinity Catholic church. At the bountiful dinner served, there were present John and Henry Wade, brothers of Mrs. Stolzer, and John Hennequin, of Louisville, son of Mrs. Stolzer's only sister, who is now living in Louisville and was unable to attend on account of her advanced age.

Mr. and Mrs. Stolzer were married at the home of Mrs. Stolzer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay Wade, near Borden, the ceremony having been performed by Magistrate Thomas M. Bellows, long since dead. They have two children, Dr. Charles Stolzer, Oldenburg, Ind., and James Stolzer, New Albany, and one grandchild, a daughter of Dr. Stolzer, all of whom were present at the celebration. Mrs. Stolzer is sixty-eight years old and her husband seventy-six.

Target Shooting On Range.

Beginning yesterday and continuing three days, Company C., of New Albany, and Company M., of Jeffersonville, of the Indiana National Guard, will practice target shooting at the range of the War Department, in the hills of Franklin township, four miles west of New Albany. A number of members of the company went to the range yesterday and the remainder left for that place last night. Cash prizes have been offered for the best shooting and medals will be provided by the War Department to those reaching the grades of expert, sharpshooter and marksman. While on the ranges the men will draw pay for their services. The camp will be in charge of Capt. Harry H. Austin, of the New Albany company, and the firing will be under the direction of Maj. D. I. McCormick, of Indianapolis, inspector of small arms' practice on the staff of Maj. Gen. McKee. Capt. H. W. McBride, of Indianapolis, the champion military shot of Indiana and several officers of the Indiana National Guard, are expected at the camp to-day.

Elks' Memorial Services.

The annual lodge of sorrow will be held by New Albany Lodge of Elks at Centenary M. E. church, New Albany, to-morrow afternoon. The oration will be delivered by the Hon. Frank M. Kistler, of Logansport, Ind. An address of welcome will be delivered by the Rev. James Carnes, of Centenary church, the invocation will be offered by the Rev. E. T. Poulson, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church, while the benediction will be pronounced by the Rev. Edmund A. Neville, both Mr. Poulson and Mr. Neville being members of the lodge.

An attractive musical programme will be given, which includes solos by Mrs. John L. Scott, William Goodbub and Harry O. Berry, of St. Louis. The church will be decorated with palms ferns and other plants and masses of cut flowers. Members of the lodge will meet at the Elks' Home, Pearl street, at 1:30 o'clock and will march thence to the church in a body.

Basketball Games Open.

The opening game of the New Albany Basketball League will be played next Friday, December 6, and one game will be played each week for ten weeks. There are five teams in the league and some exciting contests are expected as the city championship will be competed for. The games of the Falls City League will open on December 13, the first game to be played in New Albany. Two games will be played with every team to decide the championship of the Falls Cities and, as there are some fine players composing the league, it is expected that warm games will be had during the winter. The league is composed of the following teams: Louisville Y. M. C. A., New Albany, Y. M. C. A., University of Louisville, First Regiment, Y. M. H. A. and the Apollo Club, of Jeffersonville.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—Frank Zinsmeister and R. W. Morris left yesterday for Indianapolis to attend a Masonic meeting.

—Miss Roxine Sabine, who has been the guest of Mrs. John Ziegelbauer for the last two weeks, has returned to her home at Wawasee, Wis.

—Mrs. George Sackett and her children, who have been visiting relatives here for several weeks, will leave to-day for their home at Seattle, Wash.

—Samuel Pennington left yesterday for Los Angeles, Cal., having been called here by the critical illness of his mother, Mrs. Ellen Pennington, 1116 East Spring street.

—Judge John H. Weathers, City Attorney, has accepted an invitation to deliver an oration at the memorial services of the Bedford Lodge of Elks to-morrow afternoon.

—The body of Benjamin E. James, who died three years ago in this city and was buried at Cannelton, was disinterred a few days ago and removed to the family burial plat in the cemetery at Rockport.

—The funeral of Mrs. Emma Mullineaux took place yesterday afternoon from Trinity M. E. church. Services were conducted by the Rev. Frank Orman Beck, pastor of Trinity, and the burial was in Fairview.

—A musical will be given Friday evening of next week by the choir of the First Presbyterian church, being a part of the celebration of the ninetieth anniversary of that church, which will be held all next week.

—The funeral of Mrs. Rufina Bohl will take place to-morrow afternoon from the family home, 318 East Market street. Services will be conducted by the Rev. E. G. Kuenzler, pastor of the German Evangelical church.

—The funeral of Mrs. Sara McKee took place yesterday afternoon at the family home, 1843 Elkin avenue. Services were conducted by the Rev. W. M. Elliott, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church, and the body was taken to Cave Hill cemetery for burial.

—The funeral of Miss Cora Himer took place yesterday afternoon at the German Evangelical church, the services having been conducted by the Rev. E. G. Kuenzler, the pastor. The burial was in Fairview cemetery. Many floral offerings were sent by sympathizing friends.

—St. Paul's Chapter of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew will observe St. Andrew's day to-day. Holy communion will be celebrated at 10 a. m. and there will be vesper service and sermon at 7:30 p. m. To-morrow morning at 10:30 the Brotherhood will make its annual corporate communion.

—The local internal revenue office closed last night until Monday morning and the stamps and other property was sent to the main office at Terre Haute to be invoiced. The office will be reopened Monday morning, and persons not supplied with revenue stamps will have to wait until then.

—John Hartman, by way of expressing his appreciation of the work of the firemen in saving his property on the Corydon pike from burning last week, presented the firemen with two shoats. They were served at No. 2 reelhouse Thursday night and greatly enjoyed by the firemen and their friends.

—Mrs. A. L. Wells, Mrs. H. M. Kenney and her son have returned from Washington and Philadelphia, where they had been visiting. While in Philadelphia they visited George A. Wells, of this city, the wireless electrician, on the battleship Kearsarge. The fleet starts about December 16 around the horn for the Pacific coast.

—A hunter's license has been issued by County Clerk William F. Ruoff, to Miss Clara D. Howden, a popular young woman of the city. This is the first license of the kind ever issued to a woman in Floyd county. Miss Howden is an expert marksman and is said to be able to hold her own with any of the male sportsmen in the field.

—The Keystone Juniors, of this city, and the freshman team of the Jeffersonville High School, were the contestants in a game of basket ball, played at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium in this city Thursday night. The Keystones were the victors, the score being 32 to 12. Its line-up was: J. Horn, center; C. Rudy and G. Day, forwards; W. Obenchain and E. Endris, guards.

—The damage suit brought by Absalom Fouts, of Milltown, against Drs. F. H. Hazlewood and D. F. Davis was called in the Floyd Circuit Court yesterday morning and dismissed on motion of the plaintiff. The suit was brought to recover $10,000 alleged to have been sustained through improper surgical treatment and was venued here from the Harrison Circuit Court.

—In the Floyd Circuit Court yesterday Edward Gardner was arraigned to answer to a charge of shooting with intent to kill. He entered a plea of not guilty and was remanded to jail in default of bond. The complaint was filed by William Carson. Gardner is charged with having shot at Carson and struck William Graham, a bystander, in the ankle, rendering amputation of the foot necessary.

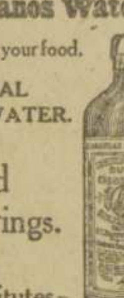
—James Morris, a former resident of Floyd county, died Thanksgiving day at the home of his son, Frank Morris, in Bloomington, Ind., of Bright's disease after a long illness. He was seventy-one years old and is survived by six sons and a daughter, Mrs. Ella Jack. He also leaves three sisters and two brothers, Mrs. J. N. Smith, Robert Morris, Thomas Morris, Misses Maggie and Meta Morris, of Greenville.

—Bids for the reconstruction of the Floyd county jail were examined by the Board of County Commissioners yesterday. Successful bidders were Frank Fougerousse, stone work, $570; A. Lindemann, plumbing, $1,600; United Gas and Electric Company, lighting and wiring, $165.25; Herman Griefe, padding cell, $50. Action on two bids was deferred for further examination until Monday, when contracts will be awarded.

—Theodore Scharf, 1925 State street, is convalescent from a serious attack of tetanus, from which he has been suffering for several weeks. He cut himself on the hand with a knife several weeks ago while engaged in butchering a beef, and in less than a week a well-defined case of lockjaw developed. For a time it was feared he would not recover, but continuous treatment with anti-toxin relieved him and he is now considered out of danger.

—Miss Ethel Morrow, of Carrollton, Ky., was the guest of honor at an entertainment given by her hostess, Miss Gertie May Seabrook, at her home, 215 West Main street. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Seabrook, Misses Violet Pectol, Jennie Stevenson, Mayme Russell, Florence Shrader, Edna Kappel, Vina and Nellie Dyson, Messrs. Lucien C. Lyle, Harry Roff, Andrew Connell, Tony Miller, of this city; Monon G. Ludwick, Walter Given, William A. Bell and William Jenkins, of Louisville.

—The Dinner Club will give a charity ball and concert at Maennerchor Hall next Friday night. The concert at 8 o'clock will have as soloists Miss Clara Hangary, piano; Miss Grace Coffman, soprano; Mrs. Robert G. McCord, contralto, and Mr. Wilbert Embs, violin. At the conclusion a one-act comedy, "Six Cups of Chocolate," will be produced by Misses Jessamine Bollvin, Helen Krebs, Edna Connor, Julia Hangary, Grace Harwood, Mary Frisbie and Mrs. E. V. Knight. The other members of the club are Misses Edith Owin, Ethel Henderson, Jane DePauw, Mrs. C. W. McCord and Mrs. W. P. Lewis. Werle's orchestra will furnish the music for dancing, which will begin at 9:30 and continue until 1 o'clock. The proceeds of the affair will be applied to the most deserving charity.

GOOD FOOD and constipation are ill-mated companions.
Use ½ Glass
Hunyadi János Water
On arising and enjoy your food.
A NATURAL LAXATIVE WATER.
Bottled at the Springs.
Avoid substitutes.


BRADFORD WILLIAMS TO SPEAK AT MASONIC THEATER.

The Young Men's Christian Association will conduct one of its big meetings for men only to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 at the Masonic Theater.

Bradford Williams, the noted New York Evangelist, will deliver his lecture, "Modern Martyrs." This address has been given to some of the largest audiences North and East and never fails in carrying conviction to the hearts of the audience for a desire to lead a better life.

Bradford Williams does not intend to entertain from an elocutionary standpoint. This evangelist has had a rather unique and successful experience during his life as a mission worker of the Brooklyn City Mission and the Coney Island Midnight Mission.

The doors of the theater will be open at 3:15, the meeting to begin at 3:30. Boys under sixteen will not be admitted.

Oliver's orchestra will lead the musical programme. The male quartet will also assist. Admission to the meeting will be by ticket only, but these may be had for the asking at the Young Men's Christian Association, at many of the down-town stores, from many of its members and upon the streets Sunday afternoon.

JUNK DEALER ALLEGED TO HAVE PASSED FORGED CHECKS

Harry Bohn, a junk dealer, was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning on the charge of having passed a worthless check for $20 on T. L. O'Bryan. His case was no sooner called than Detective Simons stepped up and arrested him on two other charges, preferred by George Beckman, a saloonkeeper, and the Byck Shoe Company. He is said to have bought a dollar's worth of whisky from Beckman and to have paid for it with a $30 check, for which Beckman immediately returned him $29, plus the whisky. By the Byck Shoe Company it is alleged that Bohn bought a pair of $4 shoes at their store, and paid for them with a check for $23. They returned $19 to him, they say, before they found that the check was worthless. The hearing on all the charges against Bohn was postponed.

DONALD MACPHERSON MUCH IMPROVED AFTER ILLNESS.

Donald Macpherson, who has been seriously ill at his home, 922 Fourth avenue, for the past few days, was much better last night. Mr. Macpherson is doing as well as could be expected for a man of his age. Mr. Macpherson is one of Louisville's best-known citizens, having been connected with some of its most important public organizations.

TERRY—PRUESS.

Miss Edith Terry and Mr. Kenneth Edward Pruess, of Los Angeles, Cal., To Be Married To-night At the Home of Miss Terry's Parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Moss Terry.

The wedding of Miss Edith Terry to Mr. Kenneth Edward Pruess, of Los Angeles, Cal., will take place this evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Miss Terry's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Moss Terry, 2125 Third avenue. Only the immediate relatives will be present, owing to the recent death of Miss Terry's uncle, Judge Asher G. Caruth. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. S. J. Cannon, pastor of the Third-avenue Baptist church.

Mr. and Mrs. Pruess will leave after the wedding for New York on a wedding trip for a stay of ten days, and will return to Louisville to spend Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. J. Moss Terry before going to their home in Los Angeles.

POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mrs. Francis Bowler Keene arrived Thursday morning from Geneva to visit her sisters, Mrs. Patty B. Semple and Miss Ellen C. Semple. Mrs. Keene had expected to come to Louisville the latter part of January to attend the wedding of her niece, Miss Bonner Semple, to Mr. Casselberry Dunkerson, but changed her plans and sailed earlier to arrive on Thanksgiving day.

Mrs. Keene was formerly Miss Emerin Semple and probably no woman in Kentucky has ever enjoyed such a wide reputation for brilliancy and wit as Mrs. Keene. Mr. and Mrs. Keene have lived abroad for the last five years, having spent some time in Florence, where Mr. Keene was United States Consul. Mr. Keene is now Consul at Geneva, where he and Mrs. Keene are famous for their delightful hospitality, not only to Kentuckians and Americans, but to all of the interesting people who live in and visit Geneva. Visitors to Geneva unite in saying that Mrs. Keene is more sought after than any other woman in the country, her delightful personality, her ready and flashing wit and her gracious manner making her the center of a coterie of distinguished people. Mrs. Keene will remain in Louisville until after her niece's wedding.

* * *

Dr. J. B. Marvin and Mrs. Marvin were the hosts at a beautiful cotillon given at The Seelbach last evening to introduce their debutante daughter, Miss Minnie Marvin. The decorations were in pink, masses of pink flowers being used. The favors were in pink and were unusually beautiful, consisting for the greater part of flowers. Among the favors for the girls were French bouquets of roses, wreaths of pink roses, French baskets of roses and pink lanterns. Some of the favors for the men were boutonnieres, paddles tied with pond lilies, whips, caps and reins. The cotillon was led by Miss Minnie Marvin and Mr. Garvin Thomas.

* * *

Miss Eleanor Calloway gave a box party at the Mary Anderson on Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss Willis Wilson, of Charleston, W. Va., and Miss Annie Pennebaker, of McComb, Ill., who are visiting Misses Lucy and Lida McClarty. Miss Calloway's guests were:

MISSES.

Willis Wilson, Annie Munson,
Annie Pennebaker, Rea Schimpeler,
Genevieve Dumesnil, Lucy McClarty,
Sallie Underhill, Lida McClarty.

* * *

At the Army and Navy football game, to be played in Philadelphia to-day, Cadet Thruston Hughes, from Louisville, will have as his guests Miss Leech, of Washington, and his brother, Assistant Paymaster William Neal Hughes, of the United States navy.

* * *

Col. Bennett H. Young was the host at an informal dinner given at his home on Thursday evening in honor of Mr. Charles William Kent, of the University of Virginia.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick N. Lewis will leave to-day for French Lick Springs, where they will spend ten days.

* * *

Mrs. John G. South, of Frankfort, who as Miss Christine Bradley lived several years in Louisville, will arrive to-day to visit Mrs. Graham Vreeland, at 1623 Fourth avenue.

* * *

Mr. Arthur Granville Langham has returned home after a visit of a week in New York.

* * *

Mr. Malcolm Bullitt and his children have gone to Rivervale, Ind., where they will visit Mr. Bullitt's mother, Mrs. Virginia Bullitt, until Monday.

* * *

Miss Irma Labrot, of Frankfort, has returned home after a visit to her cousin, Mrs. Bennett H. Young.

* * *

Mrs. Edgar Middleton Willis was the hostess at a handsome euchre party given at her home, 1716 Brook street, yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Charles Stewart, of Seattle, Wash., who, with her husband, has recently returned to Louisville to live.

Besides the guest of honor those present were:

MESDAMES.

James T. A. Baker, ...y E. Leeds,
John L. Staib, Charles A. Meguire,
William A. Hughes, ...ank Ouerbacker,
Frank C. Simpson, Frank Allen,
George K. Hikes, J. R. Serpelle,
Will C. Robertson, John S. Smiley,
James C. Dawes, William P. Bybee,
Pinkney Varble, J. W. O'Bannon,
Richard Gathright, E. Merritt Over-
Vene Coleman, street,
William Atwood, D. B. Sperry,
William Eubank, Julius Winter,
Harry B. Fitch, Gideon Jones,
D. P. Curry, Rush C. Watkins,
S. J. Hillman, James Moreland
Charles L. Holmes, Johnson,
T. J. Guthrie, Florence Cecil,
George J. Boniface, M. M. Roberts,
Wallace Miller, Rose Brucker,
Harry Walton, Alexander Graham,
T. P. Taylor, Alexius McAtee.

The first prize was won by Mrs. Leeds, the second by Mrs. Holmes and the consolation prize was drawn by Mrs. Robertson.

* * *

Miss Emma Dudley Rivers, who has been visiting her aunt in Tifton, Ga., for the last three months, returned home Thursday night.

* * *

Miss Margaret Hegewald, who is attending school in Cincinnati during the winter, has returned home to spend the Thanksgiving holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. C. Hegewald, and will remain until Monday.

* * *

Miss Lisle Bird, of Shelbyville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Woods for a few days.

* * *

Mrs. Frank D. Comerford, of Chicago, who writes under the name of Jean Cowgill, is in Louisville for a few days. Mrs. Comerford has contributed a number of interesting articles to the American Magazine, the Juvenile Court Record and the Reader. She is in Louisville to study the work of the Juvenile Court and to collect material for an article for the Juvenile Court Record. Mrs. Comerford is deeply interested in the subject, both from the literary and humanitarian standpoint.

* * *

Mrs. James A. Gill, of Shelbyville, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Nervin Richards, for some time, returned home yesterday, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Frances Gill, who has been visiting Mrs. Richards for a few days.

* * *

Mr. Collins Sumrall, of Danville, is spending a few days in Louisville and is stopping at The Seelbach.

* * *

Miss Blanche Reinach, of Chicago, is visiting Mrs. David Hirsch, of 1709 Fourth avenue. Mrs. Hirsch and Miss Reinach will be at home to their friends to-morrow afternoon and evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. McGoodwin, of Danville, who have been at the Galt House for several days, will return home to-night.

* * *

Judge W. E. Settle and Mrs. Settle, of Frankfort, have returned home after having spent Thanksgiving with Dr. Hugh Kellogg and Mrs. Kellogg, on Cherokee road.

* * *

Mrs. David W. Farleigh, who is visiting in Cloverport, was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ferry at their home one evening this week.

* * *

Miss Lizzie Sharpe, of Bardstown, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Bennett H. Young.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cheek, of Danville, who have been visiting the Rev. Frank Cheek for several days, returned home last night.

* * *

Miss Sara Page, of Frankfort, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Weaver for a few days.

* * *

The members of the Standard Club gave a beautiful concert, followed by a ball, on Wednesday evening at the clubhouse on Fifth street. The ballroom was handsomely decorated in palms, smilax, ferns and plants. The dining-room had decorations of white and green. A delightful musical programme was given by an orchestra under the direction of Mr. Gratz Cox. Miss Virginia Shafer and Mr. Letzler were the soloists. The dance programme was under the direction of Prof. Surmann. The debutantes who were introduced were Misses Josephine Levy and Corinne Sabel. Among the visitors were Miss Blanche Reinach, of Chicago; Miss Rockmore, of St. Louis; Miss Ethel Weil, of New York, and Miss Ella Joseph, of Vincennes, Ind.

* * *

Miss Mary Minor Miller was the guest of honor at a delightful progressive salamagundi party given last evening at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Hardy Burton. The white and red color scheme was beautifully carried out in the decorations, place cards and ices; the favors were quaint and attractive and the music by the Neapolitan musicians was thoroughly enjoyable.

* * *

Mrs. John B. Stout and her son, Richard, of Danville, returned home last night after a short visit in Louisville.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Brown left yesterday for Washington, where they will be present when Mr. Harvey Helm, the Congressman from the Eighth District of Kentucky, takes the oath of office. Mr. Helm is the brother of Mrs. Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will visit New York before returning home.

* * *

Misses Jessie Deane Whayne and Amarynthia Smith are the guests of Misses Lucile and Zillah Dawes, in Georgetown.

* * *

Miss Curry Nugent, of Lexington, who is the guest of Miss Louise Shelley, will return home Monday.

* * *

Leonard May, of Cairo, Ill., was in the city a few hours yesterday visiting his uncle, W. N. Swetnam, chief clerk of the railway mail service for the Louisville district. Mr. May had been visiting his parents in Mt. Sterling.

Threldkeld—Logan.

Hickman, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—At the home of the bride, near State Line, seven miles from here, at 1:30 p. m., Miss Bess Threldkeld and Mr. R. F. Logan, of Hernando, Miss., were united in marriage, the Rev. J. W. Bruner, of Clinton, officiating. Miss Mercer, of Brownsville, Tenn., was maid of honor, Miss Lena Threldkeld, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and Mr. Dodd, of Hernando, Miss., was best man. The rooms were artistically decorated in chrysanthemums and ivy, the color scheme being white and green.

Miss Threldkeld wore a lovely brown traveling suit and carried a large bouquet of chrysanthemums. Mrs. Logan is a charming brunette, and a talented young woman. She has many friends in Hickman, having often visited here. Mr. Logan is a prominent man of Hernando, Miss., and is well known in business and political affairs of his county.

Immediately after the ceremony, the young couple, amid rice and good wishes, left on the 2:40 train for their future home in Hernando, Miss.

Dawson—Stout.

Bloomfield, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—One of the prettiest home weddings of the season took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dawson, whose daughter, Miss Millie, was married to Mr. George Stout, of Elk Creek, near Taylorsville. The party entered the handsomely-decorated parlors to the strains of the wedding march, played by Miss Lillian Purdy, while Miss Corinne Hall sang "Call Me Thine Own" as the Rev. Dr. Harris, of Louisville, pronounced the ceremony, immediately after which the bride and groom left for a short trip.

Weddings In Garrard.

Lancaster, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Mary Preston and Mr. Jesse L. Duncan were united in marriage at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dean. Mrs. Dean served the bridal party a bountiful repast. Miss Stella May Shutties, of Junction City, and Henry C. Burdette, of Lower Garrard, were married at the Baptist parsonage of that locality. The couple will live at Junction City, where the groom is an official of the Queen and Crescent Railroad Company.

WORKHOUSE SENTENCES FOR TEN KNIGHTS OF THE ROAD.

Ten free and careless sons of leisure and the open road, claiming as their long-forsaken homes cities stretching from San Francisco to New York, were presented in the Police Court yesterday, charged with loitering on the Louisville and Nashville tracks, at Fifteenth and Magnolia streets, on Thanksgiving night, and suspected of having aims in life not altogether compatible with a state of law and order. Not much light could be gotten from them as to their occupations, and in most of the cases the word "occupation" seemed to wake but a dull, unmeaning memory of a state long past. All of them admitted that they had been in the habit of riding, unasked, on freight cars, "in order to better themselves in life," and Judge McGee assisted them in this praiseworthy aim by imposing a fine of $10 and a bond of $100 for six months each. This amounts practically to a sojourn in jail for the rest of the winter.

The men gave their names as Al Layton, William Russell, Walter Kranz, Fred Murray, Harry Walker, Will Williams, Charles Watson, William Baker, James Masterson and Dave Morgan.

POSTMASTER WOODS RETURNS FROM CONVENTION

Postmaster Robert E. Woods returned yesterday from Macon, Ga., where he went at the request of the head of the Post-office Department, at Washington City, to address the Georgia postmasters' convention on the subject of better post-office service and other questions connected with the department. Mr. Woods said there were about one hundred of the Georgia postmasters at the convention, and that there was a deep interest taken in the proceedings. He said that a first-class organization was effected. The organization did not include fourth-class postmasters.

Elijah's Manna
has the natural sweetness of white corn—rolled into flakes and toasted to a delicate brown.
Easily the most delicious flavour of any flake food known.
Be sure the food comes to the table crisp. When package is allowed to remain open the moisture of the air makes it tough. In such case insist that it be dried in an oven as per directions on pkg., then it is delicious.
Grocers sell at 5 and 15 cts.
Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

STEAMSHIPS.

THE WHITE STAR LINE To the Mediterranean and Egypt
SPECIAL VOYAGES by the MAMMOTH STEAMER
21,035 Tons CEDRIC 700 Ft. Long
The Largest Vessel Ever Employed in the Mediterranean Trade.
Sailing from New York
JANUARY 4 and FEBRUARY 15
Also Sailings from NEW YORK and BOSTON to the Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Italy and Egypt.
Romanic, Dec. 5, Feb. 1, Mar. 14, Apr. 25
Cretic, Dec. 11, March 28, May 9.
Canopic, Jan. 11, Feb. 22, April 4.
Republic, Jan. 25, March 7, April 18.
For Particulars and Detailed Itineraries of these Ideal Cruising Voyages Apply to
WHITE STAR LINE, 9 Broadway, New York
or Authorized Agents

To MADEIRA GIBRALTAR ITALY and Egypt
THERE are no ocean liners in service that surpass the New, Speedy and Luxurious Cunard Line Steamships of 20,000 tons
*"CARONIA," Jan. 4, Feb. 18
†"CARMANIA," Jan. 16
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Alexandria
*New Twin-Screw †Largest Triple-Screw Turbine afloat
For accommodations and all particulars apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
or Local Agents NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO MINNEAPOLIS

DEATHS.

HOELSCHER—Entered into rest, November 29, at 7:40 a. m., Fred Hoelscher, aged 79 years 10 months and 18 days.

Funeral Monday, December 2, at 8:15 a. m., from residence, Thirty-seventh and Amy avenue, between Market and Walnut, and from St. Anthony's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

RHEM—November 27, at Kingsville, Ohio, Wm. J. Rhem. The remains will be taken to the residence of his aunt, Mrs. Charles Roeder, 1612 Bank street, on their arrival.

SCHMIDT—Entered into rest Friday, November 29, at 1 a. m., Fred H. Schmidt, beloved son of John and Louisa Schmidt, aged 18 years 10 months and 8 days.

Funeral from the residence, 1114 Goss avenue, Sunday at 2 p. m. Interment in Eastern cemetery.

WILCOX—At 5:40 p. m., November 29, 1907, John S. Wilcox, aged 73 years.

Funeral and burial Sunday, December 1, at 10 a. m., at Avoca, Ky.

UNDERTAKERS.

Gran. W. Smith's Son
AL S. SMITH, Proprietor.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
809 West Jefferson Street.

SCHOPPENHORST BROS.
Funeral Directors and Embalmers
1820 WEST MARKET.
Telephone 1841. Chapel for use of patrons.

NEW BOOKS AT LIBRARY.

Books added to the Public Library during the past week:

Philosophy—Dewey, Psychology; Marden and Holmes, Every Man a King; Mill, Examination of Sir William Hamilton's Philosophy; Mind. Little Masterpieces of Science; Saleeby, Worry: the Disease of the Age.

Religion—Beecher, Yale Lectures On Preaching; Besant, Ancient Wisdom, Besant, Esoteric Christianity; Davids, Buddhism: Its History and Literature; Moghabghab, Shepherd Song On the Hills of Lebanon; Morris, At Our Own Door; a Study of Home Missions; Phillips, Call of the Home Land; a Study In Home Missions.

Sociology—Clare, A B C of the Foreign Exchanges; Cunningham and McArthur, Outlines of English Industrial History; Hopkins, History of Political Parties In the United States; Leech, Charity Organizations; Menger, Right To the Whole Produce of Labour; Scott, Money and Banking; Sidgwick, Principles of Political Economy; Washington and DuBois, Negro In the South.

Philology—Griffin, Esperanto In Twenty Lessons; Sweet, Practical Study of Languages.

Science—Bailey, Survival of the Unlike; Invention and Discovery; Waters, Ferns, a Manual For Northeastern States.

Useful Arts—Archbutt and Deeley, Lubrication and Lubricants; Campbell, Household Economics; Cornaro, Art of Living Long; Cross and Bevan, Text-book of Paper-making; Goodell, Waterworks For Small Cities and Towns; Lunge, Theoretical and Practice Treatise On the Manufacture of Sulphuric Acid and Alkali With the Collateral Branches, 3v. in 4; Pitman, Isaac Pitman's Shorthand Instructor.

Fine Arts—Goodyear, History of Art For Classes, Art Students and Tourists In Europe; Henderson, Richard Wagner, His Life and His Dramas; Klein, Thirty Years of Musical Life In London, 1870-1900; Lahee, Organ and Its Masters.

Description and Travel—Frederikson, Finland, Its Public and Private Economy; King and Okey, Italy To-day; Page, Rebuilding of Old Commonwealths; Paton, Picturesque Sicily; Young, Arthur Young's Travels In France During 1787-89; ed. by M. Betham-Edwards.

History—Blok, History of the People of the Netherlands, v. 1-3; Cassius Dio Cocceianus, Dio' Rome; tr. by Edward Baldwin Foster; Graham, Schley and Santiago; Jessopp, Coming of the Friars and Other Historic Essays; Moore, History of North Carolina From 1584 to the Present Time; Robinson, Readings In European History; Spears, Our Navy In the War With Spain; Parrish, Great Plains; Thayer, Short History of Venice; Winckler, History of Babylonia and Assyria, tr. by James A. Craig.

Biography—Blackie, Life of Robert Burns; Cary, Rossettis, Dante Gabriel and Christina; Fahie, Galileo, His Life and Work; Garrison, William Lloyd Garrison, 1805-1879, 4v.; Hazlitt, Lamb and Hazlitt; Lang, Alfred Tennyson; Oberholtzer, Abraham Lincoln; Wordsworth, Journals of Dorothy Wordsworth, ed by William Knight.

Fiction—Bell, Expatriates; Castle, My Merry Rockhurst; Crawford, Arethusa; Emerald and Ermine; Haggard, Margaret; Hurst, Mystery Island; Kelly, Wards of Liberty; Lynde, Empire Builders; Ollivant, Red Coat Captain; a Story of That Country; Porter, Heart of the West, by O. Henry; Ridecut, Admiral's Light; White, Midnight Guest; Woodrow, New Missioner.

Books For Children—Cope, Modern Sunday-school In Principle and Practice; Elson, History of the United States of America; Jenks, Our Army For Our Boys; Judson, Growth of the American Nation.

SOME CIVIL SERVICE JOBS FOR SUCCESSFUL ONES.

Oscar Beckman, secretary and examiner for the local Board of Civil Service Examiners, announces that he will hold an examination at the Customhouse, December 14, for the position of elevator conductor in the Customhouse, at $600 a year. Application blanks can be had by addressing the secretary of the board at the post-office.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces that an examination will be held in Louisville, Lexington and Paducah for Kentucky applicants on December 11 and 12, to fill vacancies in the position of mechanical draftsman under the Isthmian Canal Commission, at a salary of $125. Occasional appointments are made at $130 and $175 a month. The age limit is twenty to forty-five years on the date of the examination.

An examination is announced for December 11 and 12, which was scheduled for November 27, to fill two vacancies in the position of land law clerk in the Forest service, at $900 a year each. The age limit is twenty years or over at the date of the examination.

STEAMSHIPS.

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "ARABIC."
16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady.
TO THE ORIENT
February 6 to April 17, 1908.
Seventy days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, etc. TOURS ROUND THE WORLD.
40 TOURS TO EUROPE
most comprehensive and attractive ever offered.
F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.
J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main St., Louisville.

White Star Line.
FAST TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS of 11,400 to 15,800 tons.
To the MEDITERRANEAN Via Azores, Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa, Alexandria.
FROM NEW YORK:
CRETIC........Dec. 11, noon; Mar. 28; May 9
REPUBLIC........Jan. 25, Mar. 7, April 18
CEDRIC....Jan. 4, 10 a. m.; Feb. 15, 10 a. m.
FROM BOSTON:
ROMANIC..Dec. 5, 10 a. m.; Feb. 1, Mar. 14
CANOPIC..........Jan. 11; Feb. 22; Apr. 4
For plans, etc., apply to J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.; HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.; M. SHEEHAN, 1854 Portland ave., or any agent in Louisville or vicinity.

LOW RATES TO EUROPE
Join one of our Christmas Excursions to Great Britain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Germany, leaving Cincinnati weekly. Excellent service and exceptionally low rates by the Canadian Pacific "Empresses," the finest, fastest and largest steamers between St. Lawrence ports and Europe. Write for rates and booklets.
R. L. THOMPSON, Gen. Agt., 15 East Fourth st., Cincinnati, O.

Best Thing To Do With Your Idle Money
Is to put it into a savings account with this bank, where it will be invested in first mortgages on Louisville real estate absolutely safe—and bear compound interest payable semi-annually. You may open an account here with as little as $1 or as much as you please.
Open daily until 3 p. m.
Saturdays until 7 p. m.
Ky. Title Savings Bank
Fifth and Court Place.

Elegant Home-made JELLIES
Grape, Quince, Crabapple
In regular ½-pt. size glasses,
25c Each
$2.50 Per Dozen.
Mammoth Grocery Company

(TRADE MARK.)
"As we drink so shall we live."
ROYAL MAGNESIAN SPRING WATER
Is the PUREST, THE BEST. Take no substitute for the TABLE, FAMILY OR OFFICE USE. Indorsed by physicians for KIDNEY, BLADDER AND STOMACH TROUBLE.
OFFICE, 524 THIRD ST.
Both Telephones 1489.
J. WOOD YAGER, President.

WINTERSMITH'S TONIC TONES.

Society In Kentucky

FRANKFORT.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. Harry Abbett, U. S. N., of League Island, Pa., and Mr. Edward Abbett, of Center College, Danville, arrived yesterday to spend Thanksgiving week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Abbett, on the South Side.

Miss Katherine Campbell, of Nicholasville, is the guest this past week of Miss Virginia Nunn.

Mr. Rhodes Arnspiger and Mr. Jack Harding, of Lexington, spent Thanksgiving day with Col. J. A. Scott and family, on the South Side.

The Neighborhood Bridge Club was entertained Wednesday by Miss Emmie Scott in honor of her guest, Mrs. L. W. Longan, of Lexington.

Miss Louise Wood, of Wheeling, W. Va., is the guest of the Misses Scott, on the South Side.

Mesdames Thomas Averill and Marvin Averill were the hostesses of the Lofting Club last Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Page is visiting relatives in Louisville and attending the attraction at Macauley's this past week.

Miss Sadie Brown, of Bloomfield, arrived the first of the week to spend several days with her brother, Mr. Eli H. Brown, and family.

Mr. Nicholas, Miss Virginia Nunn, Miss Jennie Farrish Reiley and Mr. Harry Foster, of Louisville, attended the football game Thursday between Central University and State College, of Lexington.

Judge W. E. Settle, wife and daughter, Miss Frances, are spending a few days with Dr. and Mrs. Hugh Kellogg in Louisville.

Judge and Mrs. J. P. Hobson have returned from a visit with Lexington friends.

United States Senator Thomas F. Paynter, Mrs. Paynter and son, Mr. Pollock Paynter, left Thursday last for Washington to reside permanently.

Miss Marie Lindsey, of Louisville, arrived Thursday morning to attend the german at the Country Club last Thursday and visit the family of Gen. D. W. Lindsey.

Mrs. M. C. Gutman, of Louisville, was the guest of Mrs. P. H. Newman the past few days.

Mr. Jack Hendricks, Jr., of New York City, was the guest of Frankfort friends the past week.

Miss Elizabeth Scott has returned from a visit with relatives in Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyne Herndon and little daughter are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Julian at their country home near this city.

Mrs. Fred Jouett, of Louisville, has concluded a visit with Mrs. Edmund B. Rodman on Washington street.

The Rev. and Mrs. C. R. Hudson have gone to Franklin, Ind., to spend the Thanksgiving holidays.

Miss Westfeldt, of North Carolina, is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. P. Tarleton at "Fleetwood."

Mrs. Graham Vreeland and children, who have been the guests of Mrs. Annie Crutcher in Woodford county, have returned to their home in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney J. Gates, of Louisville, have concluded a visit with Mr. Thomas Rodman and family on the South Side.

Mrs. Ida Quintell has returned from a pleasant visit to New York. She was accompanied home by Mrs. Mary McKey, who will be her guest.

Miss Gladys Rodman, a student at Caldwell College, is at home for the holidays.

Mr. T. L. Edelen and daughter, Miss Lida, are back from a visit with Gov. and Mrs. Knott at Lebanon, Ky.

LANCASTER.

LANCASTER, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Simpson are visiting in Lexington.

Mrs. J. H. Williams is with her sister, Mrs. Ewing, of Georgetown.

Mrs. Mattie Duncan was hostess at a 6 o'clock dinner Tuesday evening.

Miss Polly Traylor, of Stanford, is the guest of Miss Katie Simpson.

Miss Elizabeth Johnson is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed Minor, of the Falls City.

Miss Mamie Bastin has been visiting in Crab Orchard.

Mrs. Mollie Swope, of Knoxville, has been visiting relatives in this city and vicinity.

Miss Della Tinder is at home with her parents, Elder and Mrs. F. M. Tinder, for the Thanksgiving holidays, from Hamilton College, Lexington.

Mrs. Ellen Tevis, of Kirksville, has been visiting her sisters, Mesdames B. F. Hudson and W. O. Rigney.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Rucker, of Lexington, visited W. K. Shugars and family this week.

Miss Allie Arnold is at home again, after a several weeks' visit to Mrs. Hugh Hemphill, of Nicholasville.

Misses Al and Bettie Anderson have returned from a protracted sojourn in Lexington.

Miss May Robinson, of Lower Garrard, will give a linen shower in honor of the bride-elect, Miss Mattie Mae Leavell.

Mrs. F. P. Frisbie has been visiting relatives in Richmond.

Mr. and Mrs. James N. Denny gave a sumptuous dinner at their country home to a number of guests on Thursday.

Miss Mattie Mae Leavell, of Bryantsville, has been the guest of Miss Rella Arnold.

Mr. C. D. Walker entertained on Monday evening in honor of Miss Polly Traylor, of Stanford.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Perkins gave a dinner to the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Price.

HOPKINSVILLE.

HOPKINSVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Robert Jefferson Johnson and little son, of Middlesboro, are visiting Miss Fannie Phelps.

Miss Jean Goldthwaite is a guest of friends in Nashville.

Miss Mary Penn is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Warren, in Guthrie.

Dr. and Mrs. T. D. House are visiting in Bowling Green.

Mrs. S. A. Beazley has gone to Rutherford, Tenn., to spend the winter.

Mrs. John W. Winfree, of Nashville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. N. B. Edmunds.

Mrs. C. E. Miller, of Middlesboro, arrived to-day to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Allen M. Wallis.

Dr. and Mrs. Manning Brown left yesterday for Llano, Tex., where they will spend the winter.

Prof. and Mrs. Charles H. Deitrich are visiting in Nashville.

Capt. and Mrs. William T. Blakey, of Evansville, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Blakey.

Mrs. Albert T. Crockett, of Oklahoma City, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Russell.

Miss Mary Johnson, of Elkton, is visiting Mrs. T. J. McReynolds.

Mrs. Herbert L. McPherson is visiting relatives in Bowling Green.

Mrs. Harry Keach is visiting in Russellville.

Mrs. Henry G. O'Neill, of Memphis, is a guest of Mrs. Lottie Shipp.

Mrs. Rogers Barr and children are in Louisville visiting Judge John W. Barr's family.

Mrs. Kenneth Brown is visiting in Nashville.

Mrs. C. K. Wyly, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a guest of Mrs. Charles O. Prowse.

EMINENCE.

EMINENCE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Georgie Sweeney left Wednesday to be the guest of Miss Judith Bright at Hamilton College on Thanksgiving.

Mr. and Mrs. Snyder and Miss Minnie Snyder, of Milton, are visiting here.

Miss Lucile Morgan returned Wednesday from a three weeks' visit to relatives and friends in Louisville.

Mrs. Robert Hite and children, of St. Matthews, and Mrs. Clendenin and daughter, of Louisville, are visiting their mother, Mrs. Will Booker.

Miss Sarah Maddox left Tuesday to join a house party given by Miss Edwards at Cave City. While there she will visit Mammoth Cave.

Miss Lora Patterson was hostess to her musical club Tuesday afternoon from 3 to 5.

Miss Fay Nuttall is visiting Miss Edna Wilson in Louisville.

Mrs. Clarke Rowland will entertain at a 6 o'clock dinner Saturday evening for her niece, Miss Snyder. Covers will be laid for twelve.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Johnson and children are visiting Mrs. Nieman Gains and Mrs. Thomas Middleton at their country home.

Mrs. F. M. Karr was hostess to the Woman's Literary Club Saturday afternoon. Papers were read by Mrs. Forsee and Miss Booker on "England's Capitol" and "Old England." The conversation was led by Mrs. Hornsby.

Misses Virginia and Nell Calloway entertained for their visitor, Miss Mansfield, from near Bowling Green, Tuesday evening.

SHELBYVILLE.

SHELBYVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Charles M. Lewis has returned from a visit to relatives in Central Kentucky.

Miss Anna Spears, of Danville, is a guest of Mrs. T. E. Bland.

Mrs. Graham Lawrence is visiting friends in Winchester.

Miss Katherine Johns, of Wheeling, W. Va., is a guest of Miss Josephine Smith.

Miss Cecil Waddy has returned from a visit to Misses Beulah and Marjorie Taylor, in Louisville.

Mrs. Thomas Hartford, of Louisville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. H. White.

Miss Allene Hanna is visiting friends in Georgetown.

Miss Quinlan Hanna is spending the Thanksgiving holidays at home from Caldwell College, at Danville.

Miss Margaret Reading has returned to her home in Frankfort after a visit of several weeks to Miss Virginia Bird.

Miss Margaret Phelps, of Richmond, is a guest of Miss Nola Shipman.

Mrs. J. O. A. Vaught and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, and Mrs. Eugene Wolf, of Frankfort, are visiting relatives here.

Capt. D. N. Sharpe and daughter, Mrs. B. L. Middleton, have returned to Richmond after visiting friends here.

Miss Lisle Bird is visiting Mrs. Robert E. Woods, in Louisville.

Mr. James B. Deatheradge and Miss Margaret Phelps, of Richmond, are guests of Mrs. Wesley A. Fullenwider.

Mrs. William Dodd is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frances Bacon, in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. George Haymaker and son are visiting relatives at Charleston, Ind.

Miss Elizabeth King Bird, of Louisville, is visiting the family of her uncle, Mr. George Bird.

Mrs. Charles A. Webber has returned to her home in Bourbon county after visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Webber.

Miss Kathleen Cunningham, of Louisville, is visiting Miss Ada Fullenwider.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Moore are visiting their daughter, Mrs. L. D. Carpenter, in Woodford county.

Mrs. Charles Allen Thomas has returned to Lexington after visiting her sister, Mrs. W. L. Brown.

LAWRENCEBURG.

LAWRENCEBURG, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Misses Marjorie Henderson, of St. Paul, Minn.; Corinne Errett, of Cincinnati, O.; Miss Frances Nan Zandt, of Fort Worth, Tex., and Mildred E. Wellington, of Fort Worth, Tex., are the guests of Misses Margaret and Jessie Mae Lillard.

Miss Anna Van Dyke Graves, of Taylorsville, is visiting Miss Nora Paynter.

Miss Helen Ripy has been the guest of Miss Belle Graves in Versailles.

Mrs. D. L. Merriwether was hostess to a beautiful reception Wednesday evening, complimentary to Misses Wellington, Van Zandt, Henderson and Errett, who are the charming guests of the Misses Lillard.

Mrs. Hardie B. Ripy has been visiting Mrs. Ethel Swann in Louisville.

Mrs. William Franklin Lillard gave an elegantly appointed dinner party Thanksgiving evening in honor of Misses Lillard's guests.

Misses Nora Paynter, Artemesia Ripy, Anna Graves and Iren Lillard attended the Kentucky State College and Central University football game at Lexington on Thursday.

The forty-seventh annual Thanksgiving dance was given by the Lawrenceburg Social Club Friday evening and there was a large crowd present.

Miss Susie Dorr, of Louisville, is spending several days with Mrs. D. Leonard Merriwether.

Miss Elizabeth Willis, of Shelbyville, has returned after a visit to Miss Allie Saffell.

Mrs. J. T. Boswell and daughter, Miss Marjorie Boswell, of Louisville, are visiting Mrs. J. P. Ripy.

ELIZABETHTOWN.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mary K. Hays, of Hodgenville, visited her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Boyd, this week.

Miss Marie Kirtley, of Brandenburg, who was visiting Mrs. George Kirtley, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Willett have returned from Jeffersonville, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bell, of Louisville, are visiting Misses Mary and Hilary Bryan.

Mrs. O. T. Petty, of Hodgenville, is visiting Mrs. Sarah Watson.

Mrs. Willis Hitzing, of Birmingham, Ala., who was visiting Mrs. A. E. McCarty, has returned home.

Miss L. Jones, of Oklahoma, is a guest of Miss Grace Cash.

Mrs. William Donnelly, of Loveland, O., is a guest of Mrs. A. E. McCarty.

Mrs. Hollie Beeler visited Mrs. Lizzie Robinson, of Jeffersonville, Ind., this week.

Mrs. J. B. Payne visited her daughter, Mrs. Spence Hill, of Nashville, Tenn., this week.

Mrs. I. T. Miller, who was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Martin, of Salem, Ill., has returned home.

Mrs. Mamie Logsdon visited in Munfordville this week.

Mrs. L. R. Veach and daughter, Miss Lilian Rose, of Louisville, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Yates.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Green, of Louisville, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Cresap.

Mrs. A. B. Ford, of Earlington, is visiting Mrs. J. R. Hansbro.

FRANKLIN.

FRANKLIN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. C. R. Bethel is visiting relatives in Glasgow.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dunlap have returned from Louisville.

Miss Mary Zelle Crow has returned from a visit to friends in Nashville.

Mrs. Charles W. Millikin, of Louisville, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit to Mrs. J. V. Chapman.

Mrs. W. S. McClain and son are visiting relatives at Lansing, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Eldridge Biggs have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Spillman, of Lexington, Ky.

Hon. Clarence Finn and wife, of Owensboro, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence B. Finn.

Mrs. Wm. Cromwell, of Frankfort, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit to Mrs. J. M. Sloss.

Mr. D. J. Finn, who holds a position in the Post-office Department at Washington, D. C., is the guest of relatives in the county.

Mrs. Willis Potter and little daughter, Elizabeth, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Potter, this week.

MIDWAY.

MIDWAY, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Allen Hieatt have returned to their home in Shelbyville after a visit to Mrs. B. F. Hieatt.

Mrs. R. S. Starks is visiting relatives in Paris this week.

Mrs. Laura Loyd, of Lexington, visited Mrs. John Graham this week.

Dr. Robert James and family are guests of the family of Dr. B. F. Parrish.

Mrs. W. E. Risque has returned from a visit to relatives in Lexington this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Bush, of Anchorage, are spending the Thanksgiving holidays with Mrs. B. F. Hieatt and family.

Miss Hettie Rogers has returned to her home in New Orleans after a visit to Miss Margaret Paynter.

Mr. John Wise has returned from a business trip to Cincinnati.

Mr. E. L. Davis entertained Thursday in honor of his guest, Mr. W. L. Powell, of New York. The guests were Col. John C. Durrett, Mr. H. C. Paynter and Henry Martin, Jr.

Dr. S. J. Anderson left the first of the week for a visit to friends in Texas. He expects to be gone several weeks.

MAYSVILLE.

MAYSVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. Henry L. Hamilton is home from a visit to relatives at Springfield, O.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Foster Barbour spent Thanksgiving with friends in Richmond.

Miss Essie Hall is home from a protracted visit at Portland, Ind.

Mrs. James H. Hall has returned from a visit to her parents, the Rev. and Mrs. Felix K. Struve, at Ashland.

Mrs. Thomas L. Best has returned from a visit to her daughter at Knoxville, Tenn.

Mrs. L. V. Brown has returned to her home at Jackson, O., after a visit to Mrs. Robert B. Owens, of West Third street.

Col. J. David Dye is home from a several-weeks' stay at Martinsville, Ind., and Louisville.

COVINGTON.

COVINGTON, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. John P. Ernst and Mr. and Mrs. Richard C. Ernst have issued invitations for Saturday, December 7, at the Cincinnati Country Club to introduce their debutante daughters, Misses Marguerite and Sarah.

Mrs. Llewellyn Matthews left Wednesday to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Matthews in Springfield, Ohio.

Mrs. William Brunner and Miss Neta Barnes gave a theater party Friday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Defoe Wilson, of Indianapolis, Ind., who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Cooper.

Miss Orie Ware is visiting relatives this week in Lexington.

Miss Jeanie Thorpe spent the Thanksgiving holidays with Mrs. Robert Buckner in Shelbyville.

Miss Jennie Kelly entertained with an informal tea Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. J. B. Niebus, of Louisville.

Miss Caroline Berry, of Lexington, is visiting this week with Mrs. James Berry, of West Fifth street.

Mrs. Alex Worthington and daughter, Miss Edith, have returned to Louisville after several days' stay with Miss Alice Worthington.

Mrs. John Simrall entertained with a luncheon Tuesday at her home in Fort Mitchell in compliment to Miss Mary Buckner, of Mexico, Mo., and Kitty Kinsey, of Dayton, O.

Miss Georgia Coffin gave a Thanksgiving card party Monday afternoon for Miss Marjorie McWilliams, of Kansas City. All the favors and decorations were suggestive of Thanksgiving.

Messrs. Will Riker, of Harrodsburg, and Hugh Sparr, of Lexington, attended Miss Bess Simrall's debut dance Wednesday evening at the Fort Mitchell Country Club.

Mr. and Mrs. George Diehl (Masie Simrall) left Wednesday for Crab Orchard Springs to join in a fox hunt.

Mrs. Edward Galatti is spending two weeks with her mother, Mrs. Rogers, in Charleston, W. Va.

Miss Hattie Collins was hostess of the Afternoon Card Club Wednesday.

Miss Anne Hamilton had as her week's-end guest Miss Ethel Graydon, of Clifton, O., and Miss Elaine Lee, of Walnut Hills, Ohio.

Miss Marie Louise Powell is the guest of friends here for the holidays.

Mrs. Sydney Arthur entertained with cards Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Nannie Chambers has arrived in Los Angeles, where she will spend the winter with Mr. and Mrs. John Chambers.

BOWLING GREEN.

BOWLING GREEN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Cap McKee, of Lexington, nee Miss Lena Meyler, of this city, has arrived in the city to be the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. D. Herdman, for a short while.

Miss Mary Porter, who has been spending several days at Nashville, the guest of Miss Jess Porter, at Ward's Seminary, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. John Rochester and Mr. J. N. Talbott, of Butte, Mont., arrived in the city this week to spend a week or ten days with relatives before they go on to Florida to spend the winter. They are the guests of Mrs. Keith Pillsbury and Mrs. C. M. Coombs.

Mrs. Robert L. Kelley and little son, of St. Louis, Mo., arrived in the city on Monday last to spend several days with Mrs. A. L. McGinnis and other relatives.

Miss Jennie Blackburn left Wednesday for Atlanta, Ga., to spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. E. E. Williams.

Mrs. James Rockwell, of Washington, D. C., who was the guest of her cousin, Mrs. W. J. Ragland, for several days this week, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Ely Mayer, of Louisville, who has been spending several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Nahm, returned home the first of the week.

Miss Rebecca Johnson, of Bardstown, who was the pleasant guest of Miss Marian Hines for the space of a week, returned home the first of the week.

Mr. Emmett Watkins, who has been spending some time in the mountains of New York for his health, arrived in the city this week to spend a few weeks with his parents before going to Asheville, N. C., to spend the winter.

PROMISING YOUNGSTER OF NELSON COUNTY.



RUSSELL O. YATES,
Son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Yates, of New Haven.

GEORGETOWN.

GEORGETOWN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Hettie Withers has gone to Vicksburg on a visit.

Mrs. L. W. Ditto is paying a visit to relatives in Eminence.

Miss May Marks is spending several days with Miss Frances Speyer in Lexington.

Mrs. Henry Cole is home from a visit to relatives in Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Fennell Blackburn, of Cincinnati, are guests of relatives in town.

Miss Daisy Bell, of Chicago, is the guest of Miss Mamie Stone.

Mrs. Isaac Marks was the hostess of a sumptuous dinner given Tuesday evening in compliment to Miss Helen Freiberg, of Cincinnati, and Mr. and Mrs. Julius Marks, of Columbus.

Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Goldsborough and Miss Goldsborough are paying a visit to friends in Lagrange and Louisville.

Mrs. R. E. Roberts and Miss Martha Green entertained about forty friends at cards Tuesday evening. Mrs. George Telford Hambrick marked the progressions.

Miss Elizabeth Collins has gone to Cincinnati on a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Rawlins Best, of Cincinnati, and Mr. Hambrick Sandifer, of Louisville, spent the Thanksgiving holidays with Mrs. Charles Miller Sandifer.

Mrs. W. L. Darnaby has returned from a visit in Virginia.

GREENUP.

GREENUP, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Freye and daughter are guests of Mrs. Lizzie Huske, of Fremont, Va.

Miss Mattie Collins returned home from a visit with Ashland relatives.

Mr. A. E. Campbell, of Plattsburg, spent Thanksgiving with friends here.

Miss Maud Biggs, of Frost, spent Sunday with Miss Frances Biggs.

Congressman J. B. Bennett and wife left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Miss Anna Willis is visiting Mrs. F. L. Rutledge, of Grayson.

Messrs. Ed Thomson and Will LeHands were guests here Thursday.

Miss Adalaine Sowards, of Cincinnati, spent a few days here with friends.

Mr. Henry Lee Phillips, of Manchester, O., visited friends here.

Misses Emmabel and Julia Bennett are guests of Miss Kate Winn, of Fullerton.

Mr. James McCoy is visiting friends in Lexington.

Miss Mildred Pugh, of Vanceburg, is visiting Miss Irene Biggs.

Messrs. Gordon Jones and Garland Hunn, of Ironton, spent Thursday here.

Miss Lizzie Callihan, of Hunnewell, visited Mrs. C. C. Callihan this week.

Messrs. Jewett McCall and Henry Starks, of Huntington, visited friends here this week.

Miss Lona Taylor returned from a visit in Gallipolis, O.

MAKING RECORD AS PHOTOGRAPHER OUT IN THE LONE STAR STATE



MRS. L. T. POWELL.
Wife of a former Scottsville photographer, who recently captured every prize offered by the Photographers' Association of Texas.

SCOTTSVILLE.

SCOTTSVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—One of the most delightful affairs of the week was the operetta, "[illegible] in Flowerland," given by the pupils of the Scottsville High School under the management of Miss Josephine H. Tucker, instructor of music. There were about sixty selected characters, elaborately costumed.

Mrs. Walter Whitesides and children, of Louisville, are the guests of Mrs. E. G. Walker.

Prof. Carl H. Ohlenmacher left this week for Columbia, where he will resume his work as instructor of music in that place.

Mrs. Ross Turner passed through the city this week en route to Tompkinsville. While here she was the guest of Mrs. Clay Neale.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Gilliam spent several days this week at Halforay visiting relatives.

Miss Blanche Hardlow, who has been rendering service at the Meridith Infirmary, of this city, returned to her home near Nashville Tuesday.

WINCHESTER.

WINCHESTER, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Ella Ballard is at Steele, S. D., with relatives.

Mrs. James Madison Jackson, of Parkersburg, W. Va., is visiting relatives here.

Miss Bessie Mastin, of Paris, visited friends here the past week.

Mrs. Anna Coleman Mithoeffer, of Cincinnati, is with relatives here.

Miss Mary Gilmore, of Richmond, Va., is the guest of Mrs. M. A. Donovan.

Miss Fannie Wells left Thursday for a visit to Washington and New York.

Miss Jeannette Tracy is visiting Miss Mary Shanklin, at Lexington.

Misses Annie Weaver, of North Middletown, and Selma Weaver, of Texas, are the guests of friends here.

Mrs. Estin Hieatt, of Lexington, is the guest of Mrs. W. P. Hieatt.

Mrs. Mary Cassidy and Miss Mary Tibbs, of Mt. Sterling, are with Mrs. W. T. McEldowney.

Misses Willie Hieatt, of Georgetown College, and Sara Beverly Jouett, of Hamilton College, are at home for the holidays.

Miss Alice Richeson, of Lexington, is the guest of Mrs. R. L. Sutherland.

SHARPSBURG.

SHARPSBURG, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. N. H. McLoney very pleasantly entertained the Ladies' Book Circle yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. E. R. Berry spent from Thursday until Monday with her aunt, Mrs. W. T. Duckworth, at Winchester.

Misses Anna Jefferson Sharp, Bettie and Nannie Saunders were guests of Miss Nell Moberly at Mt. Sterling from Friday until Monday.

Mrs. Martha Cassidy and Miss Mary Tibbs, of Mt. Sterling, spent the past week with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Withers.

Miss Rose Hunt, of Covington, is the guest of her uncle, A. J. Hunt.

Ernest Piper, of Carlisle, was a visitor here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Omar Ratliff spent Friday with relatives in Mt. Sterling.

The engagement of Miss Laura Withers and the Rev. W. M. Milne is announced. The wedding is to take place early in December.

LEITCHFIELD.

LEITCHFIELD, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Walker, of Louisville, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Berry.

Mrs. G. W. Armes and daughter, Miss Zella, have returned from Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter D. Fant have returned to Fordsville.

Miss Julia Rossdentscher has returned from a visit to Miss Annie Stierle, of Louisville.

Miss Verna Pulliam has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. R. Y. Secrest, of Texarkana.

Miss Nell Cecil, of Cecilian, is the guest of Mrs. James Moorman.

Mrs. Clyde Hawker has returned to Vine Grove after a visit to her mother, Mrs. W. B. Hell.

Mrs. John A. Bishop, who has been visiting her son, Mr. A. D. Bishop, of Louisville, returned home Wednesday.

CARROLLTON.

CARROLLTON, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Hannibal Danner, of Madison, is Mrs. Edward Masterson's guest.

Mrs. J. F. Browinski has gone to Joppa, Ill., for a month's visit.

Mrs. George B. Winslow gave a luncheon-cinch affair Wednesday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Miss Effie Browinski is the guest of friends in Richmond, Va.

J. B. Rollins and wife have gone to Indianapolis to spend a week.

Miss Katie Barrett is home from a short visit in Madison.

Miss Jane Stringfellow went to Lagrange Wednesday to spend a week with Miss Mary Blakemore.

Miss Harriet Masterson entertained the members of the Chautauqua Club Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Priscilla Gaines is visiting Louisville friends.

Mrs. L. E. Goslee is entertaining Miss Lizzie Scott, of Campbellsburg.

Mrs. Lou H. Schuerman has returned from a fortnight's visit in the Queen City.

W. F. Goodhue and wife are home after a stay of several months in Central Indiana.

Mrs. Lizzie Koethe, after an extended visit here, has returned to Cincinnati.

The Sewing Club met with Miss Rose Glauber Friday night.

Charles Kipping and bride (nee Miss Rollie J. Kruger, of Louisville) are domiciled at the Hotel Richland.

CENTRAL CITY.

CENTRAL CITY, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. S. F. Howey and daughter, Elizabeth, have returned from a visit to relatives in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Christian and son Daniel have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. James Kelly, of Greenville.

Mrs. Mabel Stringer is visiting friends at Drakesboro.

Miss Nettie Turnley, Mr. T. J. H. McKnight and Mr. Leslie Hewitt are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. William Hewitt, of Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Gregory and Miss Ella Moore have returned this week from a visit to friends in Louisville.

Mrs. C. H. Blandford and son, C. H. Blandford, Jr., were the guests of their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Breathitt, of Louisville.

Mr. Robert Cambron, of Princeton, is the guest of Miss Mary May.

Miss Annie Montgomery is visiting Mr. R. W. Montgomery, of Leitchfield.

Miss Annie Frisz and Mrs. Lena Cox, of Terre Haute, are visiting their relatives, Mrs. E. B. Miller, Mrs. J. L. McDowell and Mrs. E. M. Gish.

Mr. R. R. Glass entertained on Thursday with a chafing dish party in honor of the visitors in town.

Mr. Miller McCann, of Paducah, is spending Thanksgiving with his many friends here.

Misses Mamie Hackett, Marinda Atherton and Mr. O. Atherton, of Livermore, were the guests of Misses Eula and Belle Vick this week.

HICKMAN.

HICKMAN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Ed Williams left Tuesday for Jackson after an extended visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Fuqua.

Mrs. Kate Lunsford and Mrs. Calvin Arrington, of Moscow, were here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Robins, of Mayfield, Ky., are the guests of her mother, Mrs. M. Arnberg.

Miss Jennie Kerlin, of Jordan, Ky., is the guest of Mrs. Emma Stephens.

Mrs. S. L. Dodds and children spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. George Wade at Memphis.

Mrs. Horace Luten and children, of Fulton, are the guests of Mrs. C. L. Randle.

Mrs. R. T. Tyler has returned from a visit to Louisville.

Miss Irene Faris is visiting Mrs. Roy McKinney, at Paducah, Ky.

Misses Bettie and Ivey DeBow have returned from a three months' visit in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Dillon are visiting relatives in Friar's Point, Miss., for a few days.

Mrs. Lily Wall, of Florida, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. M. Hubbard.

Mrs. Lucy Page has returned to her home in Charlottesville, Va., after a visit to Mrs. R. T. Tyler.

RECENT VISITORS AT MILTON.



MRS. F. G. WILLIS,
Of Indianapolis.



MISS CORA L. VOIERS,
Of Greenwood, Ind.

Mrs. Willis and Miss Voiers are sisters and formerly resided in Milton, Ky.

NICHOLASVILLE.

NICHOLASVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. J. B. Harris, of Louisville, is the guest of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Barnes.

Mrs. Gaines Rice, of Washington, D. C., is visiting her sister, Miss Ora Wilmore.

Mrs. F. D. Smith has returned from a visit to Mrs. B. D. Gordon in Richmond.

Mrs. T. C. Holloway, of Lexington, spent several days of this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Noland.

Mrs. Frank Peabody is visiting in Louisville.

Miss Lottie Bittenger, of the Institute, spent Thanksgiving with her parents at Mt. Sterling.

Miss Leila Wilhoit and Miss Eudora South at Frankfort this week.

Miss Cora Peabody is visiting in Cincinnati.

Mrs. W. H. Phillips left Monday for Palatka, Fla., where she will spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Marimon are visiting in Harrodsburg.

Miss Mattie Land, of Lexington, visited Dr. and Mrs. Mathews this week.

Mrs. T. L. Givens and Mrs. Aurelia Ross, of Flemingsburg, are visiting Mrs. Chester Fitch.

Miss Jennie Burnsides, of Bryantsville, is visiting Miss Katie Campbell.

Miss McChord, of Lebanon, is visiting Miss Mattie Guyn.

Mrs. E. H. Marriott will return next week from a visit to Louisville.

Mrs. Rea Gibson, of Cincinnati, is visiting Mrs. M. A. Chrisman.

FLEMINGSBURG.

FLEMINGSBURG, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Wm. Remington, of Paris, has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Hart.

Miss Nannie McHugh has returned home from a visit in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Robert Clinkenbeard, of Nevada, Mo., has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Will Farris, of this county.

Mrs. Espie Goodpaster, of Owingsville, spent several days with Miss Olive Faut the first of the week.

Mrs. R. A. Jennings has returned to her home in Lexington after spending several weeks with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Given spent Thanksgiving in Nicholasville with their daughter, Mrs. Chester Fitch.

Mrs. John Power, of Maysville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. H. Kenner.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Aitken have returned from Martinsville, Ind.

J. H. Newman and wife, of Grant county, Mo., are spending the winter here with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Woodward, of Maysville, spent Thanksgiving here.

Mrs. S. P. Carpenter is home from Martinsville, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. R. V. Bishop, Mrs. Gertrude Smith, Misses Hart and Gossett have returned to their home in Cynthiana after spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Hart.

MT. WASHINGTON.

MT. WASHINGTON, Nov 29.—[Special.]—Miss Mary E. Bridwell left this week to visit her sister, Mrs. Lydia Wood, and Miss Ellmyria Bridwell in Ada, Okla.

Dr. A. L. Thomas and Mrs. Thomas have returned to Louisville, after a visit in the county with Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Ray.

Miss Mattie Garr has returned to her home, after a visit in Owensboro.

Mr. E. T. Kruitzer and sister have returned to Wheeling, W. Va., after a visit to relatives on the Waterford road.

Miss Corinne McCrocklin, who is attending school here, spent the Thanksgiving holidays with her parents at Zoneton.

The Rev. and Mrs. T. L. Blalock, returned missionaries from China; Mr. Jess Blalock, of San Francisco, Cal., and Mr. and Mrs. Jones, of Louisville, are being entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Settle.

Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Rumage have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Stacy, of Louisville, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Ash, of Mt. Vernon, O.

Mrs. Ben Elder, of McAllister, Okla.; Mr. and Mrs. Jess Crume and daughter, Miss Sue, are being entertained at the home of Mrs. Frankie Clark.

SMITHS GROVE.

SMITHS GROVE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Henry Cullens, who has been with her parents here, left Monday for her home at Lexington.

Mr. Edgar Grider and family and Miss Cora Cooksey, of Bowling Green, were the guests of Dr. W. R. Ruble and wife this week.

Mrs. Nat Smith, of Rowe, Tex., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. G. Mitchell, left for her home this week.

Mrs. E. O. Penner, of Bowling Green, and Mrs. S. A. Murray, of Franklin, were the guests of P. Y. Ewing this week.

Misses Maud Snoddy and Lotty Brownlee, of Rowletts, were the charming guests of Mrs. W. H. Funk at this place.

Mesdames C. W. McGuire, of Munfordville, and Walter Richardson, of Rowletts, were entertained by Mrs. C. N. Weems last Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Ethel Lane, of Canmer, and Mrs. J. M. Bales, of Munfordville, were visitors at the home of Mrs. H. P. Summers this week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Summers and Miss Nell Wortham attended the Wortham-Duvall wedding at Sonora, Ky., this week.

Mrs. A. G. Fraser, of Richardsville, was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. H. P. Summers, this week.

VERSAILLES.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The Woodford Cotillion Club's first german of the season on Tuesday evening at Landsberg's Hall was a beautiful affair. It was gracefully led by Mr. Quinn Cogar and Miss Leonora Winn, of Midway.

Mrs. Letitia Nutt and Miss Nannie Nutt, of Sanibel, Fla., are visiting Mrs. A. A. Newman and the Misses Ashmore.

Miss Stropshire, of Cynthiana, is the guest of Miss Virginia Sullivan.

Miss Katherine Boyd, of London, O., is the guest of Mrs. S. A. Blackburn.

Capt. James Blackburn left Tuesday for Washington, D. C., where he will spend the winter with his son, Maj. James W. Blackburn.

Mrs. R. N. Hudson and daughter, Miss Virginia Hudson, are visiting in Cloverport.

Mrs. T. F. Carter, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Lucas Brodhead for some weeks, returned Monday to her home at Pensacola, Fla.

Mrs. Edith S. Hunter gave a handsome dinner-euchre last Friday evening to forty guests in honor of Mrs. Herman Hegler, of Danville, Ill., and Miss Isabel Sherwood, of New York.

HARRODSBURG.

HARRODSBURG, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Haldon Helm Hardin returned Tuesday from a three weeks' stay in Indianapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. John Curry left for Louisville Monday to remain for the winter.

Mrs. Allen Edelen left Wednesday for Hardinsburg.

Mrs. M. H. Moise, of Crescent Hill, returned home Wednesday after a short visit to Mrs. Glover Kyle.

Mrs. Charles G. White and Miss Annie James were in Danville this week.

Dr. T. O. Humphrey and daughters, Mary and Margaret, have gone to Cincinnati to join Mrs. Humphrey.

Miss Mary Lafon and Mrs. Florence Fales entertained the Social Club Saturday.

Miss Sadie Eastland, of Brownsville, Tenn., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Bush W. Allin.

Mrs. Hugh Cooper and sons, of Lebanon, are here to spend Thanksgiving with Mrs. Maggie Pearson.

Miss [illegible] Lung has gone to Lexington for a visit.

Mrs. Stevens went to Salvisa to spend Thanksgiving.

MT. STERLING.

MT. STERLING, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. T. Tyler and daughter, Miss Dorothea, are in Cincinnati, the guests of Capt. M. A. Tyler.

Miss Mary Williams Wood has gone to Somerset to spend the winter.

Mrs. Emma Chenault has for her guest Mrs. Charles Allen, of Knoxville, Tenn.

Miss Erminie Peters, who has been visiting here during the summer, has returned to her home in Pittsburg, Pa.

Mrs. Sam Mallack, of Huntington, W. Va., was here this week with friends.

Mrs. Lucy Welsh is at Nicholasville, a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Will Hughes.

Mrs. Maggie Pearce, of Dayton, New Mexico, is visiting relatives in this county.

Mr. B. F. Botts and wife, of Cincinnati, are visiting the family of J. Ben McMichael.

Mrs. Lucile Wilson and daughter, Miss Gladys, were in Lexington this week, the guests of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Carrol Hamilton have returned, after a visit to Cleveland, O., relatives.

CLOVERPORT.

CLOVERPORT, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. David Murray and Mildred Murray, of Hardinsburg, spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Fred Ferry.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hills and daughters, of Richmond, are the guests of Mrs. Mary Oelze.

Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Hudson and daughter, Virginia, of Versailles, are the guests of Mrs. Fred Fraize.

John D. Babbage, Jr., of Cincinnati, is visiting his parents.

Miss Carrie Tucker went to Louisville Monday.

Miss Irene Jarboe went to Bowling Green to see her sister, Miss Mary Jarboe, who is ill.

Mrs. J. H. Willis and Miss Alma Moredock went to Louisville to attend the Moredock-Richardson wedding.

Mr. Ben Ridgeway gave a stag dinner in honor of his father, Mr. Ridgeway, of Shepherdsville, yesterday. The guests were Father Brey, Thomas Lewis, W. G. Smart and A. R. Fisher.

Misses Grace, Eva and Edith Plank have returned home from Evansville.

Misses Eva and Eliza May, Ira Behen and Laurence Murray have returned home from Tell City.

Mr. and Mrs. Alford Heston, of Hardinsburg, are the guests of Mrs. T. F. Sawyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles May went to Owensboro Thursday.

Mrs. W. O. Sanders has returned to her home at Evansville.

TAYLORSVILLE.

TAYLORSVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Roxy Scott, of Louisville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alice Brown.

Miss May Shelburne visited friends in Shelbyville this week.

Mrs. O. M. Crenshaw and little daughter, Frances Burns, accompanied by Mrs. Victoria Joles, have gone to Ashland to visit Judge Burns and wife.

Miss Marjorie Sweeney, of Elk Creek, is the guest of relatives in Springfield.

Mrs. A. T. Beard spent a part of the week in Louisville.

Miss Anna Graves spent Thanksgiving day in Lawrenceburg. She is the guest of Miss Nora Paynter.

Mrs. Sallie Bridwell, of Louisville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Andrew Wilkinson.

Miss Pearl Carrithers, of Finchville, spent a part of the week with Miss Emma Shepherd.

Mr. J. B. Darnold, of Lexington, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Darnold.

Misses Sarah Stone, Mary Tichenor and Nantie Houston visited in Louisville this week.

Mrs. J. W. Wells and children, of Fairfield, were guests during the early part of the week of Mrs. J. L. Cox.

UNIONTOWN.

UNIONTOWN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. J. Pat Clements and daughter, Miss Lucy Clements, returned Tuesday from Lebanon after a two weeks' visit to relatives.

Miss Mary Millett returned home Wednesday, after a visit to her sisters, Mrs. D. D. Crabb and Mrs. Charles Watkins, in Louisville.

Walter J. Walker returned home Tuesday, after a week's sojourn in Louisville.

Mrs. C. R. Westerman, of Dyersburg, Tenn., is visiting Mrs. R. M. Wilson.

Misses Lorena, Nellie and Willie May Saunders, of Hartford, Ky., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Newton Staples.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Mallory, of Henderson, are the guests of Mrs. Della Roberts.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hamilton have returned home from Troy, O., where they were visiting Mrs. Ed Jewell.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Orme, of Nashville, Tenn., are spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bland.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hayner, of Cleveland, departed Monday for their home, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davidson.

Misses Mary and Lena Buckner, of Sturgis are visiting Mrs. C. H. Ward.

COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. F. Hancock is spending this week in Louisville.

Mrs. George Flowers has returned from a several days' visit to relatives in Gradyville.

Mrs. M. E. Durham is visiting friends and relatives at Campbellsville and Saloma.

Mrs. C. A. Cox left Tuesday morning for Jonesboro, Tenn., after a month's visit here.

Miss Mary Cartwright, who is in school at Danville, reached home Monday for a few days' stay.

Miss Jennie McFarland spent from Friday until Monday at Rowley.

Mrs. F. G. Willis and children, of McComb, Ill., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. J. B. Rupe, who has been visiting in this county for several months, left Wednesday for her home in Fruitvale, Tex.

Miss May Harvey left Wednesday for a visit to relatives in Louisville.

Miss Sarah Tandy, of Bliss, visited friends here Wednesday.

MORGANTOWN.

MORGANTOWN, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Capt. N. T. Howard and daughters, Misses Bonnie, Dorsie, Mae and Irene, have returned from Norfolk and Washington.

Miss Grace Bush, of Bowling Green, is the guest of her brother, the Rev. George B. Bush.

Mrs. E. C. Kuykendall and son Edwin are visiting Mrs. Kuykendall's parents, Capt. and Mrs. W. S. Overstreet, of Bowling Green.

Mr. W. T. Killinger and John W. Moore have returned home from Bowling Green and Louisville.

Mrs. W. A. Kelly is confined to her bed with partial paralysis.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Murray, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lon Neel, have returned to their home in Bowling Green.

Mr. Merrit Wilford, who has been the guest of his brother, Mr. Eldred Wilford, has returned home.

Miss Agnes Campbell, who spent the summer and fall in Monticello, Ga., has returned home.

LOUISA.

LOUISA, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Robert Dixon has returned from a visit in Catlettsburg.

Misses Stella and Lurine Taylor, of Ashland, have been visiting Miss Jeannie Adams.

Dr. and Mrs. Thos. D. Burgess, of Matewan, W. Va., were recent guests of A. Snyder and family.

Miss Bessie Lee Snyder is visiting friends in Cincinnati.

Dr. and Mrs. Post, of New York City, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Millender.

Mr. J. W. Jones and daughter, Mrs. R. A. Stone, have returned from a visit to Stone Coal, W. Va.

Miss Laura Crutcher is here from Central City, the guest of Mrs. S. F. Reynolds.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Miller, H. G. Wellman and Miss Emma Carey spent Thanksgiving with Miss Julia Fry at Central City, W. Va.

Mrs. Ella Hays has returned to Mahan, W. Va., after a visit here.

PERRYVILLE.

PERRYVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. Lucien Whitehouse and Miss Lizzie Wade were united in marriage on Wednesday, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Wade, the Rev. J. J. Dickey, of the Methodist church, officiating.

Messrs. John and Jesse Webb and Miss Sallie Webb arrived Tuesday to spend Thanksgiving with their grandparents.

Mr. and Mrs. Oden Parks returned to Alton Wednesday night, after a short visit to relatives.

Mr. Fred Webb, of Louisville, spent Sunday with his brother, J. W. Webb.

Mr. Lewis Tucker and Miss Rhoda Evans spent Sunday with Mrs. Luella Gray.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brady and children will spend Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Oden Parks, at Alton.

Miss Elizabeth Green is visiting her brother, Dr. F. K. Green, and other relatives in Louisville.

CAVE CITY.

CAVE CITY, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Sam Davis and little daughter, of this place, spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Davis' mother, Mrs. G. D. Dickey, of Munfordville.

Mrs. H. Y. Davis, Jr., of Upton, is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. Will Payne and little son, Barrie, spent Thursday with relatives at Bonnieville.

Miss Belle Fergusson visited friends at Woodlawn for a day or two this week.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna acts gently yet promptly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually, assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine.

Manufactured by the **CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**

SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS—50¢ per BOTTLE

Courier-Journal Office Building Directory

Cut Flowers.............James Manos.
Lobby Entrance.

Western Union Telegraph Co.
Branch in rear Lobby Entrance.

Louisville Loan Company.
Room 1 Second Floor.

Dr. Lord—Eye Specialist. Eyes Examined Free.
Room 2 Second Floor.

Drs. Orendorf & Weber.
Room 3 Second Floor.

H. M. Caldwell Advertising Agency.
Room 17 Third Floor.

Anchor Coal Mining Company.
W. P. Dickey, Room 15 Third Floor.

Several most desirable offices ready in a few deeks. If suites or special space desired apply at once to Room 17, Third Floor, Courier-Journal Office Building.

MORPHINE

and other drug habits are positively cured by HABITINA. For hypodermic or internal use. Sample sent to any drug habitue by mail. Regular price $2.00 per bottle—FREE at your druggist or by mail in plain wrapper.

Delta Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

For Sale by T. P. Taylor & Co., Incorporated.

PARIS.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. Brice Steele has returned from a two-weeks' stay at Martinsville, Ind.

Mrs. Carrie Hornsey is visiting relatives in Ashland.

Mrs. Randolph Hardiman, of Cincinnati, is the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Ed Hite.

Mr. B. F. Buckley is visiting at Greenville, Miss.

Miss Elizabeth Grannon is visiting her sister, Miss Mary Grannon, in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Calla Nichols, of Detroit, Mich., will arrive next week to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Thomas.

The Rev. E. S. Baker and bride, of Jackson, Tenn., were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Adcock.

Miss Constance King, of Butler, Ky., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. M. Taylor.

Miss Olive Fant, of Flemingsburg, is the guest of Mrs. George W. Stuart.

Messrs. Thomas Henry Clay, Sr., and W. H. Renick leave Sunday for a visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Kriner and Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Dennis, of Junction City, were guests Thursday of Mr. and Mrs. N. Kriner.

Miss Hazel Lancaster and Mr. Walter C. Lowe were married Wednesday in Lexington.

Mr. E. T. Shipp has returned from an extended visit South and West.

The Rev. Dr. J. S. Malone has returned from a two-weeks' visit in Philadelphia.

GREENVILLE.

GREENVILLE, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Messrs. W. H. Brizendine, Jo Bohannon, Trent Chatham, Leslie Hale and Tom Steerman gave a quail supper Tuesday evening at DeWitt's cafe for the P. F. F. Club.

Miss Lizzie Howard spent Thanksgiving with relatives in Hopkinsville.

Mrs. Eugene Lovell is in Dade City, Fla., visiting Mrs. Jennie Ayer.

Mrs. A. W. Duncan has returned from Hampton, Va., accompanied by Misses Richardson and Whiting.

Miss Lelia DeWitt is at home from Russellville for the Thanksgiving holidays.

INDIANA.

MADISON.

MADISON, Ind., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Emma Weber will spend Christmas with her sister, Mrs. Lottie Bridges, in Oklahoma.

Miss Georgia McMurray has gone to visit relatives in St. Francisville, Fla.

Miss Ella Crawford returned Monday from Indianapolis.

Mrs. Frank Thomas returned home Monday from Memphis.

Mrs. Joseph R. Matthews entertained the Ladies' Card Club Thursday. Her daughter, Miss Blanche, assisted in receiving.

Mrs. E. M. Campfield has for her guests Mrs. I. B. Arnold, of Findlay, O., and her sister, Mrs. Wade Hampton, of Rogersville, Tenn.

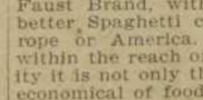
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brown have returned from a visit to Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Calvert at Milton, Ky.

Miss Mary Park, who was visiting Miss Maria Hubbard has returned to Hopkinsville, Ky.

Mrs. William O. Lewis is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Will McLaughlin, at Madisonville, O.

BETTER THAN THE IMPORTED.

Formerly all Spaghetti used in this country was imported. Nowadays Faust Spaghetti is within the reach of all, and is far superior in quality to the imported. Faust Brand Spaghetti is made in America by the most approved methods, and from the American variety of Durum Wheat, the finest grown anywhere in the world. All the advantages to be derived from the world's experience in making Spaghetti—all the scientific suggestions of the United States Government are utilized in the making of Faust Brand, with the result that no better Spaghetti can be found in Europe or America. The price, too, is within the reach of all—so that in reality it is not only the best, but the most economical of foods.



Send for our free booklet—"Spaghetti and Some of Its Uses"—and learn how to make numberless appetizing dishes. This book will be sent free to any one on request.

Try the 5-cent package to-day—you will buy a 10-cent package to-morrow.

MAULL BROTHERS. ST. LOUIS, MO.

FORM PLAYERS HAVE BAD DAY

Only One Favorite Rewards Form Players At New Orleans.

KILLING MADE ON BLACKBURN.

Wins After Being Backed From Sixty To Eight To One and Ring Loses $50,000.

KOERNER IN AN ACCIDENT.

NEW ORLEANS SELECTIONS.

First Race—Communipaw, Sister Polly, Charlie Thompson.
Second Race—W. K. Slade, Full of Fun, Corrigan entry.
Third Race—Ed Kane, Lajeunnesse, Gold Quest.
Fourth Race—Jack Atkin, Keator, Fizer entry.
Fifth Race—Dargin, Mike Sutton, Refined.
Sixth Race—Jungle Imp, Agile, Flavigny.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The first big killing of the meeting came off with the running of the fourth race. Blackburn, the winner, was backed down from 60 to 1 to 8 to 1, and it is estimated that close to $50,000 was taken out of the ring.

The son of Handspring showed wonderful improvement over his previous race, when he was beaten off by an inferior class of horses. In this event John Ryan lost a plunge wager on George Bailey, which helped the bookmakers some.

The card offered during the afternoon was a poor one, and it was not until the last event that a favorite came home in front. The form players lost heavily, and it appeared as though everybody was loser save the bookmakers and those who wagered on Blackburn. Rebounder, the single favorite to score, was held at 5 to 2.

Jockey Koerner had a narrow escape from death in the third race, when Severus, the favorite, stepped into a hole and threw the Louisville rider. He was shaken up a bit and will not be able to accept mounts to-morrow. Severus was heavily played, and the accident put his backers in a bad frame of mind.

Cuernavaca took the opener, but was tiring badly at the end. Lucy Young had no trouble in running away from her opponents in the second, and Ansonia had an easy time in the third, after the accident to Severus.

Then came the victory of Blackburn, which was followed by the feature race of the afternoon. It was a dash at one mile, with Coltness and Ace High receiving all of the play. The winner turned up in Mortiboy, a long shot, while Ace High took the place after Coltness quit. The prices against the winners were: Cuernavaca 60, Lucy Young 4, Ansonia 15, Blackburn 60, Mortiboy 15 and Rebounder 5 to 2.

The riding of Jockey Delaby, who is under contract to R. E. Watkins, was very unsatisfactory. He went away from the post pulling up Creel, Tinker and Divorcee. The officials requested Mr. Watkins to give his rider a rest. No suspicion is attached to Delaby, but it is evident that he is limited since receiving a fall from Coltness, and the judges think that a rest will do him good.

Selling clauses were appended to the six events which constituted the programme this afternoon, but the fields in most were well balanced and afforded good mediums of speculation for the regulars which were on hand to do battle with the "bookies."

Burlew & O'Neill got busy in the opening race and furnished the winner in their Del Paso II. colt, Cuernavaca. Hennessy had the leg up on the latter and beating the barrier several lengths was never headed. La Sœur, which came in for a strong finish, was second, while Sylvia G., like a wild horse in the closing stages, and nipped third money.

While the supposed wise fish figured that Dapple Gold was the oil in the can for the second number, the general public listened to dame rumor, who had it that Lucy Young would run even a better race than the previous time under silk. They accorded her heavy support at 3 to 1 and, after suffering Grace George to lead for the first half, the old Cesarion mare then took command and won as her rider pleased. Dr. McCluer came from a rear position and was second, while No Trumper was good enough to take care of the short end of the purse. Summaries:

First Race—Five and a half furlongs:
Cuernavaca, 109 (J. Hennessy), 5 to 1 1
La Sœur, 100 (V. Powers), 5 to 1 2
Sylvia G., 104 (J. Hogg), 15 to 1 3
Time, 1:12 3-5. Sweetner, Mr. Mack, Ben Rose, Knighthood, Culture, Tim Kelly, Client, Meringo, Sundart and McCracken also ran.

Second Race—Six furlongs; selling:
Lucy Young, 108½ (C. Koerner), 3 to 1 1
Dr. McCluer, 107 (Mountain), 7 to 1 2
No Trumper, 102 (N. Deverich), 50 to 1 3
Time, 1:18 4-5. Dapple Gold, Grace George, Arabo, Gold Duke, Creel and Royal Legend also ran.

Third Race—Five furlongs; selling:
Ansonia, 98 (Skirvin), 16 to 1 1
Divorcee, 102 (Delaby), 8 to 5 2
Sir Cyril, 106 (J. Lee), 30 to 1 3
Time, 1:05 2-5. Senator Paynter, Antoine, Florence N., Blakespeare and Severus also ran.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs; selling:
Blackburn, 97 (Fogarty), 10 to 1 1
Suffice, 103½ (Lebert), 15 to 1 2
Charlie Thompson, 107 (Mountain), 7 to 1 3
Time, 1:18 3-5. Freebooter, Tinker, Husted, Animus, George Bailey, Fly and Klamesha II. also ran.

Fifth Race—One mile; selling:
Mortiboy, 107 (Aubuchon), 8 to 1 1
Ace High, 102 (P. Kelly), 11 to 5 2
Coltness, 105 (Delaby), 4 to 5 3
Time, 1:47 4-5. Coon, Prince Fortunatus and Stella Land also ran.

Sixth Race—One mile and a quarter; selling:
Rebounder, 106 (J. Baker), 5 to 2 1
Trenola, 105 (W. Walsh), 8 to 1 2
Vincentio, 110 (A. Morgan), 10 to 1 3
Time, 2:16 1-5. St. Noel, Foncelucs, Dacile and Little Elkin also ran.

CITY PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs:

McAllister	95	Communipaw	102
Knight of Ivanhoe	98	Sneer	105
		Marsh Redon	105
Sister Polly	95	Matahoe	105
Caper	109	Charlie Thompson	
Katie Powers	100	[illegible]	105

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase; short course:

Dacra	130	W. K. Slade	148
Profitable	143	Little Wally	148
*Magic	143	Bank Holliday	148
*Dunning	148	Full of Fun	154

*Corrigan entry.

THIRD RACE—One mile:

Silver Brook	90	McAtee	98
Ed Kane	90	King's Plate	104
Tyrol	95	Gold Quest	105
Miss Mazzoni	95	Listerine	95
La Juennesse	95		

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs:

*E. T. Shipp	89	Jack Atkin	107
Warbles	89	Keator	109
*Pinkola	89		

*Fizer entry.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs:

Bonart	95	Granade	103
Refined	95	Mike Sutton	104
Glowar	95	Ft. Athead	95
Don Hamilton	100	Bargin	105
Chief Hayes	100	Lens	105
Judge Treen	102	Robin Hood	107
Grace Larsen	102		

SIXTH RACE—One and three-sixteenth miles:

Approbation	99	Agile	108
Lady Goodrich	100	Jungle Imp	
Flavigny	103		

After Newspaper Tipsters.

New Orleans, Nov. 29.—Following a crusade started against racing here by a prominent minister yesterday, Federal Judge Sanders, in his charge to the United States grand jury to-day called attention to newspapers publishing "tips" on races and said that if they were paid for it they should be indicted and prosecuted. By publishing this matter and sending it through the mails the newspapers are guilty of furthering plans for the obtaining of money under false pretenses, he declared.

THE CENTRAL UNIVERSITY FOOTBALL TEAM W[illegible] DE[illegible] STATE COLLEGE FOR THE STATE CHA[illegible]SHIP ON [illegible]SGIVING DAY



READING FROM LEFT TO RIGHT—GLASS, R. E., CAPT.; ARNOLD, R. T.; McCONNELL, R. G.; HARLAN, C.; TODD, L. G.; Lanier, L. T.; BARCLAY, L. E.; RODES, Q. B.; IRAY, R. H. B.; CAVE, F. B.; P. GRAY, L. H. B. STANDING—GARDNER, ASST. MGR.; WOODS, MGR.; JOHNSON, COACH; LETCHER, ASST. COACH; NOURSE, SUB. END; HOGG, SUB. BACK.

FAVORITE WINS NOVEL CONTEST

Soldiers of United States Cavalry and Artillery Race at Benning.

GREGG PROVES THE VICTOR.

My Grace Takes the Southern Steeplechase Race For Hunters From Warrenton.

THE HIGHWEIGHT HANDICAP.

BENNING, D. C., Nov. 29.—One of the most novel contests in the history of the Benning course was decided to-day when an even dozen enlisted men from troops of United States cavalry and batteries of the United States field artillery, mounted on the best horses of their several commands, met in the race for the Army Mounted Service Cup and a purse of $600.

Gregg, the favorite, ridden by Saddler James G. McGrath, of the Thirteenth cavalry, proved an easy winner. Dan, an aged-year-old, ridden by Sergt. Roy Miller, of the Eleventh cavalry, set the pace to the turn into the home stretch, when Gregg took command and finished first by three lengths.

The books were at first at sea in laying odds with remarkable differences in prices, but finally settled on Gregg and Randolph as almost even choices. The cup is to be competed for annually.

My Grace won the Southern Steeplechase for hunters with ease; and Comedienne, at 8 to 1, wrested the highweight handicap from Sanguine, of the Wilson entry, in a driving finish.

The Washington Jockey Club to-day announced that the spring meeting here will begin, as in the past, late in March and continue until about April 12 or 13.

The bad weather which has prevailed since the game has been ushered in here has almost made the meeting a failure, but to-day the crowd was surprisingly large, especially so in view of the fact that yesterday was a holiday. For an offering two events were carded, with the Autumn Amateur Cup, calling for gentlemen riders, and the Army Mounted Service Cup studding the array as two brilliant headliners. From the standpoint of good racing the day was most enjoyable for the thousands which were on hand to witness the sport.

A highweight handicap for all ages, at seven furlongs, brought together a good band of burden-carriers in the day's opener, with Sanguine going to the post with heavy commissions at 11 to 10. The winner, however, was returned in the 8-to-1 shot Comedienne, the daughter of Plaudit running a greatly improved race over her previous performance, and forcing Sanguine to accept the place in a most impressive manner. Jockey Swain piloted Right and True into the show.

The talent fared better in the second, when gentlemen riders contested in the Southern Steeplechase via the two-mile course. Through Mr. O'Brien's superior horsemanship, My Grace was enabled to reward her backers by pulling down the long end of the purse at the market price of 8 to 5. Mr. R. Taylor was second with Warrenton, while Flying Machine was third with Mr. W. C. Hayes aboard. J. T. Morgan fell.

The Autumn Amateur Cup in the third brought forth another assortment of gentlemen riders. Mr. T. Wright, aboard of the 2 to 5 favorite, Firebrand, coming home to a hollow victory in front of Simple Honours and Killochan, piloted by Mr. J. Tucker and Mr. E. Tucker respectively. Summaries:

First Race—Highweight handicap; seven furlongs; old course:
Comedienne, 122 (Raynor), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 7 to 5 1
Sanguine, 100 (Fairbrother), 11 to 10, 2 to 5 and out 2
Right and True, 100 (Swain), 12 to 1, 5 to 1 and 2½ to 1 3
Time, 1:30. Dolly Spanker, The Wrestler, Trash, Montbert, Comilfo, Easton and Serville also ran.

Second Race—The Southern steeplechase; about two miles:
My Grace, 173 (Mr. J. O'Brien), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and out 1
Warrenton, 158 (Mr. R. Taylor), 11 to 10, 2 to 5 and out 2
Flying Machine, 165 (Mr. W. C. Hayes), 4 to 1, even and out 3
Time, 4:24. J. T. Morgan fell.

Third Race—The Autumn Amateur Cup; six furlongs; Columbia course:
Firebrand, 140 (Mr. T. Wright), 2 to 5 and out 1
Simple Honours, 140 (Mr. J. Tucker), 12 to 1, 2 to 1 and 3 to 5 2
Killochan, 125 (Mr. E. Tucker), 5 to 1, 7 to 10 and 1 to 6 3
Time, 1:18 1-5. Peter Knight, Meddlesome Boy and Beldemo also ran.

Fourth Race—The Army Mounted Service Cup; six furlongs; old course; special race:
Gregg (Saddler Jas. G. Magrath) Troop G, Thirteenth cavalry; Fort Myer, Va., 3 to 1 1
Dan (Sergt. Roy A. Miller), Troop D, Eleventh cavalry, Fort Ethan Allen, Va., 8 to 1 2
Randolph (First Sergt. Thos. J. Hughes), Battery E, Third artillery, Fort Myer, Va., 3 to 1 3
Time, 1:32. Harry, No. 3, Dooley, Bibs, Polo, Numbers 9 and 10, Everett and Fred also ran.

Fifth Race—One mile; Columbia course:
Lady Avis, 107 (McDaniel), 4 to 1 1
Wilton Lackaye, 98 (E. Martin), 30 to 1 2
Noblesse Oblige, 103 (Brady), 20 to 1 3
Time, 1:44 2-5. Niantic, Bob Edgren, Duffield, Thomas Hoy, Ottoman, Pompour, Millstone, Gramsar and High Jumper also ran.

Sixth Race—Handicap; one mile; Columbia course:
Poquessing, 116 (Brussel), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and 1 to 5 1
Grazialio, 118 (G. Swain), 7 to 1, 2 to 1 and even 2
Hooray, 114 (McDaniel), 18 to 5, even and 2 to 5 3
Time, 1:43. Oxford, Samuel H. Harris, Listless and Frank Lubbock also ran.

Seventh Race—One and one-eighth miles; old course:
Miss Crawford, 108 (McDaniel), 7 to 5, 3 to 5 and out 1
Solon Shingle, 108 (Christian), 6 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5 2
Campaign, 103 (Brussel), 10 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5 3
Time, 2:00. Reidmore, Park Row, Marchisa, Lady Karma and Delestrome also ran.

WEIGHT RESPONSIBLE FOR LACK OF JOCKEYS.

THE scarcity of good jockeys on the American turf can be directly attributed to our system of weights. A boy, in order to be successful, must not weigh over 105 pounds, and how many boys of experience can do this weight. The result is that a lot of children are put on horses who cannot have any idea of pace nor the strength to hold a horse well together, and this fact, more than anything else, accounts for the marked inconsistency in the running of horses. Our best riders have been forced to go abroad, because they could not do the weight in this country. About the time that a jockey becomes efficient his weight bars him from taking more than an occasional mount, and he cannot make enough out of this to keep himself fed and clothed. The boys who do the weight, in most cases, must be in continual training, and this has a weakening effect, which interferes with their best efforts. A jockey who has to do five or ten miles on the road every morning in order to ride in the afternoon cannot be expected to be at his best.

BENNING ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Three-year-olds and up; one mile:

True Boy	114	New Year	111
Peter Knight	111	Howard Shean	106
Wabash Queen	103	King of Spades	103
Diebold	103	St. Jeanne	103
Thistledale	111	Panique	111
Duffield	106	Easton	106
Loudon Light	103	Aiken	103
James Crawford	103	Ida Rock	103

SECOND RACE—Selling; steeplechase; four-year-olds and up; about two and one-half miles:

Alamanser	147	Spencer Reif	147
Prince of Pilsen	147	Essex	144
Bob Murphy	144	Kara	143
**Yama Christy	149		

THIRD RACE—Two-year-olds; five furlongs; selling:

Belwether	113	Duburgo	107
King Thistle	104	Superstition	104
King's Essing	104	Montbert	104
Twigs	104	*Apple Toddy	105
*Heap Talk	102	*Tray of Spades	99
*Wm. H. Lyon	99	Beardall	110
Dottie S.	104	Omnipotent	104
Luzetta	104	Great Dame	104
*Administrator	102	*Glaucus	102
*Okitan	99	*Desiueratum	99

FOURTH RACE—The Maximum; three-year-olds and up; three miles; old course:

Right Royal	107	Banker	107
Beauclere	104	Ironsides	104
Recruit	104	D'Arkle	104

FIFTH RACE—Maidens; three-year-olds and up; seven furlongs:

Bob Edgren	118	Wilton Lackaye	113
Lachesis	110	Gramsar	110
Harpist II.	110	Kempton	110
Mary Hall	110	High Jumper	110
Niantic	118	Duffield	113
George G. Hall	110	Millstone	110
Princess Nettie	110	Hay Market	110
Grace Cameron	110		

SIXTH RACE—Handicap; three-year-olds and up; one mile and a sixteenth; old course:

Oraculum	124	Dolly Spanker	121
Fancy Bird	118	Ivanhoe	114
Poquessing	109	Reidmore	108
The Wrestler	106	Samuel H. Harris	98
True Boy	90	Miss Crawford	123
Comedienne	120	Tony Bonero	117
Weirdsome	111	Lally	108
Killiecrankie	108	Banker	100
Howard Shean	95	Campaigner	90

*Apprentice allowance.
**Jockeys that have not ridden five winners.

ANOTHER RECORD BROKEN.

Perjuicio Wins the Elmhurst Handicap At Oakland and Breaks California Mark.

San Francisco, Nov. 29.—Another record was broken at Emeryville in the Elmhurst Handicap at six furlongs when Tom Williams' colt, Perjuicio, won the honor of clipping a fifth of a second off the California record, which was formerly at 1:12.

Four sprinters lined up in the Handicap. Carman's colt, Magazine, ruled first choice, but after flattering his backers to the saddling paddock he began to wabble and lost the place to Mary F. Pajorita, the odds-on favorite, experienced no trouble in annexing the purse. Summaries:

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs; purse:
Pajorcita, 111 (Powers), 11 to 20 1
Aline F., 111 (Moreland), 15 to 1 2
Manchester, 114 (W. Miller), 6 to 1 3
Time, 1:06. Marian Casey, Steven and Sombre finished as named.

Second Race—Six furlongs:
Tawasentha, 107 (Lynch), 3 to 1 1
Nappa, 105 (Miller), 7 to 5 2
Crisp, 102 (Kirschbaum), 25 to 1 3
Time, 1:13. Surety, Blanche C., Merrill, Bertie A., Sibari, St. Or, Salvadale and Arcourt finished as named.

Third Race—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling:
Fisherboy, 112 (C. Miller), 16 to 5 1
Etapa, 112 (W. Miller), 4 to 1 2
Fury, 104 (Mentry), 5 to 1 3
Time, 1:46 2-5. Captain Burnett, Pinaud, Little Joker, Queen Alamo, Edith James, Lord of the Vale, Midmont and Bone Ely finished as named.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs; Elmhurst Handicap:
Perjucio, 123 (W. Miller), 12 to 5 1
Mary F., 95 (Dugan), 7 to 2 2
Magazine, 94 (Burns), 6 to 5 3
Time, 1:11 4-5. Ovelando also ran.

Fifth Race—Mile; selling:
Serenity, 109 (C. Miller), 11 to 2 1
Bye Bye II., 104 (Moreland), 3 to 2 2
Silver Line, 104 (Dugan), 7 to 10 3
Time, 1:40½. Storma, Annie H., Mistress, Adel Brooks and Furze finished as named.

Sixth Race—One mile; purse:
Sidney F., 105 (Moreland), 18 to 5 1
Sugar Maid, 105 (Buxton), 6 to 5 2
Proper, 108 (Horner), 7 to 2 3
Time, 1:39 4-5. Marc Antony II. and Doll Dollars finished as named.

ARMY FAVORITE OVER THE NAVY

Last Big Football Game of Season To Be Played To-day.

TERRIFIC BATTLE EXPECTED.

A Victory Over Annapolis Would Make Year Best In History For West Point.

LUCK MAY PLAY A BIG PART.

WHEN the Army lines up against the Navy at Franklin Field, Pennsylvania, this afternoon in their odd and interesting game of football there is every reason to believe that the former will have the better end of the score by the time the game is completed, though not without having had a hard fight for the victory. For the past two years the Navy has been able to resist the Army in this contest, but there is little reason to believe that they will come out with a tie score or victory this year, as were the cases in 1905 and 1906, respectively.

For this past two years the Navy has shown a big advance along the line of football knowledge over that exhibited by her immediately before, and it was due almost entirely to the change in coaching system. Mr. Gates, of Yale, has been at the head of affairs at Annapolis, and right well has he handled the work, his team having shown it knew the finer points of football exceptionally well, and at the same time could fight with all the spirit that is demanded by a big eleven in a big game. He overcame the biggest handicap that the Navy was suffering from.

This season, however, West Point, having learned that their football interests were not properly taken care of, followed the Navy's example and engaged Mr. Forbes, of Yale, to counteract the superiority the Navy had shown, and his work, with some splendid material, has been of the best. The tie game his team played with Yale, and its spirited fight against Syracuse, ending in a glorious one-sided victory, combined with a win over the Navy would make this one of the Army's best years on the gridiron. There has been but one defeat, that at the hands of Cornell, and Cornell had one of the best elevens in the country this fall.

It is plain that the two teams are about of equal strength in coaching power, but in their showing of the fall it seems that West Point has slightly the better of the argument in material and in ability to play the new game. Her record in games played is a far better one, for she has lost but one to the Navy's two, and in the last contests played by them West Point showed that she had struck her pace and was a dangerous opponent for either team. In her exhibition against Syracuse, the attack left nothing to be desired, it combined line plunging, end running and neatly-executed forward passes, and came with a fury that could not be denied. Whereas, the Navy's game against W. P. I. was not notable, nor did it give promise of any latent power which might be sprung a week later.

Naturally, there is much luck in the present game of football, and in addition a team that has played poorly all season can get together for its final effort with a do-or-die spirit that will cause discomfort to the best of rivals, and the Navy can be counted upon to do that. With a man like Dague at end, she should be able to forward pass with more or less success, and one or two attempts of this kind, if successful, are sufficient to beat a better football team. The Navy can better afford to play such a game, and she will have West Point very anxious all the afternoon. Douglas, too, is a splendid player, but outside of him and Dague, the end, the Navy is somewhat behind West Point in individual ability. The Army should have all the fight that is necessary for the contest, for she has one season to avenge, and that is much when a team has been used to winning. Critics look for the Army to win by about two scores, and for a splendid game for the wind-up of the 1907 season, which has been a most remarkably brilliant one.

BETTER LUCK NEXT TIME.

Manual Expects To Defeat High School Next Year—Purple Will Lose Good Players.

Although naturally cast down over the defeat of its team at the hands of High School on Thursday, Manual has already begun to look forward to next fall. About once in each five years the Crimson has waved triumphant over the Purple, and the supporters of Manual feel that victory is not only "due" next fall, but almost sure.

And for this feeling they have something a good deal more solid and comfortable, a good deal more decisive and convincing than mere unreasoning hope. They have ample grounds for their belief, for all but three of this year's champion High School team will graduate in June. Only G. McDonald, Fetter and Taylor will be left. As the Purple has a very strong second team, from which the first team of the succeeding year is almost entirely selected, this loss of eight of her eleven men would seem at first glance not so serious. But, as luck will have it, over two-thirds of the second team will also leave. Baer, McClung, Fox, Grosvenor, Applegate, Reed, F. Finnegan, Wood and Johnston will either graduate or be ineligible, if the same rules that were in force last year are kept. With three players, two of whom have had but one year on the eleven, High School will hardly stand much chance of winning the local championship in 1908, for Manual will have left at least eight of the players who represented her this year.

The Purple must develop an entirely new back field, while two of Manual's best backs will again be on hand.

High School must have a new end to take Duffy's place, and no matter how good he may be, he can never surpass the work done by Duffy for four years. When "Chubby Roe" graduated there were many who thought his leaving would make so big a hole that the Purple would be crippled permanently; yet High School has won every game since Roe left. And now there are many who declare that without Duffy the Purple and Gold will find itself entirely out of the race. But each year seems to develop some new star, and whatever may be the result of Duffy's loss, it is safe to say the High School will never be "entirely out of it."

Besides the three backs and one end, the Purple must turn out two tackles to take the places of Capt. Norman and Finnegan. These two were the heaviest pair High School has had since the days of "Pudge" Merriwether and "Chops" Atkinson, and their shoes will be very hard to fill. Both guards, Weimer and McDonald, will graduate, so that of the whole Purple line G. McDonald and Fetter alone remain.

Manual, on the other hand, will have her two halfbacks, her quarter, both ends and three big men for the center of the line. If she cannot win with this overwhelming advantage, and with High School's possible loss of Coach Smith, who has so ably handled the Purple's 1905, 1906 and 1907 elevens, she might as well make up her mind to lose forever. This is what the Reds think, and they have already "doped it out" that the local champions of 1908 will wear the crimson.

Jeffersonville and Blind School.

The local football season will close this afternoon with a double-header at the Blind School. The Jeffersonville High School will be the first team's opponents, while the "scrubs" will tackle Brook and Breckinridge. The teams appear to be evenly matched and two good games are expected. The line-up for the first game:

Blind School.	Position.	Jeffersonville.
A. Short	Left end	Kehoe
Brown	Left tackle	Loyd
Coovert	Left guard	Leopard
Conway	Right end	Reynolds
Fitzner	Quarter	Capt. Crow
Smith	Left half	Whistler
C. Short, capt.	Full	Schomoff
Ison	Right half	Neudyke
Ha'mel	Center	Buttorff
Gortney	Right guard	Harris
Routh	Right tackle	Holzbog

The line-up for second game:

Second Team.	Positions.	B. and B.
Be! or O'Neil	Left end	Kats
Durham or Nave	Left tackle	Claxton
Havlin	Left guard	Rienturg
Scalf	Center	Schulte
O'Neil or Chambers	Right guard	Lee
Hazelwood	Right tackle	Bornstein
Cock or Calvert	Right end	Jenkins
Fitzner, capt.	Quarter	Sheridan
Ray	Left half	Capt. Paxton
Ison	Full	Johnston
Conway	Right half	Smythe

To Winter At Memphis Track.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Will Wallace, who has been racing successfully in the East this season, arrived here to-night to spend a few days with relatives and friends in this city before proceeding to Memphis, where he will make his winter headquarters. His stable, headed by Lane Allen, Countersign and Holdfast, are now on their way to Memphis. Holdfast, which was considered by C. Elmer Railey, his trainer of last spring, a Kentucky Derby winner, has proved a great disappointment. He will be gelded this winter and next season tried over the jumps, at which Mr. Wallace believes he will be a success.

REPUBLICAN CLAIMANT SUES FOR HIS OFFICE.

Mix-Up Over Judicial Race In the Mountains Taken Into Courts.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—A. B. Snyder, the Republican claimant to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney in the Twenty-sixth judicial district, filed suit to-day through his attorneys, Green & Van Winkle, to mandamus the State Board of Election Commissioners to compel the board to issue him the certificate of election.

Snyder alleges in his petition that he secured 6,000 votes, while no other candidate received as many as one hundred votes. Green Denham, the incumbent, an appointee of Gov. Beckham, did not offer for re-election on the ground that his appointment held until 1909, and at the meeting of the board last Monday this contention was sustained, and by a vote of 2 to 1 it was held that no election was held for the office and the certificate refused to Snyder. This is one of three similar suits to be filed by candidates in the Twenty-sixth and Thirty-sixth judicial districts.

AMENDMENT TO FISH'S BILL OF COMPLAINT.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—An amendment to the bill of complaint by Stuyvesant Fish, restraining the voting of 281,039 shares of stock of the Illinois Central railroad at the postponed election of officers, was allowed by Judge Ball in the Superior Court here to-day.

The amendment permitted the insertion of the name of Gov. C. S. Deneen, ex-officio member of the board of directors of the Illinois Central, as one of the defendants.

The addition was made on a motion by H. W. Leman, Mr. Fish's attorney. Gov. Deneen's name was inadvertently omitted, it was declared, when the bill was prepared.

STORE OPEN SATURDAYS UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK

The Modern Idea: "Good Individual Tailoring at the price of Non-Individual Readymade."

$5 TROUSERS —OR FANCY VEST —MADE TO ORDER— FREE WITH ANY SUIT OR OVERCOAT.



If, at all times, we meet readymade on its own price-basis, we, now, are doing much more—we give you free an extra pair of trousers or a fancy vest with suit or overcoat, all made to order.

The readymaders are still showing the same guessfits they've had in stock since September (—made months before). On the other hand, we make in the fashions of to-day and to-morrow, modifying or incorporating any little whimsy your taste demands.

The opportunity to get "something for nothing" (no reduction if you "don't need" the extra or gratis-garments) should decide you, if ever you have hesitated between tailoring and readymade.

BLACKS, BLUES AND ALL LATE NOVELTIES INCLUDED

—nothing whatever reserved or excepted—everything goes.

With many of the suitings the extra trousers may be had of the same goods if preferred. Regular trouserings may be substituted by those who do not care for two pairs alike.

We cannot too strongly emphasize the fact that the values offered in gratis trousers are better than ever before. None are worth less than $4 a pair and nearly all are $5 values—some higher as we sell them.

If you choose a fancy vest you can select from our entire stock of vestings selling every day at $3.50 to $5.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS TO ORDER

$15 $17½ $20 $22½ $25 $28½

(Embracing values from $25 to $40—as other tailors charge.) (Embracing values from $30 to $50—as other tailors charge.)

Every garment made to order—and to fit. No slighting of workmanship to make up the cost to us of the gratis garments.

NOTE—This offer applies only to orders left on and after Monday, November 18, but cannot be applied to orders booked prior to that date, whether in process of construction or ready for delivery. This is our only condition—and a perfectly fair one.

All garments made by us will be pressed and kept in repair free of charge for one year.

THE **English Woolen Mills Co.** Incorporated.
TAILORS AND WOOLEN MERCHANTS
KENTUCKY HEADQUARTERS—352 Fourth Ave., Louisville.
MAIL ORDERS—We make quickly and fit perfectly. Write for self-measurement blank and samples.

ARMY AND NAVY COMPLETE TRAINING FOR BATTLE

WEST POINT, Nov. 29.—Snow covered West Point's gridiron yesterday and the football practice was carried on in the gymnasium, but no scrimmage was attempted. Coach Forbes is well satisfied with his team.

The Cadets have devised a new yell termed the "Cannon Ball," for use at the game Saturday. It is a combination of booms and rahs, ending with a long whistle. For the last portion of the yell each cadet is armed with an ear-splitting policeman's whistle. While the snow kept the team from the field, the strong-lunged cheer leaders got enthusiasm enough out of the Cadets practicing the yells and new songs to be sung at Franklin Field.

Trainer Jim Temple has all the football men in the pink of condition and with the string of substitutes just a shade inferior to the 'varsity the army will be in better shape than for several years.

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 29.—In the last scrimmage work for the "Middies" the team worked out on a fast infield and the speed and agility shown surprised the few invited spectators who saw the practice. It is strongly hoped that Franklin Field will be dry for the game Saturday, in which the midshipmen are certain to attempt all sorts of plays which will entirely depend for their success upon quickness and nerve. Just what plays have been worked out at the secret practice this year are not known.

Although the team is pretty well selected, yet there are two places at least in which there may be changes very shortly after the game begins, or the coaches may even decide just before the game to keep out the man who has been regarded as a fixture. No line-up has been officially stated and none will be until just before the game. The doubtful positions are fullback and right tackle, where Jones and Leighton have the call just now.

MAY SHUT OUT RACING NEWS

Important Rule Submitted To Kentucky State Racing Commission.

IT IS AIMED AT POOLROOMS.

Members Grainger and Chinn Are Absent and Action Is Deferred Until Next Meeting.

LITTLE BUSINESS IS DONE.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The meeting of the State Racing Commission, called to be held here to-day, did not result in any important action, owing to the failure of Charles F. Grainger, of Louisville, one of the members, to be present, and the late arrival of Chairman J. P. Chinn.

Col. Milton Young, Col. E. F. Clay and Louis Des Cognets, three of the five members, were present at the appointed hour and thus made a quorum.

However, one of the most important questions to come up at this meeting was the resolution introduced by Col. Young at the last meeting, divorcing racing from betting in Kentucky, and placing betting on the tracks in this State under the Eastern system, and as Col. Young was unwilling to have the matter acted on except by the full commission no action was taken in the matter.

Col. E. F. Clay, as vice chairman, called the meet to order and the biennial report of the commission to the Legislature was read and approved. Col. Clay then offered the following rule for the consideration of the commission:

"No racing association licensed by this commission shall furnish to pool rooms or their agents any information whatsoever in regard to racing or permit to be furnished from its course any such information."

Under the rules of the commission thirty days must elapse before the rule offered by Col. Clay can be acted on.

The resolution requiring turfmen, trainers and jockeys in this State to secure licenses from the commission and which was scheduled for action at this meeting was not taken up owing to the absence of a full board.

The rule offered by Col. Clay is certain to cause a great deal of discussion. A similar rule is in force on the Eastern tracks, but the poolroom people get the information just the same. Whether such a rule will be adopted by the commission is a question, because one of the chief sources of revenue of the Kentucky tracks has been that which was derived from this news service and the proceeds undoubtedly assisted materially in defraying the enormous expenses of the meetings.

CORPORATIONS FILE ARTICLES AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 29.—[Special.]—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the Secretary of State to-day:

Kentucky Independent Oil Company, Kenton county; capital stock $10,000.
W. D. McCoy Company, Jefferson county; capital stock $1,000.
Damon Manufacturing Company, Warren county; capital stock $2,500.
Monticello and Cumberland Telephone Company, Wayne county; capital stock $2,000.
Eastern Kentucky Amusement Company, Estill county; capital stock $1,600.
Foreman Brothers Electric Company, McCracken county; capital stock $20,000.
Ludlow Pharmacy, Kenton county; capital stock $2,000.
Eades & McBeath Company, Casey county; capital stock $170.
Union Mercantile Company, Marshall county; capital stock $10,000.
Owensboro Poultry Association, Daviess county; capital stock $250.
Brooks Brothers, Jefferson county; capital stock $15,000.
Bays Fork Telephone Company, Allen county; capital $50.

Amended articles of incorporation were filed by the Gray-Meek Paper Box Company, of Jefferson county, and the name changed to the Gray Paper Box Company.

The capital stock of the Central Furniture Company, of Jefferson county, was increased from $10,000 to $18,000, and the capital stock of the Kentucky Electric Company, of Jefferson county, was increased from $50,000 to $60,000.

FIVE MEN KILLED IN STREET CAR ACCIDENT.

Freight Train Crashes Into Trolley Car At Waterbury, Conn.

Waterbury, Conn., Nov. 29.—Five factory employes were killed to-day at the West Main-street crossing over the Highland division tracks of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, when an extra Hartford-bound freight train crashed into a trolley car containing twenty-five persons bound for the pin factories in Oakville. The car was struck with great force directly in the middle and all the passengers killed were badly mangled. Six others were badly injured and had to be carried to their homes.

Flagman John Flavin and Conductor John Dillon, of the trolley car, were arrested. The motorman of the car, Charles Leonard, was not held. It is stated that the wrecked trolley car was following closely behind another car which had passed safely over the crossing.

Convicts Burned To Death.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 29.—Two convicts, S. D. Ware and Albert Bunch, were burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed a stockade at the State convict farm in Lincoln county. During the excitement three other convicts escaped.

Old McKenna

Sold at our BUFFET BAR, is the best drink for the money in the United States. Give us a call and be convinced.

HENRY BOSQUET'S
Old Blue House,
245 Fourth Ave.



You can "stand pat" on quality and rest assured that you are getting your money's worth when you use our Diamond Wall Plaster. It is not affected by zero weather if kept from freezing two hours.

KY. WALL PLASTER CO. (Incorporated.)
BROOK AND RIVER. LOUISVILLE, KY.
TELEPHONE 2267.
Also Operating THE HOOSIER WALL PLASTER PLANT, Jeffersonville, Ind. 'Phone 555.

BROOMS.



We make a specialty of the best BROOMS on the market at
$1.75 to $3.50 PER DOZEN.
Special Discounts to the Trade.
Also dealers in Baskets, Burlaps, Excelsior and Manufacturers' Supplies.

T. C. Caummisar & Sons
123 THIRD ST.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD
Coca-Cola
At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands. 5c. a Bottle.
Coca Cola Bottling Works, Louisville, Ky. (Incorporated.)

DECISION SEALS FATE OF SUNDAY THEATERS.

Kansas City, Nov. 29.—Judge Smith McPherson, of Red Oak, Ia., in the United States Circuit Court here to-day handed down a decision dissolving the injunction recently granted to local theatrical managers prohibiting county officials from closing the theaters on Sundays. Judge McPherson asserts that he has no jurisdiction. The decision is a farreaching one in that it practically seals the fate of all Sunday amusements in Kansas City.

BREAKS BOTH ARMS TRYING TO GET 'POSSUM.

Uniontown, Ky., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—While shaking an opossum out of a tree J. R. Culver, of Hitesville, slipped and fell a distance of thirty feet and broke both arms. The possum got away.

THE

Illustrated Sunday Magazine

WITH ITS ARTISTIC COLOR COVER DESIGNS & LITERARY ATTRACTIVENESS : : :

Best Thought of the Day--Articles on Timely Topics by Grover Cleveland, William Jennings Bryan, Secretary Cortelyou, Attorney General Bonaparte, Henry Watterson, Senator Beveridge and Charles W. Eliot, of Harvard.

The Illustrated Sunday Magazine is Issued Every Sunday as a Part of The COURIER JOURNAL

The Pictorial Features

Caring for afflicted little ones—Some views at the Children's Free Hospital, for the benefit of which a charity ball will be given next week.

Some scenes of interest at the place where Jefferson Davis was born, including a group of the Committee of Visitation and party, inspecting the site of the proposed memorial.

Portraits of two handsome fall brides, and other portraits of pretty women from places near Louisville.

Some scenes on a fancy poultry farm owned by a Louisville lawyer.

Portraits of two well known ministers of Louisville as they appear to their congregations.

A flashlight view showing part of the great crowd reading election returns at the Courier Journal building.

The Literary Features

"An Extemporized Parson"—A clever short story by J. DeQ. Donehoo. (Fully illustrated.)

"A Reputation Redeemed"—A thrilling story of South African life, by Harold Bindloss.

"Down the Long Road"—Fourth article in the series of Southern Reminiscences by Josephine H. Nicholls.

"Rings in Romance and History"—Some peculiar facts, by Raymond McBride.

"Curious Vehicles of the World"—By E. Hough.

"The Avenger"—Continuation of the chapters of E. Phillips Oppenheim's great serial.

"Some Copyrighted Municipal Arms"—Facts of an Old Country method.

"Some Interesting Short Items"—Bits of matter gathered here and there.

PUBLIC INTEREST

Must Support Officials Working For Good Government.

HIGHLAND CLUB'S PRESIDENT, C. C. STOLL, QUITS OFFICE.

ADDRESSES BY PERCY BOOTH AND HELM BRUCE.

SOME REFORMS PROJECTED.

Strong emphasis upon the necessity of encouraging, supporting and helping the present city officials and al; who may follow them in office in the years to come, was the most significant part of the spirit of last night's meeting of the Highland Government Club, in the Club's rooms, at Baxter and Christy avenues. The members of the club, through the speakers of the evening, reiterated the purpose of the club in its stand for good government on a non-partisan basis, electing to office men who would best conserve the interests of the people. As an endorsement of th non-political nature of the club, C. C. Stoll, president of the organization and a member of the new Board of Public Works, tendered his resignation, giving as the reason that no one holding office at the disposal of one party or the other should at any time retain an office. Mr. Stoll said that the club must strive to eliminate political partits from the club to the point of anihilation.

Although every member present last night, took the floor and extolled the virtues of Mr. Stoll as president, expressing their regret at losing him as their leader, they one and all voted to accept his resignation, "not," as one member expressed it, "because they loved him less, but because they loved the club and its purpos more." No successor to Mr. Stoll was elected last night. The members voted to hold their next meeting the first Friday in January and at that time choose their chief officer.

Aside from Mr. Stoll, the speakers last night were: Percy Booth and Helm Bruce. Mr. Bruce urged the necess.ty of an active interest on the part of all citizns in the affairs of city, State and national government. Mr. Booth talked along the lines of civic beauty and the throwing of safeguards around the lives of the people of Louisville and other measures which would add to the comfort and joy of living in this city. Mr. Stoll dwelt upon the power for good of a club patterned after the Highland Good Government Club in a community.

* * *

Organized Virtue Must Triumph.

"The success of a democracy," said Mr. Bruce, "depneds upon every citizen taking an active interest in his govtrnment. I have always believd that organizd virtue will triumph over organized vice. Vice has long been organized, it was high time that virtue demanded its rights. It is not enough to elect good officials to office. Every man must take enough interest in his city to watch the men he has helped place in office, not ncessarily with a suspicious eye, but in an effort to help bring to their attention those things which need improvement and bettermnt.

"The officials now in office I believe to be competent. But no matter what heir politics, I say that if they do not fulfill the requirements which we deem important, at the next election they should be removed. Other men should be elected to their place who will do the work which is so important. The city officials cannot be eerywhere at once. Good city officials are elected so that they will be competent to carry out the demands made upon them. It is the duty of every man to watch the needs of his neighborhood and suggest changes to those who are in a position to make them.

"I have seen men go to the polls who did not know the names of the men they were about to vote for. I have seen men who, when they did vote, knew nothing more than the names and almost nothing about the men behind them. Such a lack of interest breeds poor government and stamps the best-conceived government of man as a failure. Watch the meetings of your Council. Keep in touch with the manner in which your city is being governed. Take a live interest in making Louisville the best-governed city in America. And, above all, do not stand with the men who say that politics are so dirty they do not care to even vote, let alone having anything to do with them.

"I am an independent in politics. I was born a Democrat. My father was a Democrat. I have much in common with Democrats, and I stand with the Democrats on many national issues, but withal I am an independent. I be lieve in searching out the best man and putting him in office."

* * *

Some Concrete Reforms Suggested.

Mr. Booth was the first speaker of the evening. "Clubs like this," said Mr. Booth, "are of an inestimable benefit to a city. I would like to see more of them. It might be a good idea to affiliate them with the Citizens' League, that body acting as the parent organization. Each club should do what is can for its own neighborhood, and yet keep in mind that the Highlands, Crescent Hill or Portland is a part of Louisville and work with concerted action for Louisville.

"Clubs of this nature have unlimited power for good. The Municipal League of Los Angeles has made that city what it is to-day. An agitation should be started that will result in the disappearance of all poles from the streets. They should either be put in the alleys or wires strung underground. Poles are very unsightly. The railroad crossing at Baxter avenue and Beargrass creek I consider the most dangerous in the State. If the watchman on guard in the tower should for a moment neglect his duty a score of your families might be robbed of dear ones."

Mr. Booth then showed pictures printed in a pamphlet by the Municipal League of Los Angeles on the subject of unsightly telephone and lighting poles. In one picture more than twenty poles were shown in front of one house, the half-tone being labeled "Puzzle Picture; Find the House." Another displayed an equal number of poles and was labeled "The Whispering Pines." Still another had the inscription beneath it "Who Onws the Streets?" Mr. Booth said that in none of the pictures were as many poles shown as are now on Longest street.

* * *

Mr. Stoll's Patriotic Spirit.

Mr. Stoll expressed his regret at believing it incumbent upon him to resign. "I would rather be at the head of this club than be a member of the Board of Public Works," said Mr. Stoll. "Mayor Grinstead persuaded me to accept the appointment by dwelling upon the fact that I would be working in the interests of good government if I became a member, and for that reason I undertook the task that is now before me. There are many little ways in which the city can be beautified."

Only to-day a committee of women from Crescent Hill asked the co-operation of the Board of Public Works and the Park Board in making their section of the city more presentable. They are going to plant shrubbery and flowers in the barren tract that lies between the railroad and the pike. The same kind of improvements might be made in the Highlands.

"We've tried it," said one man, "but the boys pull up the flowers as fast as we plant them."

"Well," replied Mr. Stoll, "I think this body of men can cope with the boe problem and keep the flowers in the ground."

STEEL MAGNATE DIES IN FLORIDA HOTEL.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 29.—Everett B. Webster, aged thirty-eight, president of the National Steel and Wire Company, with subsidiary companies at De Kalb, Ill.; Bayonne, N. J.; New Haven and on the Pacific coast, died at a hotel here this afternoon. He was a well-known horseman and was owner of the steam yacht Seneca. He had country homes at Beverly, Mass., and at Manhassatt, L. I. His buisness office in New York City was at 114 Liberty street.

THREE THOUSAND MILES BEHIND YOKE OF OXEN.

Ezra Meeker Reaches Washington, D. C., From Oregon and Calls On the President.

Washington, Nov. 29. — President Roosevelt stepped out of his office today and made a critical examination of Ezra Meeker's yoke of oxen and prairie schooner, which has just accomplished a 3,000-mile journey from the State of Washington, the route being over the old Oregon trail. Mr. Meeker was introduced to the President by Senator Pyles and Representative Cushman, of Washington. He made a plea to have the Oregon trail made a national highway, and to this the President listened with interest, but suggested that if done the project would have to be on a commercial rather than a sentimental basis.

TIME GRANTED STATE

JUDGE JONES POSTPONES ARGUMENT ON INJUNCTION.

Gov. Comer Returns To Capital From Hunting Trip, But Declines To Talk.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 29.—The restraining order issued by Judge Thomas G. Jones upon bills filed by the Louisville and Nashville and allied lines ,and made returnable on next Monday will not be argued on that day, as the attorney for the State will require and have been granted further time.

Monday a conference will be held between the attorneys for the State in the pending litigation and Gov. Comer, when a day will be dtermined on at which the arguments will be made. Attorney General Garber to-day called on Judge Jones and asked that the State begiven further time, as it could not properly make an answer in the short time intervening between to-day and Monday. This was granted and the understanding was reached that the restraining order and the hearing of the supplemental bills would come up for the argument on some day between December 15 and 20.

Gov. Comer returned to Montgomery to-night from his hunting trip. He positively declined to discuss the litigation.

Was Ill and Despondent.

Lambert, Miss., Nov. 29.—Despondent, it is supposed because of continued ill health, Mrs. C. H. Wilkins of this place secured a revolver early to-day and shot herself in the head, dying almost intsantly.

Daly Defeats Jevne.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—Frank P. Daly, of St. Louis, to-night defeated Lloyd Jevne, of Chicago, in the thirty-fourth game of the national three-cushion billiard championship tournament, and thereby made himself a contender with Harry P. Cline, of Philadelphia, for first honors. Daly's high run was 5, his average 91; Jevne's high run was 4; average .40. Four games are yet to be played in the tournament.

Charged With Lunacy.

Ernest Ludwig, a painter, who lives at Twenty-first and Walnut streets, was arrested at his home last night and taken to the county jail, where he was charged with lunacy. His alleged condition is said to be the result of blood poisoning, caused by paint.

NEARER NORMAL

Confidence Being Restored In All Lines.

THE PREMIUM ON CURRENCY REACHES VANISHING POINT.

DUN'S REVIEW FOR WEEK OPTIMISTIC IN TONE.

RETAIL TRADE MORE ACTIVE.

New York, Nov. 29.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say:

Confidence is returning but conservatism is still much in evidence, especially in manufacturing. Mills and factories are only operated to fill orders, no accumulation of stocks being permitted pending more settled conditions. Some idle plants have already resumed, however, and in many cases there are ample contracts on hand, but work is curtailed because customers request delay in delivery as funds are not available for settlement. These concerns expect to have machinery in full operation when the money market become normal, several preparing to resume after January 1.

Retail trade is more active, sales of holiday goods supplementing dealings in staple merchandise and some Western cities report that wholesale houses are receiving orders of usual size from country merchants for spring delivery. More closed banks have resumed, gold has arrived from Europe in large volume, and bank note circulation expands in response to special facilities offered by the Treasury. One of the best features of the week at this city was the practical elimination of the premium on currency.

* * *

Steel Production Less.

The output of finished steel products has declined still further and more pig iron furnaces are idle, but the sentiment is not demoralized at leading centers, and some idle plants will resume next week. Prices remain comparatively steady, although in many cases the figures are wholly nominal owing to the absence of new business. Shipments are almost entirely confined to specifications on old contracts for which quotations were fixed some time ago.

Prospects are brighter for an early resumption of buying in the primary markets for cotton goods. Stocks in the hands of distributors are known to be depleted and reduction in work at the mills has prevented any accumulation at first hands. Meanwhile, quotations remain nominally unchanged and no readjustment is expected until indications are favorable for a substantial volume of business.

Scarcity of heavy weight worsteds gives that division a firmer tone than other grades and the statistical position of the woolen goods market will be strengthened by the further reduction of active machinery.

Conditions are unchanged in the footwear industry. Jobbers throughout the country purchase only for immediate requirements and salesmen report light orders. Wholesale at the West takes samples for next fall, but there is scarcely any new business in supplementary case lots for the current season. Most New England shoe shops reduce time still further as orders are overtaken. Few changes are reported in leather, but the tone is weaker despite the smaller output. There is little demand from tanners and hides accumulate in all positions.

IMPROVEMENT WIDESPREAD.

Entire Business Situation Grows Steadily Better.

New York, Nov. 29.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: The improvement in tone of fin[illegible] become [illegible] widespread [illegible] as to [illegible] a much mor[illegible]rance to [illegible] entire situati[illegible]ng the [illegible]curity markets h[illegible]ore evidences of healthy [illegible] for a long time past, the[illegible]t has shown signs of loosen[illegible] currency premium has droppe[illegible] materially, close to the vanishing point, in fact, and the expectations are widely entertained or expressed that the country will be back upon a cash payment basis in a few weeks. But trade is still quiet the country over, and new buying, owing partly to holiday observances, and also to mild weather, which still is a check on retail trade, is small, while industrial operations are being restricted. With the easing in the money situation has come a more liberal marketing of the country's products and grain receipts at interior markets are certainly larger, part of which is due to the greater strength exhibited by cereals and cotton, which in turn, primarily reflected the better feeling at money markets. The price situation as a whole, however, shows signs of readjustment to the changed conditions of demand, and live animals and provisions and meats and other food products have declined quite sharply. The labor situation also shows evidences of the slowing down of industrial operations. Railroad traffic is apparently smaller than for many weeks past and the car shortage evil has disappeared just as the close of water navigation approaches.

* * *

Collections Poor.

Collections are still very poor, while the banking situation is improving, loans are not being made with any degree of freedom and rates are still prohibitory. At the same time the system of inland exchanges seems to be again tending toward normal, although there is still much room for improvement in that respect.

Reports of especially quiet trade comes this week from lumber, prices for which are easier, and production is being restricted. The cotton yarn, leather, wool, iron and steel and coal trades also noted quietness beyond the normal.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending November 28 number 250, against 265 last week; 172 in the like week of 1906; 188 in 1905; 185 in 1904 and 239 in 1903.

Canadian failures for the week number forty-six, as against thirty-five last week and twenty-five in this week a year ago.

BUSINESS OF THE BANKS.

Decrease of 25 Per Cent. Shown In the Clearings At Louisville.

New York, Nov. 29.—Bradstreet's bank clearings report for the week ending November 28 shows an aggregate of $1,731,755,000, as against $2,285,928,000 last week and 2,575,095,000 in the corresponding week last year.

Canadian clearings for the week total $82,832,000, as against $91,848,000 last week and $88,988,000 in the same week last year.

The following is a list of the cities:

		P.C. Inc.	P.C. Dec.
New York	$981,288,000	....	39.7
Chicago	153,285,000	....	18.9
Boston	94,039,000	....	40.6
Philadelphia	94,667,000	....	27.7
St. Louis	45,115,000	....	16.6
Pittsburg	44,845,000	....	0.8
San Francisco	20,550,000	....	48.7
Baltimore	20,517,000	....	15.7
Kansas City	23,604,000	2.0	....
Cincinnati	16,783,000	....	18.8
New Orleans	15,496,000	....	31.4
Minneapolis	19,432,000	....	2.0
Cleveland	12,187,000	....	7.5
Detroit	10,720,000	....	10.5
Louisville	7,057,000	....	25.0
Los Angeles	6,068,000	....	44.9
Omaha	8,285,000	1.5	....
Milwaukee	7,500,000	....	10.8
Seattle	6,082,000	....	15.2
St. Paul	9,681,000	4.8	....
Providence	4,876,000	....	31.4
Buffalo	5,972,000	....	8.9
Indianapolis	4,401,000	....	32.1
Denver	6,423,000	4.1	....
Fort Worth	8,778,000	....	....
Richmond	5,835,000	....	5.8
Albany	4,378,000	....	23.9
Washington	3,647,000	....	19.0
Salt Lake City	2,773,000	54.8	....
Portland, Ore.	3,181,000	....	40.8
Columbus, O.	3,946,000	....	9.3
St. Joseph	2,426,000	....	36.3
Memphis	4,546,000	....	12.0
Savannah	4,716,000	....	31.4
Atlanta	3,709,000	....	23.6
Spokane, Wash.	2,475,000	....	43.1
Toledo, O.	2,486,000	....	21.0
Tacoma	3,828,000	....	9.1
Nashville	2,997,000	4.9	....
Rochester	2,461,000	....	12.8
Hartford	2,236,000	....	21.4
Peoria	1,264,000	....	48.7
Des Moines	1,975,000	....	3.9
Norfolk	1,996,000	....	25.9
New Haven	1,770,000	....	18.0
Grand Rapids	1,184,000	....	21.0
Dayton	914,000	....	32.8
Portland, Me.	1,420,000	....	0.8
Sioux City	1,411,000	....	5.9
Springfield, Mass.	1,268,000	....	10.0
Evansville	1,600,000	0.6	....
Birmingham	2,141,000	5.9	....
Syracuse	1,681,000	23.6	....
Augusta, Ga.	1,535,000	3.9	....
Mobile	1,009,000	....	3.1
Worcester	1,073,000	....	22.6
Knoxville	1,445,000	....	....
Wilmington, Del.	1,212,000	....	....
Charleston, S. C.	1,233,000	....	5.0
Chattanooga	944,000	....	24.8
Jacksonville, Fla.	1,321,000	....	....
Wichita	868,000	....	0.5
Wilkes-Barre	931,000	0.4	....
Davenport	655,000	....	22.4
Little Rock	1,190,000	....	32.9
Wheeling, W. Va.	1,223,000	40.2	....
Fall River	749,000	....	14.6
Kalamazoo, Mich.	605,000	....	25.4
Topeka	688,000	....	0.1
Springfield, Ill.	539,000	....	14.2
Helena	780,000	....	0.1
Fort Wayne, Ind.	496,000	....	18.4
New Bedford	561,000	8.2	....
Lexington	399,000	....	7.4
Youngstown	581,000	0.3	....
Erie, Pa.	550,000	....	15.9
Macon	570,000	....	22.0
Akron	298,000	....	37.1
Rockford, Ill.	633,000	13.4	....
Cedar Rapids, Ia.	480,000	16.2	....
Chester, Pa.	407,000	....	....
Binghamton	350,000	....	25.1
Fargo, N. D.	485,000	10.9	....
Lowell	604,000	....	....
Canton, O.	401,000	18.9	....
Bloomington, Ill.	275,000	....	12.1
South Bend, Ind.	304,000	14.7	....
Quincy, Ill.	435,000	....	....
Springfield, O.	331,000	15.3	....
Sioux Falls, S. D.	445,000	64.2	....
Mansfield, O.	149,000	....	47.3
Decatur, Ill.	261,000	....	....
Fremont, Neb.	151,000	....	15.1
Jacksonville, Ill.	168,000	....	3.4
*Lincoln, Neb.	1,200,000	20.7	....
*Oakland, Cal.	926,000	....	63.1
†Houston	15,531,000	....	42.9
†Galveston	10,283,000	39.2	....

Dominion of Canada.

		P.C. Inc.	P.C. Dec.
Montreal	$29,005,000	....	7.0
Toronto	21,608,000	....	21.5
Winnipeg	15,064,000	5.0	....
Ottawa	2,881,000	....	9.5
Vancouver, B. C.	3,583,000	6.8	....
Halifax	1,783,000	1.3	....
Quebec	2,337,000	31.6	....
Hamilton	1,586,000	3.5	....
St. John, N. B.	1,232,000	.08	....
London, Ont.	1,128,000	....	0.1
Victoria, B. C.	1,004,000	....	2.3
*Calgary	1,514,000	....	....
*Edmonton	971,000	....	....

*Not included in totals because comparisons are incomplete.

†Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Nov. 29.—The dry goods market continues steadier, with some slight increase in the demand for drillings, sheetings, yarns and gray goods for converters' uses. The jobbing trade is quiet. The silk trade regards the announcement of the failure of the American Silk Company as a healthy failure. The receivers of the Arnold Print Works made an announcement that they will continue the business. The wool market is quiet.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Nov. 29.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 45@45¼c; sales 636 casks; receipts 1,041; shipments 4,051. Rosin firm; sales 3,263 bbls.; receipts 5,426; shipments 3,859; stock 118,047; A, B, C and D $2.95; E $2.95@3; F and G $2.95@3.10; H $3@3.05; I $3.75; K $4.80; M $5.25; N $5.90; window glass $6.30; water white $6.60.

Wilmington, Nov. 29.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 43½c; receipts 55 casks. Rosin, nothing doing; receipts 331 bbls. Tar quiet at $1.80; receipts 329 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $2, $3 and $3; receipts 43 bbls.

Charleston, Nov. 29.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 22@23½c; light fine 20@21c; heavy fine 15@17c; tub-washed 26@33c.

London Wool Sales.

London, Nov. 29.—The offerings at the wool auctions sales to-day amounted to 10,584 bales. A firmer tone prevailed and competition improved, particularly for fine grades. Merinos were in good supply and sold chiefly to the continent. Offerings of cross-breds were heavier, but they sold briskly at unchanged rates. Good greasy half-bred was taken by Americans at 1s 1½d and coarse various were freely taken by home buyers.

Boston Wool.

Boston, Nov. 29.—The Commercial Bulletin, of Boston, basing its report upon statistics gathered from the Government, will say to-morrow of the wool market:

"The market continues very dull. Fresh business is of limited volume, the sales of the week close to the smallest on record and deliveries on other contracts small. The holiday has interrupted negotiations, and besides the demand has been curtailed by the shutting down, wholly or in part, of many mills."

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Nov. 29.—Wheat—Spot quiet; No. 2 red Western winter 7s 10½d; futures quiet; December 7s 10⅜d; March 8s 2¼d; May 8s 1⅝d. Corn—Spot quiet; prime mixed American 5s 7d; futures quiet; December 5s 6⅛d; January 5s 3⅝d.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Friday Evening, Nov. 29.—Rates for call money in the New York market ranged between 5½ and 14 per cent., with the ruling rate 5½. Time money was quiet and easier. It was generally predicted that to-morrow's bank statement would show a decided recuperation in reserves. Improvement in money conditions were reported from all directions. Business was in good volume at Local instaitutions. There was a fair demand for credits and accommodations were more liberally extended. Currency was paid out liberally and deposits exceeded the outgo. Quotations on New York exchange ranged between par and $1 premium. Clearings were in good volume.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,760,865 11
Balance	150,704 35

The higher New York stock market and brighter outlook in monetary affairs stimulated the local security market. There was a fair inquiry for bonds and there were several orders for Louisville Traction common. For the first time in three weeks sales were made at the Stock Exchange. Sixteen shares of Louisville Traction common sold at 81, an advance of 1½ points over the closing bid Wednesday. The stock opened at 80 bid for ten shares, with ten offered at 85. Then followed bids of 80¼, 80½, 80¾ and 81 for a total of forty-seven shares. After the sales at 81 thirty-five shares were wanted at 80¾, with no offerings. There were bids of 99¾ and interest for $1,000 Louisville Railway 5s and par for $1,000. The rest of the list was passed without bids or offers. In the outside list St. Louis United Railways common and preferred were stronger. Toledo was easy.

St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 20 bid, with no stock offering. The preferred closed at 57⅞ to 58½ and the 4s at 74 to 74½. Toledo sold in New York at 9½, 9¼, 9⅜ and 9¼. Detroit was quoted at 30 to 35. United Railways Investment common sold at 10½ and 11½ and the preferred at 20 and 21½. Standard Oil closed at 399 to 400, American Tobacco at 190 to 200, Subway at 13¼ to 13¾ and Giroux at 3 to 3¼. L. and N. unified 4s were 92½ to 95 and the collateral trust 4s 90 asked.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities on the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	...	*88
Chattanooga Railway 5s	*97	100
City 4s, 1910	...	*101
City 5s, old L., 1911	*100¼	105
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	...	*101
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1928	...	*101
City 4s, Parks, 1936	...	...
City 4s, refunding, 1937	...	*103
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	...	*95
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	...	*95
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	...	*95
City 3s, Sewer and Parks, 1941	...	*85
Dallas Electric 5s	...	*95½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	...	*94½
Houston Electric 5s	...	*95
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	...	91
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*74	78
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*94	99½
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*100	...
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	...	*107
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	95¼	96
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	...	99
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	72	74
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*97
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	...	*91
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	*99
Peoria Light 5s	...	*90
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	...	*96½
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*90	94½
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	...	*97
Seattle Electric 5s	...	*99
Savannah Electric 5s	...	*96
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s	*99	100
West Penn Rys. 5s	...	*95

*Sells with interest. †Less than $1,000.

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	...	144
Bank of Commerce	...	158
B. F. Avery & Sons com	90	107
B. F. Avery & Sons pref	100	...
Birmingham Ry. and Light com	...	80
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref	...	95
Bourbon Stock Yards	...	90
Citizens' National Bank	212	...
Columbia Trust Co	...	132
Central Home Telephone	...	11
Chattanooga Railway com	35	40
Chattanooga Railway pref	77½	80
Col'bus, Dela. and Marion Ry	...	34
Dallas Electric com	35	45
Dallas Electric pref	...	76
E. St. Louis and Suburban com	...	49
E. St. Louis and Suburban pref	74	76
Evansville Light com	...	42
Evansville Light pref	87	89
First National Bank	...	160
Fayette Home Telephone	...	26
Federal Chemical com	45	50
Federal Chemical pref	...	100
Fidelity Trust Co	315	340
German Bank	385	...
German Insurance Bank	383	425
German Security Bank	174	176½
Grand Rapids com	...	72½
Grand Rapids pref	...	78
Houston Electric com	...	42
Houston Electric pref	...	90
Kentucky Wagon Works	151½	158
Knoxville Ry. and Light com	...	54
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref	...	90
Lexington and Interurban Rys	9½	11½
Louisville and Eastern com	†19	20
Louisville and Eastern pref	74¾	75
Louisville National Banking Co	147	149
Louisville Title Co	99¾	102¼
Louisville Bridge stock	137	139
Louisville Gas stock	...	135
Louisville Heating com	50	56
Louisville Heating pref	84	†85
Louisville Home Telephone	40	45
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com	...	65
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref	...	125
Louisville Traction com	80¾	...
Louisville Traction pref	...	102
Louisville Trust Co	170	185
Mayfield Woolen Mills com	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills pref	...	100
Michigan Light com	...	87½
Michigan Light pref	...	100
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage	...	95
Memphis St. Ry. com	...	67½
Memphis St. Ry. pref	...	72½
National Bank of Kentucky	...	†191½
Nashville Ry. and Light com	...	30
Nashville Ry. and Light pref	...	70
New Albany St. Ry. pref	85	...
New Galt House com	26	40
New Galt House pref	95	†99
New Orleans Ry. and Light com	10	12
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref	37	40
Northern Texas Electric com	39	42½
Northern Texas Electric pref	80	82½
Norfolk Ry. and Light	...	17
Paducah Trac. and Light com	19½	22
Paducah Trac. and Light pref	...	75
Peoria Light com	...	42
Peoria Light pref	...	90
Rochester Railway pref	...	93¾
Rochester Ry. and Light pref	...	88
Rehm-Zeiher Co. pref	100	102
Springfield Ry. and Light	66	72
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com	...	37½
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref	...	77½
Southern National Bank	...	145
Stock Yards Bank	125	127
Seelbach Realty com	100	...
Seelbach Realty pref	...	...
Seattle Electric com	...	82
Seattle Electric pref	...	...
Savannah Electric com	14	15
Savannah Electric pref	...	87¾
Third National Bank	112	115
Turner, Day & Woolworth com	...	106
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref	125	...
Toledo Railway and Light	12	13
Union National Bank	229	232
United States Trust Co	110	115
United Railways Invest. com	11	12½
United Railways Invest. pref	20	24
Washington, Alex. and Mt. V	57	60
West Penn Rys. com	27	31½
West Penn Rys. pref	69	71
Western National Bank	...	190

†Less than ten shares.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following were the sales at to-day's session of the Stock Exchange:

15 shares Louisville Traction common	81
1 share Louisville Traction common	81

The average prices of the twenty railroad stocks show a difference between the high and low points of the year of 49.44 points, the largest by far of a series of years past. The industrials' average prices show a movement of 43.37, also a high mark. Such a large swing is indicative of the extent of the declines suffered.

The following table shows the difference between the high and low points of the railroad and industrial average prices over a series of years:

Year.	Railroads.	Industrials.
1907	49.44	43.37
1906	18.06	17.82
1905	29.02	27.80
1904	28.15	36.82
1903	32.49	25.53

Among the industrials American Smelting and Refining shows a swing of 96¾ points, the largest in the list, while Amalgamated comes second with 79¼ points. Steel common shows almost as much swing as the preferred and indicates that the two stocks move pretty well together. Delaware and Hudson, of the railroads, shows the largest difference, 104½ points, between the high and low of the year. Great Northern and Union Pacific all show over 80 points.

West Penn Railways Company reports for the year ended October 31, 1907. We compare with the twelve months ended December 31, 1906, as follows:

Year ended—	Oct. 31,'07.	Dec. 31,'06.
Gross	$1,576,492	$1,405,93
Expenses	848,408	773,9 8
Net	$728,084	$635,5?7
Charges	413,650	378,322
Surplus	$314,434	$257,195
Preferred dividends	137,500	137,500
Surplus	*$186,934	$119,695

*Surplus after preferred dividends is equal to 5.7 per cent. on the $3,250,000 common stock.

Referring to the persistency of present bear arguments that there is danger of dividend reductions by railroads, Thomas Gibson, of New York, in circular just issued, points out that this argument, so far as stock prices are concerned, is borne out by history. Tables are presented showing that in the last three periods of depression stock prices declined before earnings and dividends fell off, and that they recovered materially while the retrenchment was in progress. In 1884 the average of low prices of stocks was established in December of that year, and in October, 1885, the average had recovered 45 per cent. in the face of a halt in earnings and a material reduction in dividends. From the low of 1893, which was reached in July, there was an average advance in the following year of 46.70 per cent. The average advance in 1904 from the extreme depression of 1903 was 48.80 per cent. The tables given show that the advance in stock prices in 1885 took place in the face of reduction in dividends paid by ten representative railroads from $20,203,835 in 1884 to $17,672,105 in 1885. Dividends in the next period of depression fell from $94,295,815 in 1893 to $83,478,039 in 1894, while stock prices were advancing. The depression of 1903 did not result in reduced dividends, the amount paid in that year being $196,373,176, while in 1904 the same roads paid $221,9,049 in dividends.

It cannot be too strongly urged upon the bankers of the country that it is their public duty always to be conservative in times of ease and inflation, and courageous in times of panic, says the Wall Street Journal. Too often many of them adopt just the opposite policy; they loan up to the very neck in times when they should exercise caution and then hoard up excessive reserves in their vaults at the very time when the country requires from them an exhibition of courage.

There is reason for the resolutions passed by the American Trade Press Association at its recent meeting, criticising the banks as principal offenders in the hoarding of money, declaring that many of them are holding much more cash than the reserves called for by the law, thus setting a hurtful example to individuals and compelling the industries of the country to curtail their business and order the discharge of many workmen. This criticism, of course, does not apply to many able and patriotic bankers, but that it does apply in numerous cases there can be no doubt whatever. In some instances the hoarding of money by institutions has been forced upon these institutions by the very lack of courage on the part of other banks. We are paying a fearful price for the lack of adequate banking cooperation. Much is said about the resumption of cash payments by the banks. As Horace Greeley said of the resumption of specie payments: "The way to resume is to resume." The way to restore confidence is to pay cash. That would end the panic and go far toward restoring to normal activity the trade which has already been depressed by the financial disorder.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Copper stocks in London heavy, but consols firm and tone cheerful.

Bank of England rate remains at 7 per cent.

Treasury will make no further issue of Treasury certificates. Amount estimated at $35,000,000, practically all taken by banks.

Crisis in money market situation considered over, banks being expected to resume currency payments immediately.

Present month first to show a reduction in United States Steel earnings.

Twenty-three roads for third week November show average gross increase 1.30 per cent.

Mexican Central October net earnings increased $157,637 and four four months increased $1,183,346.

London settlement concluded yesterday without disturbing incident.

Twelve Industrials advanced .50 per cent. Wednesday.

Twenty active Railroads advanced .58 per cent. Wednesday.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—One of our prominent banks considered the situation this morning sufficiently improved to call in $5,000,000 in call loans and announced their intention of canceling this amount of clearing-house certificates. While the incident helped sentiment immensely, it also made call money higher, and near the close it advanced as high as 14 per cent. Prices are apt to continue strong until after the publication of the bank statement to-morrow, which should make a favorable showing, but we are inclined to advise our friends to start taking profits before its publication, as it might after all be disappointing, and if the present upward movement continues we venture to predict that the banks will put a quietus on the movement by calling in further loans and making money really tight again, as they consider the bull situation as far from warranting anything like a bull market for some time to come. However, it is very pleasant to see prices rallying once more, after such a protracted period of depression and downward quotations, and naturally the feeling of relief is very great.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—The market developed strength and resiliency not witnessed for past weeks. London bought 17,000 shares on balance, sentiment abroad being encouraged by the excellent bank return, receipt of gold from the continent, the investment buying of Russian bonds and expected smooth settlement at Berlin tomorrow. The low prices recently prevailing represented a state of panic. With resumption of currency payments expected in the near future, there seems to be good reason for anticipating further improvement in market conditions.—(Ennis & Stroppani to E. H. Morgan & Co.

New York.—The stronger position of the Bank of England in the face of heavy gold shipments to this country and the statement that nearly all the banks of the country would probably resume cash payments are regarded as encouraging signs of improvement in monetary conditions. The Steel Company showed better conditions in the steel industry than had been expected. Call money was somewhat firmer in the afternoon, but the belief is growing that easier rates for both call and time loans will prevail in the near future. The improvement in the financial outlook seems to warrant expectation of further appreciation of security values.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—Conditions here continue to improve and the prospects are that they will from now on, although slowly, and at times we are certain to have setbacks, we look for better prices. Bonds are cheap.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—The marked improvement in general business and financial affairs coincident with the restoration of confidence on the disappearance of the panicky state of mind of the general public had much to do with the revival of speculation and the strength and activity in the stock market since Monday last. The action of the Washington authorities toward the framing of an additional currency measure to meet conditions, along with the expectation that the banks in New York would begin currency payments Monday next, helped to increase bullish sentiment, and brought first extensive covering of shorts, and then excellent buying in all the active stocks. The day's advance was really a stock market adjustment to fit improved conditions.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

New York.—Reading has far and away been the feature, and here the knowledge that an increase in the dividend will be justifiable, together with the segregation of the lands owned by the property, comes, of course, with some force. At to-night's close the market looks as if it had a pretty good rally, but in reality it has had nothing of the kind, simply an awakening to the fact that securities are much below their real values, and we believe that it would pay to continue to ignore all old rules and precedents, just as it has proven so this remarkable year. When a guinea can be bought for very much less than a sovereign it is usually good business to be bold, and it looks to us that this is just the present basis of railroad stocks on the floor of the New York Exchange.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—The market was quite erratic to-day, but on the whole exhibited an undertone of strength equal to that exhibited the early part of the week. The strength this afternoon was due mainly, we believe, to short covering. There was no news of importance. We believe there is still considerable liquidation to come and that with the short interest in the market reduced there will be an absence of support. We would not buy on these bulges, but would wait for weak spots to pick up good dividend-paying stocks.—(T. A. McIntyre & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—The undertone of strength which characterized the market earlier in the week predominated and there was further evidence of covering of shorts and manipulation by one faction endeavoring to advance prices. We would not care to advise the purchase of stocks on this upward movement, for after the short interest, which has been its chief basis, has been finally driven in we fear there will be little buying power left in case anything bad should develop to cause further frightened selling or the big interests endeavor to liquidate.—(W. L. [illegible]yons & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Nov. 29.—Money on call higher at 5½@14 per cent.; ruling rate 5½; closing bid 6; offered at 12; time loans quiet, but rather easier; 60 days 12; 90 days 10@12; six months 7@8; prime mercantile paper 8. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8640@4.8615 for demand and at $4.7950@4.7975 for 60-day bills; commercial bills $4.7925. Bar silver 57⅝c. Mexican dollars 45¼c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds very strong.

The human motives which always lie back of the action of the stock market were rather more easily discerned to-day than usual. The halting of the movement of the early market was quite plainly the reflection of the dread that the exigencies of the December 1 money settlements would bring out some forced liquidation of the kind which has come upon the market from time to time since the financial condition began to mend. There was, in fact, evidence of such liquidation at one or two points, notably in the Gould group, with effect in Missouri Pacific and Western Union.

The buoyant tone which developed later was evidently due to the conviction that the December settlements were not to entail serious burdens on the market. The scarcity of stocks, except when some special supply was forced out of a loan, has been a conspicuous feature of the market for some time past. The professional operators has been keenly alert to this state of affairs, but cautious against a premature attempt to take advantage of it or to attempt to mark up prices in face of furher liquidation that must be accomplished.

Holders of stocks are clearly determined not to sell them at the present unprofitable level except as they may be obliged to do so by the maturing of money obligations on which extensions are refused. With the lifting of that kind of pressure to-day, it was found easy to bid up prices rapidly with the absorption of comparatively light supplies of stock on the way up. The same process is going on in the bond market. In that department, even more than in stocks, low quotations have been made on the forced marketing of small blocks of bonds in some cases, thus offering no adequate representation of value placed on the security by the bulk of its holders. The recovery in such cases represents a price readjustment rather than a response to a demand.

The movement to-day did reflect some degree of the special demand from the preparation for the December settlements, but this was so moderate that it was accepted as a favorable development. As the day progressed call loans touched 14 per cent. The time money market also, while still very narrow, indicated no such deadlock as has been the rule since the financial crisis. To-day was practically the last day of the month at the Stock Exchange, for the loans made on Friday carry over until Monday, so that the greatest strain of the preparation would be counted upon being met to-day. The developments over the Thanksgiving holidays were given a favorable interpretation.

The decision to discontinue the offer of the United States 3 per cent. certificates was accepted as a testimony that the needs for the emergency measures were considered to be passed. The premium on the currency also continued to decline, and it is expected to disappear as soon as the end of the month pay roll needs are met. There was an accumulation of testimony from bankers throughout the country of the readiness to resume cash payments. The local banking situation was known to be improving fast, although the surface showing of to-morrow's weekly bank statement may be thrown out of the reckoning by the Treasury certificate transaction. The redeposit of the 75 per cent. of the subscription with the banks, which the Secretary of the Treasury agreed to, did not work smoothly at first, and the transactions will also affect the loan item. The gain of $3,075,000 by the banks on the Subtreasury operations for the week, to which is to be added several millions of United States gold coin imported and not figuring in the Subtreasury operations, shows that the force of tide of imported gold has overtaken that of the forwardings to the interior banks. The country's demands for currency are shown infallibly by this test to be satisfied.

The [illegible] in prices became rather impetuous in the late dealings, but this was attributable in part to the retreat of an uncovered short interest.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—(Special.)—Clearings $11,093,[illegible]; balances $708,639. Call money 6@6½ per cent. New York exchange $3.50 premium bid; $4.50 premium asked.

Cincinnati, Nov. 29.—(Special.)—Clearings $3,654,750. New York exchange 50c premium. Collateral loans 6 per cent. Discount 6 per cent.

Boston, Nov. 29.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $19,717,100; in New York $23,380,288. New York funds sold at par.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—(Special.)—Clearings $36,189,714; balances $1,283,349. New York exchange—[illegible] market.

Memphis, Nov. 29.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,078,811.62. Exchange par selling, buying nominal.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Nov. 29.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance	$242,009,203
Gold coin and bullion	21,680,494
Gold certificates	71,949,110

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cl's'g Bid.
Adams Express	....	....	....	162
Amal. Copper	52,800	50⅝	48¼	50⅜
Am. Car & F'dry	2,100	27⅝	26¾	27⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	82-85
Am'n Cotton Oil	200	25⅛	25⅛	25½
Do preferred	....	....	....	70-85
American Express	....	....	....	157-190
Am. H. and L. pf.	100	11½	11½	11½
Am. Ice Securities	900	12	11½	11¾
Am'n Linseed Oil	....	....	....	7
Do preferred	....	....	....	16¾-25
Am'n Locomotive	700	36½	35	36½
Do preferred	....	....	....	86-90
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	39,200	69¾	65	69½
Do preferred	600	90	89	89¼
Am. Sugar Ref'g	1,300	104¼	102½	103¾
Am. Tob pf. ctfs.	400	64	64	64½
Ama. Mining Co	3,000	33⅛	32	33
Atchison	13,900	72½	69½	72
Do preferred	400	81⅛	80¾	81
Atl. Coast Line	100	63	63	62-64½
B. and O.	2,200	82	79½	81½
Do preferred	....	....	....	74-78
Brooklyn Rapid T.	10,300	33¼	31¼	32¾
Canadian Pacific	1,100	149¾	146	148
Central of N. J.	....	....	....	148-155
C. and O.	1,200	26⅝	25¾	26½
Chicago Gt. West.	400	7⅝	7½	7¼
C. and N. W.	1,800	134	131⅛	133¾
C., M. and St. P.	28,200	99¾	95¾	99⅜
Chicago T. and T.	....	....	....	*5
Do preferred	....	....	....	10-20
C., C., C. and St. L.	1,400	50⅝	50	50⅝
Col. Fuel and I.	1,500	17	16¼	16⅝
Col. Southern	1,900	17⅝	17	17½
Do 1st pf.	1,200	43	41¼	43
Do 2d pf.	1,300	32½	30¾	32
Consol. Gas	1,000	94	88	92½
Corn Products Ref'g	500	10¼	10	10⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	70
Central Leather	300	13½	13¼	13¼
Do preferred	600	71½	71	70½
Del. and Hudson	2,600	133	130½	132
D., L. and W.	800	410	400	415-435
D. and R. G.	1,700	19¼	18⅝	18½
Do preferred	200	56½	55½	55
Dist. Securities	2,300	41½	39	41½
Erie	1,400	15¼	14¾	15⅜
Do 1st pref.	900	33½	32	33
Do 2d pref.	200	23⅛	22½	23¼
Gen. Electric	800	114½	110½	113
Gt. Northern pf.	8,000	115½	113¼	115¼
Illinois Central	400	123	123	121½
Internat'l Paper	100	9	9	8¾
Do preferred	400	57	54½	55
Internat'l Pump	1,000	12	10⅝	11¾
Do preferred	1,200	56½	54	56
Iowa Central	700	10¼	9½	10
Do preferred	....	....	....	[illegible]-35
Interboro-Met.	900	6	5¾	5¼
Do preferred	200	18½	18	18¼
K. C. Southern	500	23½	22½	23
Do preferred	600	50½	50	50½
L. and N.	1,000	92¾	89¾	92¾
Mexican Central	1,500	13¼	13	13¼
Minn. and St. L.	....	....	....	24½
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	600	73¾	72¾	73½
Do preferred	400	119	116¾	117¾
Missouri Pacific	10,100	48	44½	47½
M., K. and T.	3,200	24¼	22¾	24
Do preferred	200	56	54¾	56
National Lead	4,100	40¼	37	40⅜
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	100	39½	39½	*42
N. Y. Central	10,400	96½	93½	96¼
N. Y., O. and W.	600	31	30	30⅝
†Norfolk and West	300	62	61½	62
Do preferred	....	....	....	70-75
North American	1,000	44	40¼	42-45
Northern Pacific	15,600	110¼	107¼	110
Pacific Mail	200	21⅝	21	21¾
Pennsylvania	61,600	111	107¾	110¼
People's Gas	1,700	76	73¾	75½
P., C., C. and St. L.	400	65	56	60-75
Pressed Steel Car	900	17½	17¼	17¼
Do preferred	100	64	64	64-67
Pullman Pal. Car	....	....	....	140

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cl'sg Bid.
Reading	158,500	87¾	85½	87⅝
Do 1st pref	500	73	73	73
Do 2d pref	....	....	....	72
Republic Steel	700	16	15	16
Do preferred	400	59	58¼	59
Rock Island Co	2,000	13⅝	12⅝	13½
Do preferred	400	32	31	32
St.L. & S.F. 2d pf	...	28½	27¾	27½
St. L. Southwest	200	13	12	13-13½
Do preferred	800	27½	27	27½
Southern Pacific	10,900	71⅜	69¼	71½
Do preferred	1,100	107¾	106⅝	107
Southern Railway	1,300	11⅝	10⅞	11⅝
Do preferred	1,200	33¾	31½	33
Sloss-Sh'ff'ld Steel	100	34¼	34¼	34½
Texas and Pacific	500	19	18	19
T. St. L. and W	....	....	....	16½
Do preferred	400	31¾	31	30¾
†Union Pacific	82,300	114¾	111⅞	114½
Do preferred	....	....	....	78
U. S. Express	....	....	....	65-90
U. S. Realty	100	40	40	38
U. S. Rubber	200	17	15⅜	16⅞
Do preferred	500	66⅜	65	66
U. S. Steel	41,900	25¼	23⅝	24¾
Do preferred	21,600	85	82⅝	84½
Va.-Car. Chemical	100	16½	16½	16½-21
Do preferred	....	....	....	75-85
Wabash	....	....	....	8½
Do preferred	300	15⅞	15⅝	15½
Wells-Fargo Exp	....	....	....	*300
West'house Elec	300	40	40	39¾
Western Union	3,000	58¼	54¼	51½
W. and L. E.	....	....	....	6½
Wisconsin Central	....	....	....	12½
Do preferred	....	....	....	26½-30

Total sales for the day, 685,900 shares.
*Offered. †Ex-dividend.

U. S. BONDS.

New York, Nov. 29.—Bonds were very strong. Total sales (par value), $5,460,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	103½	105
Do coupon	103½	105
3s, registered	100¼	101¼
Do coupon	100¼	101½
Small bonds	100¼	...
New 4s, registered	117	121
Do coupon	117	120
Panama 2s, registered	102	...
Philippine 4s	107½	110½

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Nov. 29.—Money was in limited supply to-day and the demand was firm. Discounts were steadier on fear of gold demand from the United States. On the Stock Exchange business for new accounts was limited, but prices were firmly maintained, especially home rails, in which field investors were fairly busy. Consols were dearer in spite of the stiffer carry-over rate, 6¼ per cent. for the settlement just commenced. Foreigners were kept firm and Russians received much attention, principally for Paris account. Americans were [illegible] and were fractionally higher than yesterday's [illegible] investments and in anticipation of a [illegible] New York opening. Canadian Pacific was a point higher. The New York opening came steady and then realizations caused a temporary setback, but under renewed buying prices hardened and the market closed firm. Closing quotations: Consols for money 82⅝; do for the account (January) 83 1-16; Anaconda 6⅝; Atchison 72⅝; do preferred 83; Baltimore and Ohio 82; Canadian Pacific 150; Chesapeake and Ohio 26⅞; Chicago Great Western 7⅛; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 100; De Beers 16⅞; Denver and Rio Grande 18⅞; do preferred 60½; Erie 15⅝; do first preferred 33⅛; do second preferred 23; Grand Trunk 18⅞; Illinois Central 126; Louisville and Nashville 92¼; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 23⅞; New York Central 97½; Norfolk and Western 62⅞; do preferred 80; Ontario and Western 30½; Pennsylvania 56; Rand Mines 4⅞; Southern Railway 11[illegible]; do preferred 33; Southern Pacific 71½; Union Pacific 115½; do preferred 80; United States Steel 24⅛; do preferred 85½; Wabash 9; do preferred 16; Spanish fours 90. Bar silver steady at 26 11-16d per ounce. Money 4½@5 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 6¼@6½ per cent.; do three months' bills 6@6¼ per cent.

Berlin, Nov. 29.—Trading on the Boerse to-day was irregular. Foreign shares were mostly higher, while local shares were weaker in connection with the unsatisfactory developments in the iron trade. Canadian Pacific was actively traded in at rising prices. Exchange on London 20 marks 53 pfgs for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 6¾ per cent.; three months' bills 8 per cent.

Paris, Nov. 29.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was firm on the improved situation in the United States. Three per cent. rentes 95f 20c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 22½c for checks.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Nov. 29, 1907.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1907.	Ship'd 1907.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs	36,200	207,350	22,300	37,820
Bagging, lbs	....	1,940	2,530	2,715
Boots and shoes, cases	139	194	466	229
Coffee, lbs	36,600	21,810	40,425	22,630
Cotton, bales	9	....	149	....
Flour, bbls	1,062	1,651	1,365	741
Furniture, lbs	34,495	98,115	63,500	92,185
Barley, bush	....	....	3,200	....
Corn, bush	11,100	[illegible]	18,850	19,000
Malt, bush	....	....	1,000	....
Oats, bush	2,000	3,442	8,000	6,100
Rye, bush	1,000	....	7,000	2,400
Wheat, bush	12,512	2,180	1,250	....
Hardware, pkgs	1,248	2,776	1,221	1,90[illegible]
Hay, tons	84	....	188	....
Bacon, lbs	31,369	85,835	51,700	35,695
Hams, lbs	....	650	....	510
Lard, lbs	44,700	45,780	....	25,775
Pig iron, tons	63	....	525	....
Leather, lbs	100	15,665	900	6,950
Nails, kegs	....	201	1,137	415
Apples, gr., bbls	....	163	354	70
Onions, bbls	....	260	....	31
Potatoes, bbls	250	286	500	119
Seed, grass and clover, lbs	7,088	303	4,205	....
Soap, lbs	4,727	53,490	113,550	20,065
Sugar, bbls	404	187	811	301
Tobacco, leaf hds	440	273	626	128
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	2,000	114,785	8,550	250,693
Whisky, bbls	510	1,539	1,044	1,605
Wool, lbs	180	3,000	....	3,097

LOCAL MARKETS.

(The following quo[tations] represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city.)

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.50; New York French red kidney fancies $2.75; California pink 4½c per lb.; Lima 6½c per lb.

BUTTER—Elgin 29c in 30-lb. tubs, 29½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 30c; renovated 26c in 60-lb. tubs, 26½c in 30-lb. tubs; 27c in prints.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.60@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 72@80c per bbl.; lime [illegible] per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.65@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—Daisies 16c; long horns 16c; Limburger 17½c; brick 17½c; New York cream 17½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13½@14½c; Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25@26c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12½c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 11½@12c. Santos 11½@13½c.

FIELD SEED—Choice timothy $2.00@2.15 per bu.; clover $9@9.50 per bu.; orchard grass $2 per bu.; bluegrass, fancy, $2.25; red top, fancy, 9c per lb.; English bluegrass $2.00; rape 7½c per lb.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.8[illegible]; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 9@9½c; prunes, California new 5½@8½c; peaches 14c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers, 9@13c; washed, fine, 1-lb. baskets, $2 dozen; pulled figs, fine, 1-lb. boxes, $2 dozen; apricots 17c; Persian dates 6½c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $5.25@5.50 bbl.; plain patents $5; straights $4.75; family $4.50; low grades $4.50; winter patents $5.25; winter straights $4.75@5; low grades $4.00; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $2 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base soft steel $1.95 for base; steel [illegible] corrugated $2.30; V-crimped $2.35 per square; black sheets, No. 14 $2.70; No. 16 $2.[illegible]; No. 18 $2.90; No. 20 $3; No. 22 $2.95; No. 24 $3.0[illegible]; No. 26 $3.00; No. 27 $3.05; No. 28 $3.15; No. 30 $3.40; wire nails $2.30 base; cut steel nails $2.20 base; plain black wire $2.20 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, painted $2.45; galvanized $2.75 per 100 lbs.; horse shoes, No. 2 and larger, Juniata $4.05 keg; Perkins' $4.04½ base; Burden $4.15 per keg; Hudson $3.75 keg; harrow teeth $3 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller, 70 and 10 per cent. discount; larger and longer 60 and 5 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller, 70 and 10 per cent. discount; larger and longer 60 and 5 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $25; shorts $25.50; shipstuffs $26. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 20c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 42c; centrifugals 24@30c.

NUTS—Almonds, tarragona 17c per lb.; filberts, Sicily 12½c; California walnuts, soft shell, No. 1 18c per lb.; bag lots 18c; Texas pecans, Jumbo 14c, large 12½c; cocoanuts, new crop, per 100 $5; mixed nuts 14@15c per lb.; Brazil nuts 14c; peanuts, fancy H. P. green 7c; roasted 8c; chestnuts imported 7c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 $1.66 per gallon; No. 2 98c; linseed 41c for raw and 42c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 71c; extra No. 1 60c; No. 1 56c; No. 2 51c; gasoline, 87 degrees [illegible]; stove gasoline 15½c; benzine, 65 degrees [illegible]; straits oil 31c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 15c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 48c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 50c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10½c; Indiana 10½c; water white, 150 degrees 11½c; headlight, 175 test 12½c; turpentine 49½c; wood alcohol 42c; denatured alcohol 40c in bbls. and 44c in ½ bbls.; pine tar [illegible] per gallon.

PAINTS AND OILS—Strictly pure white lead 7c per lb.; red 7½c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

PROVISIONS — Hams—Choice sugar-cured light and special cut 12½@13c; heavy to medium 12½c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 10c; regular clear sides 10c; breakfast bacon 17½c; sugar-cured shoulders 8¾c; bacon extra 10c; bellies, light, 10c; heavy 12c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 9c; pure leaf lard in tierces 9¾c. in tubs 10c; pure leaf lard in tierces 11c. in tubs 11¼c. in firkins 11¼c. Dried Beef—12c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 6½c; fancy Patna 6¼c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.22@1.37; 5-bu. bbl. 98c@$1.10; dairy salt $1.40@2.10 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1905: Single 90 and 20 per cent.; double 90 and 25 per cent.

(The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city.)

DRIED FRUIT—Bright dried apples, large cuts 7¼c; good bright apples 6½@7c; medium cut 5½c; dark 4½@5c, according to quality. One-half peaches, sun-dried 7c.

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 48@50c per lb.; gray 40@42c; No. 1 old 35@40c; No. 2 old 26@34c; No. 2 white old 26@33c; white duck 35@40c; old and mixed dark 15@25c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy $15@15.50; No. 2 timothy $12.50@14; No. 3 timothy $11@11.50; No. 1 clover mixed $12.50@14; No. 2 clover mixed $12.50@13; No. 1 clover $15@16.50; No. 2 clover $13.50@14.50; low grades $5.50@11; wheat and oats straw $6@6.50. On levee 50@75c per ton less.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint hides 12c; salted 10c; Southern ticky green hides ½@¾c less; No. 1 G salted hides 6c; No. 2 G salted 5c; No. 1 horse G salted $2.50@2.75; No. 2 horse G salted $1.75; sheepskins with wool on 25@80c, according to wool and size; shearings from 5c to 20c; goatskins 25@40c.

ROOTS—Indiana ginseng, dry, fall-dug, $4.75@5 per lb.; Kentucky ginseng, dry, fall-dug, $4.25@4.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root, dry, $1.50; Seneca snake root, dry, prime, 35c; Virginia snake root, dry, prime, 25c; blood root, dry, prime, 5c; lady slipper, dry, prime, 10@15c; Mayapple, dry, prime, 5c. Dealers want ginseng off strings before shipped. All roots ought to be washed and well dried before shipped.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½c; No. 2 4c.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wools. Southern wool quotations are from 2c to 3c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 11@18c; clear grease in fleece 25@26c; good tub-washed 31@32c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 28@30c; black wool 22c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	6.65	No. 5	4.85
Crystal dominoes	7.70	No. 6	4.65
Cut loaf	6.15	No. 7	4.60
Cubes	5.50	No. 8	4.55
XXXX powdered	5.45	No. 9	4.50
Powdered	5.40	No. 12	4.45
Stand. gran., bbls.	5.00	No. 13	4.40
Stand. gran., 2-lb.	5.40	No. 14	4.35

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$0 95
No. 3 red and longberry	93
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
New No. 3 white	63
New No. 3 mixed	63
OATS—	
No. 3 white	48
No. 2 mixed	46½
RYE—	
No. 2 new Northwestern	93
No. 2 new Western	90

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 11c; strict middling 11⅛c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Packing 15c per lb.

EGGS—24c, case count; candled 25@26c.

POULTRY—Hens 8c per lb.; roosters 4c; young chickens 8@9c; ducks 9c; geese 8c; turkeys 12c.

RABBITS—$1.35@1.40 per dozen.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are as follows:

FRUIT—Florida oranges, fancy, 126, 150, 176, 200, 216 and 250 sizes, $3.25 per box; grape fruit $5.50 per box; Messina lemons $2.50 per box; California lemons $3@4 per box; limes, imported, $1.25 per 100; bananas, fancy, avg. about 65 to 80 lbs. per bunch, $2.40@2.75; 55 to 60 lbs. per bunch, $1.90@2.25; 40 to 50 lbs. per bunch, $1.40@1.75; 4-bunch case, per case $8; 2-bunch half-case, per case $4; Malaga grapes, extra fancy $5@5.50 per bbl.; fancy $4@4.50 per bbl.; Catawba grapes, 4-pound basket, 20c; California B. Clairgean pears $3.50 box; pineapples $2@2.25 dozen; apples, 20-oz. extra fancy $5.50 bbl.; fancy Northern Spy $5 bbl.; choice Northern Spy $3.50 bbl.; fancy Imp. York $4.50 bbl.; choice Winesap $4.50; other fancy varieties $4.50 bbl.; other choice varieties $3.50 bbl.

VEGETABLES—Cranberries, extra fancy, $8@9 per bbl., $3@3.25 per crate; cabbage, Danish, 85c per 100-lb. bags; onions, new, $1.50 per 100-lb. bag; Spanish onions, fancy, $1.50 crate; potatoes, Northern, $1.85 150-lb. bag; potatoes, home-grown, $1.85 bbl.; cucumbers, fancy green $1.25 doz.; radishes, Southern 50c doz.; beets 75c bu.; leeks, bunched, 50c doz.; parsley, curly, 30c doz.; head lettuce, Southern $1.50 bu.; leaf lettuce, fine, 75c bu.; sweet potatoes $2.75@3 per barrel; turnips $1.25 per bbl.; egg plant $1.25 per dozen; cauliflower $2@2.50 [illegible] dozen; celery, Michigan, 35@40c bunch; [illegible], Michigan, $2.50 per 6½-dozen crate; California $2.25 4-doz. crate; California washed [illegible] doz.; celery roots, new, 75c doz.; spinach $1.25 bbl.; kale, Scotch, $1 bu.; California tomatoes $2 crate; rutabagas $1.40 per bbl.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Friday Evening, Nov. 29.—Offerings were in good volume for a Friday, 235 hogsheads Burley and 41 dark being sold. New Burley composed the major part of the offerings. It was of good quality and continued to bring fancy prices, the market being fully as strong as on Wednesday. The record of $18 for the new crop made on Wednesday was equalled. The market for old Burley was easier and unsatisfactory, rejections being heavy. The market for dark was unchanged from Wednesday. The quality of the old was poor. Very little new was sold.

Sales for the week totaled 1,231 hogsheads—1,00 by auction and 231 privately—as compared with 967 during the corresponding week of last year, 1,542 in 1905 and 868 in 1904. Included in the sales were 592 new Burley and 77 new dark. Sales of new Burley to date amount to 893 and new dark to 1,012. Receipts during the week were 1,124, against 1,098 last year and 673 two years ago. The 592 hogsheads of new Burley averaged $11.84, as compared with 579 hogsheads at an average of $7.44 in the same week last year and the 77 dark averaged $8.10, as against 118 at an average of $7.12.

The following is the report of offerings to-day on the Louisville market, including all the warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley	235
Dark	41
Total	276
Original inspection	254
Reviews	22

First sale Tuesday at the People's Warehouse.

Sales reported to-day were as follows:

Burley.

Anderson County—5 hhds at $8.70@10.50.
Bourbon County—15 hhds at $11.75@14.50.
Hart County—9 hhds at $9.60@12.
Henry County—7 hhds at $10.75@15.
Metcalfe County—7 hhds at $8.70@10.75.
Taylor County—13 hhds at $5.10@10.50.
Washington County—5 hhds at $9.50@14.

Dark.

Barren County—10 hhds at $9.50@10.50.
Breckenridge County—8 hhds at $7.50@9.70.
Green County—13 hhds at $6.40@14.50.
Ohio County—4 hhds at $5.40@8.80.

Official Quotations.

The following are the revised quotations on leaf tobacco as compiled by the Committee on Quotations of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange:

1906 CROP.

	BURLEY. Dark Red.	BURLEY. Bright Red.
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	$7 50@ 8 25	$8 50@ 9 00
Trash (sound)	8 25@ 8 50	9 00@ 9 50
Common lugs	8 50@ 9 25	9 50@10 00
Medium lugs	9 50@10 00	10 25@11 50
Good lugs	10 00@10 50	11 50@12 00
Common leaf (short)	9 50@10 25	10 50@11 25
Common leaf	10 50@11 50	11 50@12 50
Medium leaf	11 50@12 00	13 00@15 00
Good leaf	13 00@14 50	15 00@17 00
Fine and selections	15 00@16 00	18 00@20 00

	BURLEY. Colory.
Trash (green or mixed)	$9 00@ 9 50
Trash (sound)	9 50@10 50
Common lugs	11 00@12 00
Medium lugs	12 50@13 50
Good lugs	14 00@16 00
Common leaf (short)	11 50@12 50
Common leaf	13 00@13 50
Medium leaf	14 00@16 00
Good leaf	16 50@18 00
Fine and selections	19 00@25 50

	DARK. Mfg.
Trash (green or mixed)	$6 00@ 6 50
Trash (sound)	6 50@ 7 25
Common lugs	7 50@ 7 75
Medium lugs	7 75@ 8 50
Good lugs	8 50@ 9 00
Common leaf (short)	8 50@ 9 50
Common leaf	9 50@10 00
Medium leaf	10 50@11 00
Good leaf	11 00@12 00
Fine and selections	12 00@13 00

	DARK. Rehandling	DARK. Export
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	....	$6 00@ 6 25
Trash (sound)	....	6 50@ 6 75
Common lugs	....	6 75@ 7 25
Medium lugs	....	7 50@ 8 00
Good lugs	$8 00@ 8 50	8 00@ 8 75
Common leaf (short)	8 50@ 9 00	8 50@ 9 50
Common leaf	9 00@10 00	9 50@10 50
Medium leaf	10 00@10 50	10 75@11 75
Good leaf	10 50@11 00	12 00@13 00
Fine and selections	11 00@11 50	13 00@15 00

N. B.—Unsound or defective in condition, length or color, or mixed packages, from 1c to 3c lower.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by Washington Flexner & Co.)

Adams Express 4s.
$5,000 79
A. and S. 3½s.
$7,000 .... 87½
American Tobacco 4s.
$35,000 58
$30,000 .... 58¼
American Tobacco 6s.
$5,000 .... 91½
Am'n H. and L. 6s.
$1,000 72
Atchison gen. 4s.
$29,000 .... 93½
$10,000 .... 93⅝
$25,000 .... 93¾
Atchison conv. 4s.
$17,000 85
$5,000 .... 85¼
Atchison conv. 5s.
$1,000 .... 95¼
$1,000 .... 95⅝
$25,000 .... 95⅜
$5,000 .... 95½
B. R. T. 4s.
$132,000 60
$5,000 .... 59⅝
$5,000 .... 59½
$12,000 .... 60¼
$5,000 .... 60½
$22,000 61
$25,000 .... 61¼
$80,000 .... 61⅛
$10,000 .... 61⅝
B. and O. 4s.
$15,000 93
$15,000 .... 93½
B. and O. 3½s.
$5,000 .... 86⅜
B. R. T. 5s.
$10,000 85
B. U. Gas 5s.
$1,000 90
Can. South. 1st 5s.
$5,000 .... 102¾
$20,000 .... 102⅝
$5,000 .... 102⅞
$2,000 103
$5,000 .... 103¼
$10,000 .... 103½
$5,000 .... 103¾
$5,000 .... 103½
$5,000 .... 103⅞
$13,000 104
$45,000 .... 104¼
$10,000 .... 104½
$5,000 .... 104⅝
$6,000 105
$15,000 .... 104¾
Central Leather 5s.
$10,000 .... 79⅞
$5,000 .... 80½
$10,000 .... 80¼
$2,000 .... 80½
$15,000 81

Cen. Ry. of N. J. 5s.
$2,000 111
$5,000 114
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$52,000 87
$10,000 .... 86⅞
$10,000 .... 86¾
C. and O. 1st 5s.
$2,000 .... 103¼
C. and O. 4½s.
$3,000 88
C. and A. 3½s.
$10,000 55
C., B. and Q. Ill. Div. 3½s.
$10,000 84
C., R.I. and P. R.R. 4s.
$221,000 58
$48,000 .... 57⅞
$31,000 .... 57¾
$20,000 .... 57⅛
$10,000 .... 58¼
$40,000 .... 58⅛
$10,000 .... 57⅝
$3,000 .... 57⅞
$5,000 .... 58⅛
$25,000 .... 58⅜
$10,000 .... 58⅝
C., R.I. and P. col. tr. 5s.
$15,000 70
C. and E. 5s.
$2,000 102
Col. Industrial 5s.
$2,000 41
$30,000 40
$7,000 .... 39½
Cuban 5s.
$10,000 97
$5,000 .... 97½
Erie gen. 4s.
$5,000 70
Erie conv. 4s.
$40,000 55
Con. Gas conv. 6s.
$5,000 103
D. and H. conv. 4s.
$5,000 .... 92½
Dist. Securities 5s.
$10,000 61
Erie conv. 4s. series B.
$5,000 53
Erie-Pennsylvania 4s.
$15,000 .... 83½
Interboro-Met. 4½s.
$26,000 52
$10,000 53
$27,000 .... 52¼
$16,000 .... 52⅛
Int.-Mer. Marine 4½s.
$5,000 50
Japan 4½s.
$5,000 .... 86⅝
$10,000 87
Japan 4s.
$2,000 78
Lake Shore 4s.
$2,000 .... 84¼
Lake Shore 4s. 1931.
$5,000 .... [illegible]
L. and N. unified 4s.
$2,000 92
$2,000 .... 94½
Mex. Cen. 1st income.
$10,000 13
$34,000 .... 12¼
$25,000 .... 13¼
$5,000 .... 13½
M., K. and T. 4½s.
$90,000 75
M., K. and T. 2d 4s.
$10,000 78
$3,000 .... 77¼
$5,000 77
M., K. and T. 5s.
$10,000 93
$2,000 .... 93½
N. Y. Central 3½s.
$10,000 88
$5,000 .... 88¼
N. Y. C.-L. S. 3½s.
$2,000 73
N. Y. City 4½s.
$8,000 .... 106½
$10,000 107
$5,000 .... 106¾
N. Y., O. and W. 4s.
$3,000 88
N. and W. 4s.
$20,000 90
N. P. prior lien 4s.
$1,000 96
$10,000 97
$5,000 .... 96½
$10,000 .... 96¾
Northern Pacific 3s.
$5,000 .... 65½
$3,000 65
O. S. L. 4s.
$19,000 80
O. S. L. 5s.
$2,000 .... 110¼
Pacific Coast 5s.
$12,000 100
Pennsylvania 3½s.
$20,000 90
$10,000 .... 89¾
$5,000 89
$5,000 .... 90¼
$50,000 .... 89⅝
$10,000 .... 89¾
$15,000 .... 89⅝
Penn. 3½s, 1915.
$10,000 .... 88⅜
$5,000 .... 88⅝
$25,000 .... 88½
P. and E. income.
$5,000 37
Reading 4s.
$10,000 .... 90½
$25,000 .... 90¼
$10,000 90
$25,000 .... 91¼
St. L. I. M. and S. 5s.
$2,000 .... 101½
St. L. and S. F. 4s.
$10,000 63
St. L. and S. F. ref. 4s.
$5,000 .... 68½
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s.
$2,000 .... 82½
S. A. and A. P. 4s.
$1,000 .... 74¼
So. Pacific ref. 4s.
$10,000 .... 84⅝
$25,000 84
So. Pacific gold 4s.
$5,000 .... 79½
Southern Railway 5s.
$3,000 92
Third Avenue 4s.
$37,000 44
$5,000 .... 43½
T. and O. C. 1sts.
$2,000 100
Union Pacific 1st 4s.
$5,000 .... 97⅞
$10,000 .... 98⅛
$10,000 .... 98½
U. P. convertible 4s.
$5,000 .... 82⅝
$3,000 .... 83¼
$20,000 .... 83⅛
$6,000 83
$7,000 .... 82½
$5,000 .... 82⅝
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$135,000 82
$70,000 .... 82¼
$260,000 .... 81½
$60,000 .... 81⅜
$3,000 .... 81⅞
$45,000 .... 81⅝
$20,000 .... 81⅞
$180,000 .... 81¾
$42,000 .... 81⅜
$220,000 81
Virginia 6s.
$5,000 22
$40,000 20
Wabash 4s.
$10,000 39
Wabash 1st 5s.
$2,000 .... 101½
$2,000 .... 101¾
Western Union 5s.
$2,000 86
West Shore 4s.
$5,000 .... 93⅝
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$5,000 74

Total sales (par value), $5,319,000.

Weekly Report.

The following is the report of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange for the week and year to November 29, 1907, as furnished by R. B. Green, the secretary:

	Hhds.
Auction sales	1,000
Private sales	231
Total for the week	1,231
January 1 to date	114,682

	Week.	Year.
Year 1906	967	134,791
Year 1905	1,542	130,396
Year 1904	868	100,848

CLASSIFICATION OF THIS WEEK'S SALES.

	Old crps.	1907 crp.	1906 crp.	Total.
Burley		592	277	869
Dark	44	77	241	362
Totals	44	669	518	1,231

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES JANUARY 1 TO DATE.

	Old crps.	1907 crp.	1906 crp.	Total.
Burley	4,677	893	57,210	62,780
Dark	7,123	119	44,660	51,902
Totals	11,800	1,012	101,870	114,682

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES TO SAME DATE IN

	1906.	1905.	1904.
Burley	85,255	79,619	40,655
Dark	49,536	50,777	60,193
Totals	134,791	130,396	100,848

COMPARISONS WITH PREVIOUS YEARS' SALES.

	1907.	1906.	1905.
Total sales of new crop to date	109,281	131,179	111,816
Sales of new crop to date, original inspection	97,045	117,007	94,665

REJECTIONS.

	1907.	1906.	1905.
Rejections this week	143	110	98
Percentage of rejections to auction sales	14	13	13
Rejections Jan. 1 to date	12,499	14,637	17,978

RECEIPTS.

	1907.	1906.	1905.
Receipts this week	1,124	1,098	673
Receipts Jan. 1 to date	96,089	97,247	93,104

SPECIAL REPORT ON NEW CROP.

Sales of 1907 crop for week of Nov. 29, 1907:

BURLEY.

2 hhds at	$3 95@ 5 50
4 hhds at	6 00@ 6 90
26 hhds at	7 00@ 7 90
43 hhds at	8 00@ 8 90
98 hhds at	9 00@ 9 90
172 hhds at	10 00@11 75
115 hhds at	12 00@ 3 75
99 hhds at	14 00@15 75
33 hhds at	16 00@18 00

592 hhds averaged $11.84.

DARK.

9 hhds at	$5 10@ 5 95
11 hhds at	6 00@ 7 90
14 hhds at	7 00@ 7 90
23 hhds at	8 00@ 8 90
14 hhds at	9 00@ 9 90
4 hhds at	10 00@10 75
2 hhds at	11 00@11 75

77 hhds averaged $8.10.

CORRESPONDING WEEK OF 1906.
579 hhds Burley averaged $7.44.
118 hhds dark averaged $7.12.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Furnished by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Nov. 29.—Cattle.—The receipts of cattle to-day were 96, for the week thus far 1,965. There was a fair attendance of local buyers on the yards to-day and a reasonably good demand existed for all desirable kinds of butcher cattle, steady prices prevailing, the plain and common trashy kinds were dull and draggy with but little inquiry. Nothing much doing in the feeder and stocker trade; offerings limited and scarcely any demand; the best quotably steady; others sluggish with a lower tendency; the bull and canner market steady; milch cows unchanged; no heavy shipping cattle here; feeling steady. Pens were well cleared at the close.

Calves—Receipts 45, for the week thus far 272. The market ruled firm; bulk of the best 7c; some extra shade better; common dull and unchanged.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs 1,765, for the week thus far 7,948. There was a good active local demand for all weights and values were 30c higher; selected heavy and medium hogs, 160 lbs. and up, selling at $4.80; 120 to 160 lbs. $4.65; pigs $4.50; roughs $4 down. The pens were well cleared early in the day and the market closed about steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs light, for the week thus far 560 head. Good to choice sheep and lambs about steady; common and trashy kinds extremely dull at low prices.

Quotations.

CATTLE.

Good to choice export steers	$5 00@ 5 25
Light shipping steers	4 50@ 5 00
Choice to good butcher steers	4 25@ 4 75
Medium to good butcher steers	3 65@ 4 15
Common to medium butcher steers	3 00@ 3 50
Good to choice butcher heifers	3 50@ 4 25
Medium to good butcher heifers	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium butcher heifers	2 50@ 3 00
Good to choice butcher cows	3 50@ 4 00
Medium to good butcher cows	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium butcher cows	2 25@ 3 00
Canners	1 00@ 2 25
Good to choice fat oxen	4 25@ 4 75
Medium to good oxen	3 00@ 4 00
Good to choice bulls	3 00@ 3 50
Medium to good bulls	2 50@ 3 00
Common to medium bulls	2 00@ 2 50
Good to choice veal calves	6 50@ 7 00
Medium to good veal calves	4 00@ 5 00
Common to rough calves	2 50@ 3 50
Good to choice feeders	4 00@ 4 25
Medium to good feeders	3 50@ 4 00
Common and rough feeders	3 00@ 3 50
Good to choice stock steers	3 50@ 4 00
Medium to good stock steers	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium stock steers	2 50@ 3 00
Good to choice stock heifers	3 00@ 3 50
Medium to good stock heifers	2 50@ 3 00
Common and plain mixed stockers	2 00@ 3 00
Good to choice milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	25 00@30 00
Common and plain milch cows	10 00@20 00

HOGS.

Good to choice packers and butchers, 200 to 300 lbs	4 80
Med. pack. & butch., 160 to 200 lbs	4 80
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs	4 65
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs	4 50
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs	4 25@ 4 50
Roughs, 150 to 500 lbs	2 50@ 4 00

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to choice fat sheep	3 50@ 4 00
Medium to good sheep	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium sheep	2 00@ 3 00
Bucks	1 00@ 2 50
Choice spring lambs	5 00@ 5 50
Good butcher lambs	4 50@ 5 00
Culls and tailends	3 00@ 4 00

(Reported by Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Nov. 29.—Cattle—Receipts light. Market quiet and unchanged; anything in the butcher line is bringing steady to strong prices. The feeder and stocker trade is very quiet, very little inquiry for anything in this line. Bulls and canners steady to strong. Milch cow trade active. No heavy shipping cattle here; feeling on this class steady.

Export cattle, good to choice	$4 85@ 5 40
Fair to good	4 65@ 5 00
Good to choice butcher cattle steers	4 35@ 4 75
Fair to good	3 8[illegible]@ 4 3[illegible]
Com., lacking fat on feeder order	2 75@ 3 50
Good to choice heifers	3 50@ 4 50
Fair to good	2 75@ 3 25
Good export cows	3 75@ 4 40
Fair butcher cows	2 75@ 3 50
Canners and cutters	1 50@ 2 25
Export bulls	3 00@ 3 75
Sausage bulls	2 25@ 3 00
Spring & milchers, good to choice	35 00@50 00
Fair kinds	20 00@35 00

Calves—Receipts light. Market quiet, selling at $6.75 down, with the heavy, coarse calves slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts light. Market 30c higher all down the line, 160 lbs. and up selling at $4.80; 120 to 160 lbs. $4.65; 120 lbs. down $4.50; roughs $4.05. Market closed steady, with outlook good.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Practically nothing doing in this department; top lambs $5; best fat sheep $4; culls stuff almost unsalable.

New York.

New York, Nov. 29.—Beeves—Receipts 4,393; steers slow to 15c lower; bulls slow and barely steady; cows weak to 15c lower; steers $3.50@6; bulls $3@4.40; cows $1.50@3.60; few fancy heavy do $4@4.25; Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle lower at 11@12½d per pound, dressed weight; refrigerated beef dull at 10c per pound; exports to-morrow 880 cattle, 4,600 quarters beef. Calves—Receipts 594; market dull; veals weak; grassers and Western calves 25@50c off; veals $5.50@9.50; choice $9.75; culls $4@5; grassers $3.75; Kentucky and Western calves $4.50@5.62½. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 11,482; sheep steady; lambs slow to 10c lower; sheep $3.50@5.25; few choice $5.50; culls $2.50; lambs $6@6.75; one car $6.80; culls $4.50@5. Hogs—Receipts 9,85; all for slaughterers; nominally 25@30c higher.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 29.—Cattle—Receipts 7,000, including 500 Southerns; market steady to 10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $5@5.60; fair to good $3.65@5; Southern steers $3@3.45; Southern cows $1.75@3.15; native cows $1.85@3.50; native heifers $2.40@4.50; calves $3.50@6.75. Hogs—Receipts 7,000; market 5@10c higher; bulk of sales $4.35@4.50; heavy $4.40@4.55; packers $4.30@4.52½; pigs and lights $4@4.47½. Sheep—Receipts 1,700; market strong to 10c higher; lambs $4.75@6.10; ewes and yearlings $4@4.80; Western yearlings $4.25@5.25; Western sheep $3.25@4.75; stockers and feeders $3@4.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Cattle—Receipts about 6,500; market active, 12½@15c higher; steers $4@6.50; heifers $2.50@5; bulls $4@4.85; calves $3@6.50; stockers and feeders $2.40@4.60; cows $2.65@4.25. Hogs—Receipts estimated about 22,000; market strong, 10@15c higher; choice heavy shipping $4.75@4.85; light butchers $4.75@4.85; light mixed $4.60@4.70; choice light $4.65@4.80; packing $4@4.70; pigs $3.25@4.25; bulk of sales at $4.70@4.80. Sheep—Receipts estimated at about 15,000; market steady to 15c lower; sheep $3.50@5; lambs $5.50@6.35; yearlings $4.25@5.25.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 29.—Hogs—Market active; butchers and shippers $4.95@5; common $[illegible]@4.65. Cattle—Market active; fair to good shippers $4.65@5.15; common $2@2.75. Sheep—Market steady at $2@4.50. Lambs—Market steady at $4.25@6.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Rain in India and favorable weather for harvesting in Argentina had a depressing effect to-day on the wheat market. At the close wheat for May delivery showed a net loss of 1c. Corn was down ⅝c, oats were ⅜c lower and provisions were 2½c higher to 2½c lower.

The wheat market opened weak, owing chiefly to a decline of 1d at Liverpool. Liberal receipts in the Northwest, however, had considerable bearish influence early in the session. Selling by commission houses and pit traders was general. The greater part of the offerings was taken by a leading commission house which was supposed to be covering short sales. After the first hour trade became exceedingly dull and the market failed to show any recuperative power. The weekly issue of a St. Louis trade journal, giving optimistic reports of the newly-sown winter wheat crop, was an important bear factor in the latter part of the day. The market closed weak. May opened ⅝@¾c to ⅞@1c lower at $1.02⅝ to $1.02⅜, sold between $1.02 and $1.02⅝ and closed at $1.02⅛@1.02¼. December ranged between 94¼c and 95½c and closed at 95c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 1,137,000 bushels. Exports for the week as shown by Bradstreet's were equal to 5,439,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,816,000 bushels, compared with 1,710,000 bushels the corresponding day one year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 1,524 cars, against 520 cars last week and 1,054 cars one year ago.

Excellent weather for the marketing of the new crop of corn was responsible in a large degree for the weakness which prevailed in the corn pit throughout the session. The break in wheat and a moderate decline at Liverpool were additional bearish influences. The volume of trade was small. The close was weak. May opened ⅛@⅜c lower at 55@55⅜c, sold off to 54⅞c and closed at 55c. December ranged between 54c and 54⅞c and closed at 54¼c. Local receipts were 111 cars, with 22 of contract grade.

There was moderate selling of oats early by a leading long, and this led to liquidation by small holders and resulted in considerable weakness. The market was heavy all day. The weakness of wheat and corn was the prominent factor. May opened ⅛c lower at 50½c, sold between 50⅝c and 50¾c and closed at 50⅝c. December sold between 46⅝c and 47@47⅛c and closed at 46⅞c. Local receipts were 156 cars.

Provisions opened strong on buying by foreigners and eased off later owing to the weakness of grain. A 10@15c advance in live hogs had a bullish influence in the session. At the close January pork was unchanged at $12.45. Lard was off 2½c at $7.47½. Ribs were up 2½c at $6.62½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are: Wheat 55 cars; corn 239 cars; oats 289 cars; hogs 18,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
Dec.	$0 94¼	$0 95⅛	$0 94¼	$0 95
May	1 02⅝	1 02⅝	1 02	1 02⅛
July	97½	97⅝	97⅛	97¼
*CORN—				
Dec.	54½	54⅝	54	54¼
May	55	55⅜	54⅞	55
July	54¾	55	54⅝	54⅜
*OATS—				
Dec.	46⅝	47⅛	46⅝	46⅞
May	50½	50¾	50⅝	50⅝
July	45⅛	45⅛	45½	45⅛
PORK—				
Jan.	12 55	12 75	12 42½	12 42½
May	13 00	13 10	12 72½	12 75
LARD—				
Jan.	7 55	7 60	7 47½	7 47½
May	7 55	7 60	7 47½	7 47½
RIBS—				
Jan.	6 72½	6 72½	6 60	6 62½
May	6 85	6 85	6 75	6 80

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $4.30@4.80; straights $4.20@4.55; spring patents $5.20@5.40; straights $4.50@4.90; bakers' $3.40@4.25. Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat $1.04@1.06; No. 3 do 95c@$1.05; No. 2 red 94¼@96c; No. 2 corn 58½@59c; No. 2 yellow do 61@62c; No. 2 oats 46⅞c; No. 3 white do 46@51c; No. 2 rye 75c; good feeding barley 78@85c; fair to choice malting do 85@95c; No. 1 Northwestern flax seed $1.04½; prime timothy seed $4.25; clover, contract grades, $15.25.

Provisions—Short ribs sides, loose, $6.25@7.25; mess pork $11.50@11.75 per bbl.; lard $7.70@7.80 per 100 lbs.; short clear sides, boxed, $6.87½@7.12½.

Whisky—On basis of high wines, $1.35.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creameries 23@26c; dairies 19@23c. Eggs firm; at mark, cases included, 24@25c; firsts 22c; prime firsts 24c; extras 26c. Cheese steady at 11½@12½c.

Receipts—Flour 26,700 bbls.; wheat 27,000 bu.; corn 72,000; oats 124,500; rye 4,000; barley 31,900. Shipments—Flour 46,500 bbls.; wheat 145,200 bu.; corn 220,700; oats 208,300; rye 7,000; barley 1,100.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—Wheat averaged lower, but did not show the weakness expected. After declining about 1c for the May option the market got into a rut and remained within narrow limits to the close. Figures furnished by the Central Statistical Committee of St. Petersburg on the grain crop of that country proved a big surprise to the trade, the yield of wheat being larger than a year ago and nearly equal to that of 1905. Following this was a cable from Broomhall that little or no wheat was reaching Russian ports and exports for the week would be nothing. Our domestic receipts of wheat were liberal, with Minneapolis stocks 250,000 bushels larger for the week. The Northwestern Miller said mills selling less than the output of flour and shipping orders held back on old orders; some mills likely to shut down. Center of interest just now is in the outcome of the Argentine harvest. Damage from hail has occurred; cutting commences next week. From a standpoint of improvement in monetary matters it would seem that the wheat market was in a reasonably strong position, but improvement is going to be slow. Foreigners are not accepting our offers as freely, and without this we are robbed of our principal bull card.—(Miner & Co. to Herman F. Monroe & Co.

Chicago.—Export trade was very poor. Resellers are less than American quoted prices. Milling call for round lots better, but few round lots available. Flour trade limited, as usually expected at this time of year, and particularly preceeding annual inventories of January 1 next. Early bulge was on buying said to be for East or large local shorts. This buying caused a recovery in May to within ½c of Wednesday's close. Claims of Hessian fly damage in Oklahoma have come from Kansas city to-day, also from Carmi, Ill., of damage in southern parts of this State. They have caused no alarm or interest. Russian crop officially estimated at 572,000,000 bushels winter and spring wheat, against 533,000,000 bushels last year, and 584,000,000 bushels in 1905. Local cash sales 40,000 bushels, including 25,000 bushels No. 2 hard at 7½c over Chicago December c. i. f. Buffalo. Export sales reported, two loads.—(Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

Chicago.—The wheat market had a heavy tone all day and trade was dull. Prices ranged materially lower than Wednesday's close. Bearish news concerning Russian and Argentine crop yield and the weak foreign markets, with the lack of new speculative buying and slow cash markets, were the principal features today. There was an early bulge due to buying credited to a large local short. In view of the advices which we are receiving from Argentine and the decided absence of outside trade and slow cash demand, lower prices appear inevitable. Weather is favorable for maturing of the new corn crop. The best posted people in the trade anticipate a material increase in the movement from now on. Tight money and lateness of crop have greatly restricted the movement. This, coupled with the decline in hogs, naturally means heavy movement later on. We feel more confident than ever that May corn will ultimately sell below 50c. Think oats will follow corn.—(Finley, Barrell & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 29.—The cotton market had quite a sharp advance to-day and trading was more active. Sales were estimated at 400,000 bales and the close was very steady at a net [adva]nce of 16@22 points. The opening was steady, 1 to 7 points net higher, in response to higher Liverpool cables. It was estimated that December notices representing about 30,000 bales were in circulation, but there was a good demand in the open market for that position, and it soon became evident that the notices were being stopped by the December bull clique. This led to further gains, and around midday the upward movement was accelerated by a private crop estimate of only 10,388,000 bales. Late in the day prices showed a net advance of 27@30 points on the active months, with January selling at 10.85c. There were recessions at times as a result of realizing, but the general tendency of the market was upward, and the close was only 7 or 8 points off from the best. Wall street was very quiet during the day and there was some scattering demand through wire and commission houses to indicate investment buying, attracted by the light crop estimates. The members of the Liverpool exchange estimate the crop at 11,035,000 bales on the average. The advance was aided by talk of improvement in general trade conditions as a result of an easier money market, and advices from the South as to spot conditions were generally bullish.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 42,000 bales, against 57,924 last week and 92,377 last year; for the week 350,000 bales, against 351,533 last week and 402,138 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 4,004 bales, against 28,135 last year, and at Houston 8,857 bales, against 15,374 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 11.50c; do gulf 11.75c. Closed steady and 20 points higher; middling uplands 11.70c; do gulf 11.95c; sales 2,100 bales.

Futures opened strong and closed very steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g Bid.
December	10.95	11.29	10.95	11.17
January	10.62	10.85	10.59	10.77
February	10.71	10.71	10.71	10.83
March	10.76	10.98	10.73	10.89
April	.....	.....	.....	10.94
May	10.84	11.05	10.80	10.93
June	10.85	11.00	10.85	10.92
July	10.77	10.97	10.75	10.90
August	.....	.....	.....	10.81

New Orleans, Nov. 29.—Spot cotton firm at an advance of 3-16c on all grades. Sales were 2,050 bales on the spot and 2,700 to arrive. Quotations: Low ordinary 7 13-16c, nominal; ordinary 8c, nominal; good ordinary 9 7-16c, nominal; low middling 10 7-16c; middling 11 5-16c; good middling 11 9-16c; middling fair 12 1-16c; fair 12 11-16c, nominal. Sales 4,750 bales; receipts 4,074; stock 221,916.

Except for the December option, which opened 3 points down from Wednesday's close, the remainder of the active future list showed advances of from 3 to 7 points at the opening, which was steady. The firmness of the Liverpool market, following the Thanksgiving holiday in the American market, contributed largely to the advance and activity in the local future market. The first heavy advance followed the report that one prominent New York house had stopped 30,000 December notices that were put out in the market to-day. On the strength of this report March futures quickly advanced to 11c, at which level there was considerable profit-taking by longs, who followed this course on account of the large estimates of receipts at New Orleans to-morrow. At the close, which was steady, the active months ranged from 11 to 19 points above the close Wednesday. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
November	11.02†	.....	.....	.....
December	10.89‡	11.06	10.84	10.95
January	10.84	11.07	10.82	10.97
February	10.83*	.....	.....	10.97
March	10.89‡	11.12	10.87	11.09
April	10.90*	.....	.....	11.02
May	10.98‡	11.19	10.95	11.08
June	10.99*	.....	.....	11.09
July	11.06	11.20	11.25	11.14

†Nominal. *Bid. ‡Asked.

Liverpool, Nov. 29.—Spot cotton quiet; prices 4 points higher; American middling fair 6.76d; good middling 6.40d; middling 6.18d; low middling 5.88d; good ordinary 5.42d; ordinary 4.82d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 6,100 American; receipts 1,000 bales, no American. Futures opened steady and closed firm.

Savannah, Nov. 29.—Cotton steady; middling 10 15-16c; net and gross receipts 9,707 bales; sales 2,592; stock 150,355; shipments coastwise 2,491.

Memphis, Nov. 29.—Cotton steady; middling 11¼c; net receipts 3,984 bales; gross 6,044; shipments 6,069; sales 4,750; stock 94,776.

Galveston, Nov. 29.—Cotton firm; middling 11⅜c; net and gross receipts 14,125 bales; sales 400; stock 158,424.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—Cotton firm; middling 11⅛c; sales 1,089 bales; stock 12,374.

Boston, Nov. 29.—Cotton steady; middling 11.70c.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, Nov. 29.—The following is the comparative statement for the week ended to-day:

	1907.	1906.
Net receipts at all U. S. ports	333,985	393,947
Total receipts since Sept. 1	3,313,401	3,277,947
Exports for the week	303,157	340,899
Total exports since Sept. 1	2,377,710	2,873,672
Stock at all U. S. ports	831,151	1,134,561
Stock at all interior towns	441,598	580,741
Stock at Liverpool	....	707,000

Cotton Receipts.

New York, Nov. 29.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1907:

	Bales.
Galveston	857,697
New Orleans	582,249
Mobile	142,787
Savannah	663,849
Charleston	136,18[illegible]
Wilmington	281,9[illegible]
Norfolk	230,991
Baltimore	16,874
New York	1,428
Boston	1,117
Newport News	319
Philadelphia	1,455
San Francisco	6,211
Brunswick	85,8[illegible]
Port Townsend	9,142
Pensacola	47,6[illegible]
Port Arthur and Sabine Pass	53,27[illegible]
Jacksonville	4,5[illegible]
Eagle Pass, Texas	10[illegible]
Minor ports	10,17[illegible]
Total	3,313,401

Movement of Cotton.

New York, Nov. 29.—The following statistics of the movement of cotton for the week ended to-day were compiled by the New York Cotton Exchange:

WEEKLY MOVEMENT.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	333,320	402,138
Overland to mills and Canada	20,929	45,[illegible]61
Southern mill takings (est.)	57,000	65,000
Gain of stock at interior towns	594	51,431
Brought into sight for week	411,834	563,636

TOTAL CROP MOVEMENT.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	3,309,122	4,301,982
Overland to mills and Canada	163,467	280,123
Southern mill takings (est.)	501,000	680,000
Stock at interior towns in excess of Sept. 1	326,207	447,561
Brought into sight thus far for season	4,299,796	5,710,769

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

Liverpool, Nov. 29.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics:

	Bales.
Total sales, all kinds	61,000
Total sales, American	53,000
English spinners' takings	91,000
Total exports	6,000
Imports, all kinds	101,000
Imports, American	83,000
Stock, all kinds	649,000
Stock, American	558,000
Quantity afloat, all kinds	407,000
Quantity afloat, American	342,000
Total sales on speculation	2,700
Total sales to exporters	2,300

Exports of Cotton.

The exports of cotton for eight weeks show that the heaviest movement occurred for the week ending with November 1. The next week on account of financial disturbance had only half as large exports. Yet the recovery has been clearly seen in the figures for the intervening weeks, which compare as follows with 1906:

Week Ending	Bales, 1907.	Bales, 1906.
November 22	262,849	259,476
November 15	326,945	353,775
November 8	180,682	270,847
November 1	377,462	335,661
October 25	137,985	270,596
October 18	184,450	255,932
October 11	116,245	234,314
October 4	210,973	225,578

This year's exports show an irregularity not present in last season's. The differences in October are partly due to later maturing and also to trade disturbances.

COTTON COMMENT.

New York.—The foreign situation is still the paramount influence. The demand for this high-grade crop is not abating in foreign trade circles. We favor the long side of cotton for the present.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

At the least sign of profit-taking by this bull crowd there will be a scramble to unload, and then comes the big slump. Sell moderately on every advance as has taken place to-day and be in at the fall. We think that these low estimates of the crop are a farce.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

The heavy plungers of more recent reputation in stock market operations, who covered a line of 200,000 to 300,000 bales of short cotton a week ago and afterward doubled up on the bull side, may be operating on the sensational crop estimate of Mrs. Burch of 10,388,000 bales. If they are there is a day of reckoning coming to them. They were predicting 8c for cotton last week on a crop of 13,000,000 bales, and now they are predicting 13c on a crop of 10,000,000 bales. No one with any sense of knowledge of the general cotton situation would execute such a flip-flop as this in such a short time with absolutely no developments in the general cotton situation to have warranted it. It was their buying and manipulation which advanced prices to-day 25 to 30 points.—(Hubbard Bros. & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

Under the circumstances a scalping position on the market seems advisable as trade conditions do not warrant purchases for a long pull at current prices.—(Chas. Fairchild & Co.

Now that financial conditions are improving the time is nearing when Northern as well as Southern mills will come into the market for their supplies at the same time, which, when coupled with the continued good buying from Europe and the continent, will bring about a condition seldom witnessed by the trade in a scramble for the actual cotton.—(Carpenter, Baggot & Co.

HESTER'S COTTON STATEMENT

New Orleans, Nov. 29.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans Cotton Exchange statement, issued before the close of business to-day, shows a decrease in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year in round figures, 102,000 bales, a decrease under the same days year before last of 76,000 and a decrease under the same time in 1904 of 84,000.

For the twenty-nine days of November the totals show a decrease under last year of 462,000 bales, a decrease under the same period year before last of 277,000 and behind the same time in 1904 of 432,000.

For the ninety days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is behind the ninety days of last year 1,108,000 bales, behind the same days year before last 902,000 and behind 1904 by 1,694,000.

The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 412,946 bales, against 514,871 for the seven days ending this date last year, 489,122 year before last and 497,399 same time in 1904; and, for the twenty-nine days of November it has been 1,839,021, against 2,301,408 last year, 2,126,568 year before last and 2,271,421 same time in 1904.

The movement since September 1 shows receipts at all United States ports 3,333,401 bales, against 4,162,589 last year, 3,965,238 year before last and 4,437,443 in 1904. Overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to Northern mills and Canada, 192,655 bales, against 233,508 last year, 255,978 year before last and 311,268 same time in 1904; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 235,019, against 453,359 last year, 507,780 year before last and 620,383 same time in 1904; Southern mills takings 708,000, against 717,482 last year, 704,850 year before last and 655,011 same time in 1904.

These make the total movement for the ninety days of the season from September 1 to date 4,529,075, against 5,636,879 last year, 5,434,026 year before last and 6,035,088 same time in 1904.

Foreign exports for the week have been 302,584 bales, against 330,567 last year, making the total thus far for the season 2,391,664, against 2,829,318 last year, a decrease of 437,654.

Northern mills takings and Canada during the past seven days show a decrease of 24,954 bales, as compared with the corresponding period last year, and their total takings since September 1 have decreased 155,860. The total takings of American mills, North, South and Canada, thus far in the season have been 1,238,923, against 1,404,102 last year. These include 520,727 bales by Northern spinners, against 676,589.

Stocks at the seaboard and the twenty-nine leading Southern interior centers have increased during the week 2,933 bales, against an increase during the corresponding period last season of 45,924, and are now 484,235 smaller than at this date in 1906.

Including stocks left over at ports and interior towns from the last crop and the number of bales brought into sight thus far from the new crop, the supply to date is 4,877,081, against 5,934,647 for the same period last year.

Hester's World's Visible Supply.

New Orleans, Nov. 29.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before. It shows an increase for the week just closed of 88,534 bales, against an increase of 259,260 last year and an increase of 130,036 year before last.

The total visible is 3,815,770 bales, against 3,727,236 last week, 4,295,596 last year and 4,676,097 year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,014,894, against 2,928,360 last week, 3,449,596 last year and 3,792,637 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 800,876, against 798,876 last week, 846,000 last year and 884,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton as above shows an increase compared with last week of 88,534 bales, a decrease compared with last year of 479,826 and a decrease compared with year before last of 860,927.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton as above there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and Continental Europe 2,092,000 bales, against 2,050,000 last year and 2,109,000 year before last; in Egypt 185,000, against 188,000 last year and 161,000 year before last; in India 289,000, against 343,000 last year and 449,000 year before last; and in the United States 1,250,000, against 1,715,000 last year and 1,938,000 year before last.

Taking of American Cotton By Spinners Throughout the World.

New Orleans, Nov. 29.—Secretary Hester gives the taking of American cotton by spinners throughout the world as follows, in round numbers:

This week 326,000 bales this year, against 327,000 last year and 419,000 year before last.

Total since September 1 this year 2,858,000 bales, against 3,102,000 last year and 3,281,000 the year before [illegible].

Of this N[illegible] spinners and Canada took 521,000 bales [illegible] year, against 670,000 last year and [illegible] the year before; Southern spinners 718,[illegible], against 728,000 last year and 716,000 the year before, and foreign spinners 1,619,000, against 1,697,000 last year and 1,746,000 the year before.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Nov. 29.—Butter irregular; creamery, specials 28½c; extras 28c; thirds to firsts 22@27½c; held, common to specials 22@27½c; State dairy, common to finest 21@27c; process, common to specials 16@23½c; imitation creamery, firsts 22@23c; Western factory, common to first 16@21c. Cheese quiet; State full cream, small colored and white, September fine 15¼c; October best 12c; do good to prime 11¼@11⅝c; do common to fair 9@11c; large colored, September fine 15c; do white 14¾c; do large October best 11¾c; do common to prime 9@11¼c; skims 1@11c. Eggs steady; receipts 5,553 packages; State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white 45@50c; good to choice 38@43c; brown and mixed selected fancy 36@40c; average best 34@36c; first to extra firsts 29@33c; Western and Southern firsts 30@31c; seconds 26@28c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.15c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.67c; molasses sugar 2.85c; refined quiet; crushed 5.50c; powdered 4.90c; granulated 4.80c.

Flour—Receipts 27,750 bbls.; exports 5,253; market quiet and about steady. Rye flour and cornmeal steady. Rye easy; No. 2 Western 90c f. o. b. New York.

Wheat—Receipts 352,800 bu.; exports 511,910. Spot market easy; No. 2 red $1.02¼ in elevator and $1.03½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.17¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter $1.11 f. o. b. afloat. A 1c break in wheat at the start was charged against the market most of the day. It resulted from weak cables, liquidation, heavy receipts and a disappointing export trade. Final prices were ⅝@1c net lower; December $1.04⅛@1.04¾, closed $1.04¾; May $1.09 15-16@1.10 9-16, closed $1.10¼.

Corn—Receipts 75,250 bu.; exports 9,371. Spot market easy; No. 2 65½c in elevator and 65¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 white 66⅝c; No. 2 yellow 65⅞c f. o. b. afloat. Option market was without transactions, closing ⅜@½c net lower; December closed 66¼c; May closed 64c.

Oats—Receipts 165,400 bu.; exports 4,035. Spot market barely steady; mixed, 26@32 lbs., 50c; natural white, 26@32 lbs., 52@54c; clipped white, 32@30 lbs., 52½@61c.

Hay steady. Hops, hides and leather quiet. Wool and beef steady. Cut meats steady; pickled bellies 9@10½c. Lard steady; Western prime $7.90@8c, nominal; refined dull; continent $8.90; South American $9.75; compound $7.25@7.50. Pork steady; family $18@18.50; short clear $16@17; mess $15@15.75. Tallow dull. Cotton-seed oil irregular; prime crude 26@27c; do yellow 34½@35c. Petroleum firm. Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $3.65@3.70. Turpentine steady at 48½c. Rice and molasses steady.

Metals.—The London tin market was lower, with spot quoted at £134 10s and futures at £136. Locally the market was weak, with quotations ranging from $30.25 to $30.75. Copper was lower in the London market, with spot quoted at £62 15s and futures at £63. Locally the market was quiet and unchanged, with lake quoted at $13.50@14; electrolytic at $13.25@13.75 and casting at $13@13.50. Lead was 10s lower, at £16 5s, in London, and was weak and lower in the local markets, at $4.10@4.15. Spelter was lower in the English market, with spot quoted at £21 2s 6d. Locally the market was weak and lower, also, at $4@4.25. Iron declined to 48s 9d for standard foundry and to 49s 6d for Cleveland warrants in the English market. Locally the market was unchanged, with No. 1 foundry Northern quoted at $18.25@19.75; No. 2 foundry Northern at $17.75@18.25 and Southern grades nominal.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—Wheat—No. 2 red cash 96@97c; No. 2 hard 96c@$1; December 93⅝c; May $1.01⅞. Corn—No. 2 cash 58½@59c; December 50¼c; May 52⅛@52¼c; No. 2 white 58½c. Oats—No. 2 cash 48c; December 45c; May 49c; No. 2 white 51c. Rye 78c. Poultry—Chickens 7c; springs 9c; turkeys 12½c; ducks 8c; geese 7c. Butter—Creamery 23@27½c. Eggs 21c, case count. Lead $4.12½. Spelter $4.00. Flour dull; red winter patents $4.65@4.90; extra fancy and straight $4.20@4.65; clear $3.75@4. Timothy seed steady at $3.50@4. Cornmeal steady at $3. Bran dull; sacked on east track 98c@$1. Hay unchanged; timothy $9@17.50; prairie $9@12. Whisky steady at $1.38. Iron cotton ties $1.10. Bagging 11⅛c. Hemp twine 11c. Pork steady; jobbing $12. Lard higher; prime steam $7.70. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts $7.62½; clear ribs $8.62½; short clears $9. Bacon steady; boxed extra short $9.62½; clear ribs $9.50; short clears $9.87½. Receipts—Flour 14,000 bbls.; wheat 44,000 bu.; corn 40,000; oats 19,000. Shipments—Flour 7,000 bbls.; wheat 53,000 bu.; corn 11,000; oats 37,000.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 29.—Wheat—Dec. 91¾c; May 97⅞c; cash: No. 2 hard 93½@95½c; No. 2 red 93@94c. Corn ¼c lower; December 47⅝c; May 49⅛c; cash: No. 2 mixed 52c; No. 2 white 50@55c. Oats—No. 2 white 46@48c; No. 2 mixed 44½@45c. Rye 72@80c. Butter—Creamery 26c; packing 14½c. Eggs steady; extras 25c; firsts 23c. Hay steady; choice timothy $11.50@12; choice prairie $8.75@9. Rye 72@80c. Receipts—Wheat 139,000 bu.; corn 108,000; oats 4,000. Shipments—Wheat 45,000 bu.; corn 37,000; oats 2,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 29.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.35. Butter steady. Eggs steady at 2[illegible]@28c. Poultry easy; young chickens 11c; hens 9c; turkeys 8@11c. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 98c. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 61½@62c. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 48½@49c. Rye firmer; No. 2 80c. Lard firmer at $7.40@7.50. Bulk meats easy at $8.25. Bacon easy at $9.50. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Nov. 29.—Wheat—Dec. $1.02⅝; May $1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern $1.05⅝; No. 2 Northern $1.02⅞@1.03⅞; No. 1 hard $1.07⅞. Flour—First patents $5.40@5.50; second patents $5.30@5.40; first clears $4.30@4.40; second clears $3.30@3.50. Bran in bulk $18.25@18.50.

Duluth.

Duluth, Nov. 29.—Wheat—No. 1 hard $1.06; No. 1 Northern $1.04½; No. 2 Northern $1.02; December $1.03; May $1.09⅜. Oats—On track 45½c. Flax—On track and December $1.06½; May $1.14.

Toledo.

Toledo, Nov. 29.—Clover-seed—Cash $9.57½; December $9.60; March $9.85; prime alsike $9.60; prime timothy $2.20.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Nov. 29.—Barley—No. 2 $1.03; sample 65c@$1.02.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Nov. 29.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points. This was considerable better than due on the showing of European markets, but offerings here were light. The Brazilian news was encouraging and the market recovered the early loss and closed steady net unchanged on a moderate local demand. Sales were reported of 23,500 bags, including December at 5.60c, March at 5.65@5.70c, May at 5.75@5.80c, July at 5.85c, September at 5.90c and October at 5.95c.

Spot market quiet; No. 7 Rio 5⅝c; No. 4 Santos 7⅝c; mild steady; Cordova 9⅝@13¼c.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY
Capital, - - $1,000,000
Surplus, - $1,000,000
210 Fifth Street.
Receives money subject to check; pays interest on time and savings deposits, and performs duties in ALL FIDUCIARY CAPACITIES.

SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK.
Security—Liberality—Courtesy.

Louisville Public Warehouse Company
(Incorporated.)
Storage for Household Goods and General Merchandise.
Private Compartments.
Vaults for Silver and Valuables.
Steel felt-lined trunks furnished free of charge.
Office Brook and Main Sts.

JOHN L. DUNLAP
Member Louisville Stock Exchange. 228 FIFTH STREET.
Investment Securities. Street Railway Issues a Specialty.
WRITE OR CALL FOR ANY STATISTICAL INFORMATION DESIRED.

OWEN TYLER, President. JOHN J. M'HENRY, Vice Pres. J. D. POWERS, Vice Pres. C. W. DIERUF, Cashier.
Third National Bank
SOUTHWEST CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET
SOLICITS YOUR ACCOUNT.

WOOL HIDES Dealers in Dry and Green Beef Hides. Also Green Horse Hides. Ginseng, Yellow Root, Pink Root, Mayapple Root and Feathers.
Sheepskins, Tallow, Beeswax, new and old Feathers, Ginseng, Medical Roots, Wool, Sundried Apples and Peaches, etc. Ship your produce to the Old Reliable House who sell all goods direct to manufacturers. We are agents for the largest tanneries in the country. Being dealers, we do not charge commission. We pay highest market price and make prompt returns. Reference—Any bank or merchant in Louisville. We advise shipment of salt green hides during hot weather.
ISAAC ROSENBAUM & SONS
319, 321 and 323 E. MARKET ST. Tel. 591. Established 1868.

FINANCIAL.
E. E. Paine Chas. S. Williams Geo. L. Bacon
E. E. PAINE & CO.
STOCKS—BONDS—GRAIN—COTTON
216 FIFTH STREET.
Direct Private Wires To All Exchanges.

S. C. Henning & Co.
STOCKS BONDS GRAIN PROVISIONS
MEMBERS New York Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. Louisville Stock Exchange.
226 FIFTH STREET

The Time To Invest.
No mistake can be made in buying good stocks and bonds now. You can get from 5 to 8 per cent. interest. Call on
JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN,
Both Phones 55. 249 FIFTH ST.

Washington Flexner & Co.
Members Louisville Stock Exchange.
Bond and Stock Brokers.
Private Wires to All Markets.
450 W. MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. L. LYONS & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Louisville Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Orders for investment securities executed in all markets.
KELLER BLDG., LOUISVILLE, KY.
49 Exchange Place, New York.

Investment Bonds
Nontaxable Stocks
Traction Securities
HALSEY & HALSEY
225 Fifth st.
Private Wires to New York and Boston.

Bonds and Stocks
Yielding an Income of 4 to 5 per cent.
ALMSTEDT BROTHERS
510 West Main St., Louisville, Ky.
Send for lists.

Kidney and Bladder Troubles
URINARY DISCHARGES RELIEVED IN 24 Hours
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits
ALL DRUGGISTS.

MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75.
Circular sent on request.
BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Specials To-day.

Our "Thanksgiving specials" —continued until store closes to-night.

MEN'S $15 Overcoats and Raincoats for $10.75. HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX Overcoats and genuine PRIESTLEY CRAVENETTE Raincoats.

BOYS' Double-breasted, All-wool Knee Pants Suits; with bloomer trousers; sizes 6 to 17; regular $5 goods for $3.50.

SHIRTS—Levy's Special $1 Soft Shirts for 75c; all kinds of fancy patterns; all sizes.

HATS—Levy's Special $3 Hats for $2.45; all styles, stiff and soft.

GIRLS' "Seminary" Felt Hats; $1.25 goods for 75c—brown, cardinal and blue.

SHOES—Men's and Boys' patent leather, box calf, vici kid and gun metal calf, $2.50 Shoes for $1.93.

Levy's Third & Market.

Members Retail Merchants' Association. Railroad Fares Refunded Until Dec. 14.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

SATURDAY..NOVEMBER 30, 1907

CITY FEATURES.

Winter In Old Mexico.

As a means of enjoying the absolute idealism of Mexico—the tourists' Mecca—modern commercialism has laid out a route and designed a train which brings this wonderful Old World country to within but little more than a two-days' journey of the very center of the New World. The great Mexico-St. Louis Special, which makes its initial trip December 10, leaves St. Louis every Tuesday and Friday Southbound, and, returning, leaves the City of Mexico every Tuesday and Saturday. This magnificent solid through train is a triumph of skill and craft. It is made up entirely of vestibuled Pullman cars—carries sleeping-car passengers only—and all cars, including diner, make the trip through to destination without change.

The Mexico-St. Louis Special is so handsomely and so perfectly appointed that it is well termed "The Train de Luxe of Two Republics"—a veritable traveling palace, affording every convenience and every luxury known to a modern, high-class hotel.

Among its exceptional and exclusive features are barber shop, club cafe and valet service for men; compartment cars—each section a dainty boudoir with cabinet toilet, night light, etc.—for the greater comfort of women, and the dining car, which is never detached from the train, with cozy little stalls for private parties. Service is a la carte and equal to that of the best cafes.

The route of the Mexico-St. Louis Special is over the Iron Mountain, Texas and Pacific, International and Great Northern and National Lines of Mexico.

Those interested in pure milk, butter, ice cream, etc., send for our illustrated descriptive booklet, free. NATIONAL ICE CREAM CO.

NEW PUBLIC LIBRARY READY FOR ACCEPTANCE

BUILDING COMMITTEE TO RECOMMEND ACTION TO-DAY.

FULLY COMPLETED STRUCTURE THOROUGHLY INSPECTED.

NEEDS ONLY FURNITURE NOW.

At a called meeting of the Board of Directors of the Louisville Free Public Library, at noon to-day, the Building Committee will recommend the acceptance of the $300,000 main building, at Fourth avenue and York street, which has been under construction for more than a year. Yesterday the Building Committee, composed of the Rev. Dr. E. Y. Mullins, Owen Tyler, Alfred Brandeis and Arthur Langham, made a thorough inspection of the structure which occupied most of the afternoon. They were accompanied in their tour of the building by L. F. Pilcher, of the New York firm of architects, Pilcher & Tachau, who made the plans and supervised the work on the building.

In the party which went over the building yesterday afternoon was George F. Bodell, who has been superintending the work for John Pierce & Co., the contractors. The building was gone over from top to bottom and end to end. The committee found everything to its satisfaction, and at the meeting of the board to-day at noon will recommend that it be accepted from the contractors and architects.

It will take some little time before the building will be furnished for occupancy. The work of putting in the miles of stacks in the shelves has just begun. The new furniture which will be placed in the building has not yet been ordered, but will be soon. The building itself is complete down to the smallest screw, and all that now stands yet to be done is the installing of the fixtures. After the Building Committee returned yesterday afternoon from their inspection trip they looked at great quantities of hardware samples in an effort to decide upon these articles for the branch buildings.

Flower Mission Report.

[Communicated.]

Our ladies of the mission worked very faithfully and it gave them great pleasure to be able to supply 275 mothers with a good dinner on Thanksgiving. The following sent money, which enabled us to buy coffee, sugar, potatoes, cabbage, flour and meal: A friend, $25; Levy Bros., $5 Mrs. William A. Robinson, $5; Fourth-avenue Presbyterian church, $3; Mrs. J. C. Benedict, $4; second grade of Eighth-ward school, $1.05; Twenty-eighth and Elliott-street school, $1.07; Mrs. Moody, Mrs. H. A. Dumesnil, a friend, each $1; another friend 50c. The following sent clothing and provisions: Mrs. L. C. Woolfolk, Mrs. R. H. Venable, Miss Robinia Taylor, Mrs. Clarence Turner, the kindergarten of the Semple Collegiate School, Miss Pauline Roeler, Mrs. Butterweck and three friends. The following schools remembered us very kindly: Center and Walnut, Second and Gray, Monsarrat, Eighth ward, Twenty-eighth and Elliott. The following florists donated flowers: F. Walker, A. R. Baumer, C. B. Thompson and Nanz & Neuner.

Important Change In Time.

Effective Sunday, December 1, train No. 6, Louisville and Nashville railroad, for Cincinnati, will leave at 5 p. m. daily instead of 5:05 p. m. from Union Station.

Train No. 52 for Bloomfield will leave First-street Station at 5:15 p. m. daily instead of 5 p. m.

Train No. 12, leaving First-street Station at 5:40 p. m., will, on and after that date, be discontinued.

HIS RELATIVES

Bequeathed Large Estate By Asher G. Caruth.

PROPERTY HAS VALUATION OF ABOUT $150,000.

FRAUD CHARGED AGAINST THE HEIRS OF BISIG ESTATE.

WATER COMPANY AGAIN SUED.

According to the terms of the will of Judge Asher G. Caruth, which went to probate in the County Court yesterday, an estate believed to be worth about $150,000 is disposed of. The instrument was executed June 15, 1905, in the testator's own hand, which was proven by Mace Leiber, a former law partner of Judge Caruth, and S. Oppenheimer.

Judge Caruth provides that the property of his wife, Mrs. Ella T. Caruth, which upon her death she had willed to him, should go to her surviving brothers and sisters, J. Moss Terry, Eugene M. Terry, Maria D. Boyce and Mary E. Tilford. However, the share of J. Moss Terry is limited to $500. It is also directed that the other bequests made by Mrs. Caruth in a will written July, 1904, be carried out. As a matter of fact, these bequests were carried out some time ago, and the will by which Judge Caruth received his wife's total property was never probated. Mrs. Caruth's will provided that her property should go first to her husband, and, at his death, to the legatees who have now received her property.

Judge Caruth leaves his life insurance to Maria D. Boyce. His interest in the business of the firm of Caruth, Chatterson & Blitz is given his law partners, J. M. Coatterson and S. S. Blitz. The testator provides that the body of his wife be removed and placed by his side in the H. C. Caruth lot in Cave Hill cemetery. A monument not costing more than $3,000 shall be erected over the lot. The rest of the property goes to his brothers, Henry C. Caruth and George W. Caruth, and niece, Hattie Caruth Steer. Should these legatees wish, they may carry out the provisions of a will written by the testator February 15, 1904. The character of these provisions are not made known.

J. Moss Terry is named executor, without bond.

Family Dispute Over Farm.

Charging threats and undue influence on the part of her uncle, Joseph Bisig, over her grandfather, Mathias Bisig, Viola Schuler, a granddaughter, yesterday afternoon brought suit through her statutory guardian, Edwin C. Schuler, to invalidate the deed to a farm said to be worth $20,000 which she avers her uncle wrongfully secured from her grandfather. Angelina Bisig, wife of Zachary Bisig, a son of the original owner of the farm, Mathias Bisig, also joins Viola Schuler as a plaintiff. Mrs. Angelina Bisig says that she sues in the name of her husband, who has deserted her. The property involved is a farm near St. Matthews station.

The plaintiffs also charge that Theresia Bisig, the second wife of Mathias Bisig, whom it is averred he married when "he was a feeble old man," co-operated and assisted Joseph Bisig in his alleged wrongful persuasion. A daughter of Mrs. Theresia Bisig by a former husband, the petition states, is married to Joseph Bisig.

It is charged that on August 22, 1907, Mathias Bisig deeded to Joseph Bisig the property for $10,000, allowing him to pay it off at the rate of $1,000 a year. It is charged that by this transaction the shares of the plaintiffs in the estate of Mathias Bisig were materially diminished.

Sues To Enforce Contract.

The Coliseum Amusement Company sued F. H. Bruens, who is in business at Third avenue and Avery street, to compel him to pay $225 as a bonus said to have been promised the plaintiff. It is averred that the bonus was to have been forthcoming from the defendant at the rate of $150 a year for five years in consideration of the establishment of the Coliseum on Fourth avenue. Recently Bruens and other trades people in the neighborhood of the Coliseum had sued to rescind their contracts for bonus claiming that the Coliseum had only been established for a skating rink and not a place for national gatherings as had been represented to them. Judge Miller held that Bruens and his colleagues had no cause of action, but that they could raise their plea in defense of any suit to collect the bonus. The Coliseum Amusement Company now proposes to make the collection by suit, representing that there had been no deception on their part.

Tax Claim Against Oakdale.

W. M. Probst has brought suit against the town of Highland Park and the city of Oakdale, asking that the town of Highland Park be ordered to levy a tax on property within its original limits west of the east line of First street, and that the city of Oakdale be restrained from levying and collecting a tax on any property within the same boundary. The plaintiff alleges that the town of Highland Park is indebted to him in the sum of $214.60, as evidenced by a judgment rendered in 1895, and that the town has no funds. He states that at the time the judgment was rendered several blocks lying west of the east line of First street, including more than one mile of the Grand boulevard, in Oakdale, were within the corporate limits of the town of Highland Park, and that it is still liable as a taxing district on the judgment in his favor.

Water Company Sued Again.

L. P. Tanner, revenue agent, yesterday afternoon, through his attorneys, Gregory & McHenry, sued the Louisville Water Company and Capt. Frank Board of Waterworks of the city for State and county taxes amounting to $38,382.06, said to be due this year and unpaid. The action is similar to one brought about a year ago, and raises the same legal points as that involves. It is contended by the relator that a large part of the property of the defendant corporation is not used for public purposes. The plaintiff also relies on certain decisions formerly delivered by the Court of Appeals.

Injured By Strike Sympathizers.

William M. Scott sued the Louisville Railway Company for $10,000 as damages. The plaintiff states through his petition filed by his attorneys, Greene & Tilford, that he was a passenger on the Fourth-avenue car which, on November 25, at Fourth avenue and Breckinridge street, was subjected to such a severe bombardment at the hands of strike sympathizers. He says that a stone thrown by a member of the mob struck him on the head, inflicting severe injury. The company is blamed for having failed to have afforded the plaintiff proper protection.

Back Tax Cases.

The following confessed judgment for back taxes on omitted personalty valuations in the County Court yesterday:

John D. Jansing, $350 for five years; Louisville Dental Depot, $750 for two years; $250 for two years, and $1,000 for one year. Kautt & Sass, $800 for one year; $200 for one year; $500 for two years, and $800 for two years. Louisville Gerth and Blanket Mills, $2,000 for one year; $1,000 for two years. W. L. Lyons & Co., $15,500 for one year and $15,132 for one year.

Court Paragraphs.

—Mary J. Jennings petitioned to adopt William C. Berry, the six-year-old child of Rose Berry.

—Rachel Ashton sued John E. Ashton for divorce, charging abandonment. They were married August 2, 1903.

—The Interstate Car Transfer Company sued the Ohio Falls Varnish Company for $232.50, said to be due for freight.

—Kate Layson sued the Louisville Railway Company for $5,000, alleging that she was hurt while getting on a car.

—Ida Kilvington sued the Northwestern Life Assurance Company and others for $100.60, said to be due on a policy.

—Virgil Cecil sued the Louisville Railway Company for $3,000. He was hurt in a collision between a car and a wagon.

—George Straeffer sued the Louisville Railway Company for $5,000, alleging that he was hurt while getting off a car.

—Joseph Zimmerer sued the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company and Louisville Railway Company for $5,000 on account of personal injuries.

—Martin Stocker sued the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company and Louisville Railway Company for $5,000. The plaintiff, while a passenger on a car of the first named defendant, says he was injured in a collision with a city car.

—The administratrix of Cleophas Payne sued the Illinois Central Railroad Company for $20,000, charging that the decedent was run over and killed by a train.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

L. and N. Railroad Company vs. W. C. Cox—Filed November 15, 1907.—(Not to be reported)—Appeal from Kenton Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, reversing.

Railroad — Injury to Brakeman—Negligence of the Plaintiff.—This action for injury to a brakeman in switching cars is reversed upon the evidence which shows that the plaintiff was injured by his own negligence, under which the trial court should have awarded the defendant a peremptory instruction.

Benjamin D. Warfield, Shelley D. Rouse for appellant; B. F. Graziani, James P. Tarvin for appellee.

Warren Smith vs. Illinois Central Railroad Company—Filed November 8, 1907—(Not to be reported)—Appeal from Grayson Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Carroll, reversing.

Railroads—Erecting Engine on Public Highway — Frightening Horses—Injury Thereby — Liability for Damages.—A railroad company is liable in an action for damages by one injured by his horse taking fright from a stationary steam engine erected by such company on a public highway.

O'Meara & James for appellant; J. S. Wortham, Trabue, Doolan & Cox for appellee.

Thurman vs. Western Union Telegraph Co.—Filed Nov. 15, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court, 1st C. P. Div. Opinion of the court by Judge Settle.

Telegram—Action Against Company for Failure to Deliver—Pleading.—In this action for failure to deliver a telegram, the petition is defective in not disclosing that he was at the point where the telegram was sent at the time of its receipt there, or where he was when the news of his child's condition reached him, and in view of this defect a demurrer was properly sustained to it.

O'Neal & O'Neal, Isaac T. Woodson for appellant; Richards & Ronald, George H. Fearons for appellee.

Fluty and Spaulding vs. Commonwealth. —Filed Nov. 20, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Martin Circuit Court. Opinion of the Court by Judge Lassing, affirming.

First—Aiding Prisoner to Escape.—It is not necessary that the guilt of the prisoner be established in order to convict one for aiding in his escape from an officer having the prisoner in custody. It is sufficient if the prisoner is in the custody of an officer and charged with a misdemeanor.

Second—Indictments—Substantial Compliance with the Language of the Statute.—This court has uniformly held that it is sufficient if the indictment substantially follows the wording of the statute.

A. Copley, W. T. Cain, W. R. McCoy for appellants; N. B. Hays, Attorney General, Charles H. Morris for appellee.

Rogers vs. Allen.—Filed November 15, 1907—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Carlisle Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, affirming.

Attachments — Exemptions.—The proof shows that appellant at the time of the attachment levy had sufficient property allowed him by the statute to support himself and family for twelve months, and it further shows that he failed to account on the trial of the case for this property. He was not entitled, therefore, to have certain exemptions set aside to him as a result of the attached property.

Shelbourne & Smith, for appellant; John R. Kane, for appellee.

Underwood vs. Commonwealth.—Filed November 15, 1907—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Barren Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice O'Rear, affirming.

First—Attorneys at Law.—The continued possession of character is as essential to maintain one's relation as an attorney at law as it is to have it in the first instance to be admitted.

Second—Same—Disbarment of.—Appellant was disbarred as an attorney after he was convicted of the offense of illegally selling liquor. His response to the proceeding was held not to be good, he merited the punishment received, there was no abuse of discretion on the part of the lower court and his judgment will not be disturbed.

Thos. D. Underwood, for appellant; N. B. Hays, Attorney General, C. H. Morris, for appellee.

Layne, etc., vs. Sharp—Filed November 15, 1907—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Johnson Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, reversing.

Actions—Process—Service of—Jurisdiction.—The action of the lower court in quashing the service of the process on the appellee was error, for the reason that Section 63, Civil Code, applies to all officers in the State, and the fact that appellee was a Federal officer does not exempt him from the provisions of this section.

Rufus S. Dinkle and Watt M. Pritchard for appellants; Proctor K. Malin for appellee.

Troutwine vs. Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company—Filed November 13 1907—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Bullitt Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, reversing.

Railroads—Action Against for Damages for Killing Stock—Instructions.—In this action by appellant for damages for the killing of his stock, an instruction by the court which placed the burden on him of proving that the killing was negligently and carelessly done was erroneous, because the statute makes such killing prima facie evidence of negligence and places the burden upon the defendant when the killing is admitted or proven.

Chapeze & Halstead for appellant; Benjamin D. Warfield, Fairleigh, Straus & Fairleigh for appellee.

A DISFIGURING ITCHING ECZEMA

Spread from Body to Face—Sufferer Was Ashamed to Go Out—Scales Formed and Her Skin Became Parched and Highly Discolored.

WAS CURED BY CUTICURA AFTER YEAR OF TORTURE

"I was suffering with eczema for a year and had tried all kinds of medical treatment but without any results. Small pimples broke out around my waist-line and where the clothing was tight on the body. These pimples began to enlarge and thicken until they formed in patches. Then it worked upward until my face was covered. At first I did not notice it much until I became warm from working. Then it seemed almost unbearable as the parts seemed inflamed and itched so that I could hardly keep from scratching it all the time. The places were rather scaly and became moist when rubbed. Afterward the skin seemed parched and highly discolored. I remained indoors as I was ashamed to be out in company. I had suffered for about seven months before I tried Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills. After I had used them a week, I found great relief and I continued for five weeks, not missing a single day and now you could not tell I had ever had eczema. My complexion is as good, if not better than ever, and I cannot find words sufficient to do the Cuticura Remedies justice. Minnie Hutchins, La[illegible]e, Kan., Apr. 19 and 30, 1907."

CURED 28 YEARS AGO

Of Running Sores on the Head by Cuticura.

"When I was about eight years old, I think, my entire head was a mass of running sores that discharged awfully. They had to cut all my hair off. I took doctors' medicines but they did me no good, so some one told my mother to try Cuticura, so she did, and it cured me. I am thirty-six now, but the humor has never returned. Mrs. Lillian E. Milikin, 8 Vernon St., Providence, R. I., May 9, 1907."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.) (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

STRIKE SYMPATHIZERS

TURN OUT TO BE MEMBERS OF TROUBLESOME PORTLAND GANG.

In Juvenile Court Judge Peter Lectures Them Severely, Promising Dire Things Next Time.

Seven alleged strike sympathizers ranging in age from eight to fifteen years were presented before Judge Arthur Peter yesterday in the Juvenile Court. Upon inquiry it was found that they represent a good proportion of the membership of a Portland-avenue "gang," which has been giving some of the residents in that locality a touch of high life by their antics lately. They made the occasion of the street-car strike an excuse for pelting a car with toy torpedoes.

Some of the torpedoes were also put on the tracks and for about three thrilling seconds the passengers and crew thought that they had run into a fusillade of bullets from the weapons of infuriated strikers. They were both relieved and much angered when they found the real cause of trouble. At a sign from their leader the boys vanished into empty space. However, the patrolmen on that beat when they received a report of the transaction immediately suspected the guilty ones. It was not long before the young offenders were rounded up.

An examination of their history cards showed Judge Peter that all of the boys had been in the Juvenile Court before when Judge Wilson was in office. Judge Peter gave them a very pointed lecture as to their duties toward society in general and their neighbors in particular. He shook his head ominously when he ordered the boys put on probation and declared: "The next time you boys show up here you'll not get off so lightly."

DID PRISONERS FAST AS JUDGE ATE HIS LUNCHEON?

Judge McGee Shows Much Consideration For Defendants At Bar of Police Court.

Judge McGee, of the Police Court, made a decided hit yesterday afternoon, when, immediately upon resuming the sessions of the court, which had been adjourned in the morning for lunch, he asked with some anxiety whether the prisoners whose cases had been thus delayed had been properly fed in the interim.

"Ever since I adjourned the court this morning," said the Judge, "this matter has been preying on my mind. I hope that while I have been lunching these men and women have not been obliged to go without food. I shall never again adjourn court for luncheon and leave the court room, but shall remain in court until midnight if necessary until all the cases have been heard."

Upon being informed that the prisoners had been properly provided for Judge McGee's qualms of conscience were quieted and he permitted the business of the court to continue.

Oldsmobile Company Incorporates.

The Oldsmobile Company of Kentucky incorporated yesterday with a capitalization of $20,000, divided into shares of $50 each. The maximum debt is $20,000. The incorporators and their respective holdings are: W. E. Stokes, Lansing Mich., 101 shares; W. F. Glenn, Jr., 199 shares; L. Markel, New York, 100 shares.

Come To-day. We Open Toyland.



Toys
Dolls
Books
Games

Bring Your Little Folks to See the Christmas Things.

With the memory of the Thanksgiving turkey, the plum pudding, the pumpkin pie, and all the other goodies still fresh in mind, the thoughts of all now turn to Christmas. So to-day we throw open

The Biggest Toy, Doll, Game and Book Department in Louisville.

Almost the entire basement has been turned into headquarters for Santa Claus. It's a perfect Toyland. There are lifelike dolls that can do everything but talk, toys and games of every sort, picture books for wee tots and books of romance and adventure to thrill boys and girls. Everything is here that is dear to the heart of the little people and that will bring them joy.

We want you to bring your little folks to-day and as often as possible from now until Christmas and let them enjoy all these things that will go into Santa's pack on Christmas eve.

We have spared no pains to make assortments the broadest and our prices the lowest you will find anywhere. It's always best to make your selection early—no better time than right now when everything is at its best.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS Co.
FOURTH AVENUE INCORPORATED MARKET STREET



AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS

Used Cars, standard makes, best condition; lowest prices ever quoted.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED LIST.

KY. AUTO. CO., Louisville, Ky.



KNOX WATERLESS

2 or 4-passenger, with top, complete $350

Special Notice

EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, DEC. 1, 1907.

The stop at First-street Elevated Station, Louisville, will be discontinued by all trains of the "Big Four Route." Take trains at Seventh street Depot.

Ticket Office 259 Fourth avenue.

S. J. GATES, General Agent.

OPIUM CURE

Morphine, Cocaine, Opium and all Drug Habits positively and painlessly cured without loss of time from business by the James Home Cure for Drug Habits, a product of the famous James Sanatorium. Over 14,000 cases cured. Trial treatment free under plain cover. Write in confidence for booklet, under plain cover.

JAMES SANATORIUM, Memphis, Tenn.

Tone and Touch
DE PACHMANN says
"The Baldwin Piano
has a tone and touch LIKE NO OTHER. It is a MAGNIFICENT INSTRUMENT. I play two recitals on it with less fatigue than one on any other piano I have ever used."

We invite inspection, comparison and expert criticism.

Considering the QUALITY they are NOT COSTLY.

Sold by the makers,

D. H. Baldwin & Co.
529-531 Fourth Avenue.

Watches For Christmas.

Can you imagine a better or more acceptable Holiday Gift than a handsome Watch? We handle nothing but the best American and Swiss makes, from the elaborate split second to the most dainty Chatelaine. Watch Chains, Fobs, Charms and fine watch repairing.

WM. KENDRICK'S SONS,
Established 1832.
The Jewelers 336 Fourth Avenue.

Railroad Fares Rebated.
R. M. A. Plan.

Southern Railway

Is the Shortest Line to

St. Louis, Evansville, Atlanta, Chattanooga, Lexington

And Points West and South.

TWO TRAINS DAILY.

SLEEPING CARS—DINING CARS.

Ticket Offices 234 Fourth Avenue and Seventh Street Station.

FLOWERS FOR THE DEBUTANTES.

VIOLETS, VALLEY and BEAUTIES

Prompt Service. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

C. B. Thompson,
632 FOURTH AVE.

Jos. McWilliams & Co.
(Incorporated)
ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS
Louisville, Ky.

Complete Power Installations —Steam, Electric, Hydraulic

Heating and Ventilation
Refrigeration
Machinery and Supplies

Wintersmith's Tonic cures colds.

The Klauber Shop

THE STANDARD FOR QUALITY and STYLE.

A veritable Exposition of beautiful and artistic things

We are showing a large variety of lovely pieces at small prices.

Your inspection and comparison of prices invited.

Klauber's, 340 4th Ave.

5 PER CENT. NET

Our First Mortgage Real Estate Gold Bonds never depreciate nor fluctuate, but are always worth face value in GOLD COIN. Before making a loan we carefully inspect the property, investigate the borrower and insure the title to the real estate offered as security.

Each loan is independent of all others and rests on a specific piece of property, which may be examined by our customers before purchasing.

No complications and no connection between bondholders. Millions of these bonds have been issued, bought and sold in this city without the loss of a dollar.

LOUISVILLE TITLE COMPANY.
234 Fifth Street.

A Choice Box of
Cut Flowers
Or a beautiful
PLANT
Makes a most acceptable
CHRISTMAS GIFT
Let me have your order early
AUG. R. BAUMER,
FLORIST,
Masonic Temple, Fourth and Chest. BOTH PHONES.
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUT-OF-TOWN ORDERS.

HARRY I. WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Jobbers and Dealers in
Electrical Supplies.
Complete Line. Prompt Shipments.
Long Distance Telephone 2681 Main.

J. D. Powers, President; Matt O'Doherty, First Vice Pres.; Darwin W. Johnson, Sec. and Treas.

Commonwealth Life Insurance Company

Home Office, 308 W. Chestnut St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Offers to the People of Kentucky

THE MOST LIBERAL POLICY

That is issued by any company.

Dividends Are Guaranteed

And plainly stated in the policy. Let us explain this contract to you.

Address the Secretary.

Get Wintersmith's Tonic. It has "made good."

L&N LOW HOMESEEKERS RATES
To Points South and Southwest

Oklahoma City, Okla.	$30.30	Dallas, Texas	$32.00
El Reno, Okla.	31.10	El Paso, Texas	38.50
Lawton, Okla.	32.00	Fort Worth, Texas	32.00
Shawnee, Okla.	30.30	San Antonio, Texas	32.00
Tulsa, I. T.	26.75	Waco, Texas	32.00
Muskogee, I. T.	26.75	New Orleans, La.	21.00
Amarillo, Texas	32.00	Mobile, Ala.	19.75
Corpus Christi, Texas	32.00	Pensacola, Fla.	19.75

DATES OF SALE
December 3 and 17, 1907

These tickets are on sale also to many other points in the South and Southwest. Homeseekers tickets are first-class and are good returning, thirty days from date of sale. For Further information call on or address

City Ticket Office, 410 Fourth Avenue
PHONES 258



"Economist"

Stoves and Ranges are the highest grade of Stoves and Ranges made, and are fully guaranteed.

Ask your dealer for them and have no other.

We also make a full line of Airtight and Open-front Heating Stoves, Mantels, Grates and Fireplace Furniture.

BRIDGEFORD & CO.
Incorporated.
1939 to 1951 Portland Ave.
WHOLESALE ONLY. LOUISVILLE, - KENTUCKY.



SUPPLIES FOR MILLS, MINES, FACTORIES.

Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus.
Hand and Power Pumps.
Steam Pumps.
Engine and Boiler Trimmings.
Pipe, Valves and Fittings.
Hose, Belting and Packing.
Tools and Metals.
General line Brass and Iron Goods for water, gas and steam work.

The Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co.
Branch House, New Orleans, La. (Incorporated) LOUISVILLE, KY.

FOX RIDGE COAL

$16 Per 100 Bushels

We are interested not only in having your orders, but in giving the public good service and the best coal on the market. Should this not entitle us to your patronage?

Scanlon Coal Company.
(Incorporated)
Only Local Dealers Handling Original Straight Creek.

In Some Brands of Cutlery You MAY Find SOME Pieces Good.

In Primble— It's ALL Good.

INDIA PRIMBLE STEEL WORKS

BELKNAP HDW. & MFG. CO.
(INCORPORATED)
THIS PROTECTS YOU. Louisville, K.

"KY. STAR" BRAND

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY BUY YOUR FLOORING FROM

KY. HARDWOOD FLOORING CO.

Quartered Oak.
Plain Oak.
Select Oak.

Write or Telephone for Prices

OUR "KY. STAR BRAND" IS PERFECT.

WHY SUFFER FROM A COLD OR LA GRIPPE? WINTERSMITH'S TONIC WILL CURE YOU.